

April 17, 2024

Planning, Permitting & Engineering Services Iowa Department of Natural Resources Wallace State Office Building Attn: Mike Sullivan 502 East 9th Street Des Moines, IA 50319-0034

Re: Cedar Rapids Water Pollution Control Facilities Monofill

Permit #57-SDP-07-85P

Financial Assurance Submittal

Dear Mr. Sullivan,

Enclosed is the financial assurance documentation for year 2023 for the Cedar Rapids Water Pollution Control Facilities' monofill.

If you have any questions, please let me know.

Sincerely,

Jason A. Decker

Utilities Environmental and Compliance Program Manager

City of Cedar Rapids

Water Pollution Control Facilities

(319)286-5901

cc: Doug Luzbetak, HLW Engineering



Municipal Solid Waste Sanitary Landfill Financial Assurance Report Form

SECTION 1: FACILITY INFORMATION

(please print or type)

Information Requested

Cedar Rapids Water Pollution Control Facilities Ash

Facility Name: Monofill Permit Number: 57-SDP-07-085P

Permitted Agency/Entity: City of Cedar Rapids

Section 2: Closure/Postclosure or Corrective Action Cost Estimates

Information Requested	Cost Estimate	Date of Cost Estimate	
Updated Closure Cost Estimate	\$ 469,500	1/9/2024	
Updated Postclosure Cost Estimate	\$ 540,000	1/9/2024	
Initial or Updated Corrective Action Cost Estimate	\$		

^{*}Attach closure/postclosure cost estimate(s) signed and certified by an Iowa-licensed professional engineer. Cost estimates shall include, at a minimum, each of the cost line items defined in 113.14(3)"c" for closure and 113.14(4)"c" for postclosure. Please provide closure and/or postclosure site area acreage information with the estimates.

Provide a cost estimate for corrective action only if corrective action is required and a corrective action plan has been approved by the Department. Attach the corrective action cost estimate signed and certified by an lowa-licensed professional engineer. The cost estimate shall account for total costs of the activities described in the approved corrective action plan for the corrective action period.

SECTION 3: FACILITY WASTE TONNAGE INFORMATION

TOWN STANCE TO WAS ELECTRICATED IN THE STANCE THE STANC	
Information Requested	Tons
Remaining permitted capacity as of the beginning of permit holder's current fiscal year	15,087
Amount of waste disposed of at the facility during the prior year	2,310

SECTION 4: PROOF OF COMPLIANCE

Publicly Owned Municipal Solid Waste Landfills (ATTACH AUDIT REPORT) Owner's Most Recent Annual Audit Report Prepared by: Finance Department For fiscal year ending: 2023

Privately Owned Municipal Solid Waste Landfills

(ATTACH AFFIDAVIT)

Attach owner/operator's affidavit indicating that an annual review has been performed by a certified public accountant to determine whether the privately owned landfill is in compliance with IAC 567 Chapter 113. The affidavit shall state the name of the certified public accountant, the dates and conclusions of the review, and the steps taken to rectify any deficiencies identified by the accountant.

SECTION 5: FINANCIAL ASSURANCE INSTRUMENT

Type and Value of Financial Assurance Instrument(s) (ATTACH INSTRUMENT(S))

Assurance Instrument	Establishment Date	Mechanism Covers	Instrument Value*
		Closure 🗌	
Trust Fund 567 IAC 113.14(6)"a"		Postclosure 🗌	\$
		Corrective Action	
		Closure	
Surety Bond 567 IAC 113.14(6)"b"		Postclosure 🗌	\$
307 I/C 113.14(0) b		Corrective Action	
6.0 11		Closure 🗌	
Letter of Credit 567 IAC 113.14(6)"c"		Postclosure 🗌	\$
307 IAC 113.14(0) C		Corrective Action 🗌	
		Closure 🗌	
Insurance 567 IAC 113.14(6)"d"		Postclosure 🗌	\$
307 IAC 113.14(0) d		Corrective Action	
		Closure 🗌	
Corporate Financial Test 567 IAC 113.14(6)"e"		Postclosure 🗌	\$
307 IAC 113.14(0) E		Corrective Action 🗌	
		Closure 🗌	
Local Gov't. Financial Test 567 IAC 113.14(6)"f"	June 30, 2023	Postclosure	\$ 1,009,500
307 IAC 113.14(0) 1		Corrective Action 🗌	
		Closure 🗌	
Corporate Guarantee 567 IAC 113.14(6)"g"		Postclosure	\$
307 IAC 113.14(0) B		Corrective Action	
		Closure 🗌	
Local Gov't Guarantee 567 IAC 113.14(6)"h"		Postclosure 🗌	\$
307 IAC 113.14(0) II		Corrective Action 🗌	
		Closure 🗌	
Local Gov't. Dedicated Fund 567 IAC 113.14(6)"i"		Postclosure 🗌	\$
307 IAC 113.14(0) 1		Corrective Action 🗌	
		reserved to pay for closure, postclosure or	
the amount of the financial ass	urance instrument may be	reduced by the sum of the cash balance of	the account(s) established to

Section 6: Initial Proof of Establishment of Accounts

Check Which Applies:	New Mechanism	Previously Submitted
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Pursuant to IAC 567 Chapter 113.14(8)"f", documentation of the establishment of accounts is to be submitted to the department by April 1, 2003 for currently permitted MSWLFs. Permit holders for MSWLFs permitted after April 1, 2003, shall submit documentation of the establishment of accounts prior to the MSWLF's initial receipt of waste.

comply with subrule 113.14(8).

Please attach documentation indicating accounts/fund have been established for closure and postclosure care and if the account(s) are restricted/reserved for closure or postclosure care. Examples of documentation include bank statements for closure/postclosure accounts, letter signed by the chief financial officer, letter from certified public accountant, etc.

Accounts established pursuant to paragraph 113.14(6)"a" for trust funds or paragraph 113.14(6)"i" for local government dedicated funds also satisfies the requirements of this subrule, and the permit holder shall not be required to establish additional closure and postclosure accounts.

SECTION 7: CLOSURE AND POSTCLOSURE ACCOUNTS

Completion of the following closure and postclosure account information complies with the annual financial statement requirements of IAC 567 113.14(3)"a" and 113.14(4)"a" by indicating the current balance(s) of the closure/postclosure account(s) or dedicated/trust fund and the projected amount(s) to be deposited in the account(s).

Under "Beginning Balance", please state the account/fund balance 30 days after the start of the previous fiscal year, for "Ending Balance", indicate the account balance 30 days after the close of the previous fiscal year, and for "Projected Deposit", indicate the amount to be deposited within 30 days of the close of the permit holder's fiscal year.

Information Requested	Beginning Balance	Ending Balance	Projected Deposit
Closure Account Balance (see formula below)	\$	\$	\$
Postclosure Account Balance (see formula below)	\$	\$	\$
	Or		
Dedicated Fund Balance (see formula below)	\$	\$	\$
Trust Fund Balance (see formula below)	\$	\$	\$

Formula for Projected Deposits

Closure or Postclosure Account

Where "CE" is the closure or postclosure cost estimate, "CB" is the balance 30 days after close of the previous fiscal year, "RPC" is the remaining permitted capacity in tons, of the landfill from the beginning of the current fiscal year, and "TR" is the total number of tons of solid waste disposed in the prior year.

Dedicated/Trust Fund

Where "CE" is the closure or postclosure cost estimate, "CB" is the balance 30 days after close of the previous fiscal year, and "Y" is number of years remaining in the pay-in period.

If needed, the space below can be used to show calculations for projected deposits

The second secon			
Closure	Postclosure		

SECTION 8: PERMIT HOLDER ENDORSEMENT

Submittal of this completed and endorsed form along with all required documentation establishes Notification and Proof of Permit Holder Compliance with IAC 567 Chapter 113.

Name of Official: Roy Hesemann		Title:	Utilities Director
Agency/Entity: City of Cedar Rapids Water Pollution Contro	ol Facilities		
Address: 7525 Bertram Rd SE			
City: Cedar Rapids	State: IA		Zip: 524037111
Telephone: (319) 286-5972	Fax:		
Email Address: r.hesemann@cedar-rapids.org			
Signature of Official:			Date: 4/17/2024

Questions? Contact Bill Blum at (515) 240-6048 or Bill.Blum@dnr.iowa.gov

Authority

The following calculations are based on rules published in 567 IAC Chapter 115.31, "Industrial monofill sanitary landfill financial assurance". This analysis is based on assuming a worst case scenario regarding closure of the monofill and assuming <u>all</u> work associated with closure and postclosure is performed by a third party (i.e., not by City staff), as per Regulations. **Note that costs are based on actual costs and therefore adjustments for inflation were determined not to be applicable in this closure/postclosure cost estimate.**

Introduction

The CRWPCF Ash Monofill originally consisted of two ash disposal areas referred to as the North Lagoon and the South Lagoon. The original operation was for ash to be deposited in the lagoons, allowed to dewater, and removed for beneficial use at which time additional ash would be placed in the lagoons.

Accumulated ash was removed from the South Lagoon in 2011 and a lined dispoal area meeting EPA Subtitle D requirements was constructed in 2011 in the original south ash lagoon footprint. Accumulated ash was removed from the North Lagoon in 2013 and a lined disposal area meeting EPA Subtitle D requirements was constructed in 2016 in a portion of the original north ash lagoon footprint.

The approved Closure/Postclosure Plan for the monofill details the closure process as follows:

- (1) All ash will be excavated from the lagoons and properly disposed of.
- (2) All drainage layer material, rock, soil, protective cover, liner material, piping, manholes, and other infrastructure will be removed and properly disposed of.

Closure Cost Estimate

Closure costs for the North and South Lagoons include removal of accumulated ash, removal of the rock, soil, and concrete protective layers, removal of the sand drainage layer, removal of the soil base liner, removal of the flexible membrane liner(s) and various other geocomposites, and removal of piping, manholes, and other appurtenances. The area that will be disturbed by removal of the North and South Lagoons and infrastructure is approximately 5.2 acres. Cost of ash removal and disposal based on the current contracted price of \$36.00/ton. Note that this cost will be adjusted annually based on the current price for ash removal/disposal.

Ash Removal	9,600 tons	\$36.00 /ton	\$345,600
Infrastructure Removal and Regrading			\$50,000
Seeding and Mulching	5.2 acre	\$1,500 /acre	\$7,800
Erosion Control/SWPPP	5.2 acre	\$1,000 /acre	\$5,200
		Total _	\$408,600
		Add a 10% contingency	\$40,900
	Clea	n Closure Documentation	\$20,000
		Total Closure Cost _	\$469,500

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Postclosure Cost Estimate

Since the facility anticipates all material and infrastructure being removed upon closure, semi-annual inspections will not be required during the postclosure period. Water quality reporting, monitoring well sampling, and monitoring well testing will be continued throughout the postclosure period. Assume these items will be of the same frequency, type, and method as at present. Assume costs associated with reporting, monitoring well sampling, and monitoring well testing are:

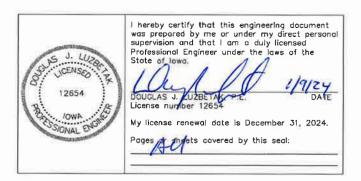
Annual Water	Quality Report			\$5,200
Monitoring W	ell Sampling and Testing			
	Assume monitoring well sam dated October 29, 2021. Estir			ermit
	April*	10 tests	\$175 /test	\$1,800
	October*	10 tests	\$175 /test	\$1,800
	* 9 sampling poi	nts and 1 duplicate		
	Sampling costs are estimate	d to be:		
	April			\$2,100
	October			\$2,100
Total, Monito	ring Well Sampling and Testi	ng		\$7,800
The postclosure costs m	ust be adjusted annually as a Financial Assurance postclos		ssurance.	\$1,000
Assume financial and m	iscellaneous costs are approx	imately \$4,000 per	year.	\$4,000

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Financial Assurance Calculations

C	0	S	u	r	e

	North and South Lagoons		_	\$469,500
Postclosu	re (annual)			
	Water Quality Reporting			\$5,200
	Monitoring Well Sampling and Testing			\$7,800
	Financial Assurance			\$1,000
	Financial and Miscellaneous Costs			\$4,000
			_	\$18,000
Estimated	Postclosure Costs - Total			
	\$18,000 /year	30	years \$	540,000



MUNICIPAL SOLID WASTE SANITARY LANDFILL LOCAL GOVERNMENT FINANCIAL TEST & CFO LETTER

April 3, 2024

Iowa Department of Natural Resources Planning, Permitting & Engineering Services Wallace State Office Building 502 East 9th Street Des Moines, IA 50319

Dear Sir or Madam:

I am the acting chief financial officer for City of Cedar Rapids, herein referred to as the "Owner". This letter is in support of the Owner's use of the Financial Test to demonstrate financial assurance for closure and/or postclosure care costs, as specified in IAC 567 Chapter 113.14(3) and 113.14(4).

The Owner is the owner and operator of the following municipal solid waste sanitary landfill(s) for which financial assurance for closure and/or postclosure care is demonstrated through the financial test, as specified in IAC 567 Chapter 113.14(6)"f":

Facility Name: <u>Cedar Rapids Water Pollution Control Facilities Landfill</u>
Address: 7525 Bertram Rd. S.E., Cedar Rapids, IA 52403-7111

Permit No: <u>57-SDP-85P</u>

The current closure and/or postclosure care cost estimate, in accordance with IAC 567 Chapter 113.14(3) and 113.14(4), are shown below for each facility coved by the Financial Test:

Closure cost to be assured: \$ 469,500 Postclosure cost to be assured: \$ 540,000

The Owner meets or exceeds the financial test criteria as shown below in [insert Alternative I or Alternative II] and agrees to comply with the requirements, as specified in subrule 113.14(6)"f".

[Note: Fill in and attach either Alternative I if meeting the bond ratings or Alternative II if meeting the financial ratios of IAC 567 113.14(6) "f"(1)]

As acting chief financial officer for the Owner, I hereby certify that the information provided in this letter is true to the best of my knowledge and that this letter is being submitted in accordance with IAC 567 Chapter 113.14(6)"f" for the Local Government Financial Test.

Signature: Oy Hoen

Name: Andy Hoenig, General Accounting Manager Date: 04-03-2024

The figures for the following items are derived from the Owner's independently audited, year-end financial statements/audit report for the latest completed fiscal year, ended 2023.

Alternative I

1. Sum of the current closure and/or postclosure cost estimates being assured by the Financial Test	\$1,009,500	\$974,600)
	From most recent annual auditor's report	From 2 nd most recent annual auditor's report	
2. Total Revenues	\$45,633,628	\$38,610,	289
3. Total Expenditures	\$25,707,527*	\$25,962,	625*
4. Current bond rating of most recent outstanding general obligation bonds	Aa1	Aal	
	第5 章 第		# 41
Must be able to answer "Yes" or "True" to the following		Yes/ True	No/ False
5. Has evidence been provided of most recent bond rating?			
6. Are outstanding general obligation bonds rated at least Aaa, Aa, A, or Baa, as issued by Moody's or AAA, AA, A or BBB, as issued by Standard & Poor's?			
7. There are no outstanding general obligation bonds that are currently in default.			
8. There are no outstanding general obligation bonds rated lower than Baa as issued by Moody's or BBB as issued by Standard & Poor's.			
9. Have financial statements (audit) been prepared in conformity with Generally Accepted Accounting Principles or with Other Comprehensive Basis of Accounting?			
10. Is line 3 less than line 2 in each of the past two years?		Yes	
11. If answered "no" to line 10, line 3 does not exceed line 2 percent in each of the past two years.	by more than 5		
12. Is line 1 less than 43 percent of line 2?		Yes	
13. Have not received an adverse opinion or disclaimer of opinion from the independent certified public accountant or office of the auditor of the state of Iowa.		True	
14. Have closure and postclosure costs being assured been referenced in the owner's most recent audit report or instead placed in the owner's files if timing did not permit reference in the most recent audit?			

^{*} Page 37 of the 2023 Audit report. Operating expenses \$31,087,727 less depreciation of \$5,512,002 plus transfers of \$131,802.

Definitions:

"Deficit" - means total annual revenues minus total annual expenditures.

"Total revenues" - means revenues from all taxes and fees but does not include the proceeds from borrowing or asset sales, excluding revenue from funds managed by local government on behalf of a specific third party.

"Total expenditures" - means all expenditures excluding capital outlays and debt repayment.

"Cash plus marketable securities" - means all the cash plus marketable securities held by the local government on the last day of a fiscal year, excluding cash and marketable securities designated to satisfy past obligations such as pensions.

"Debt service" - means the amount of principal and interest due on a loan in a given time period, typically the current year.



CITY OF CEDAR RAPIDS, IOWA



Annual Comprehensive Financial Report For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2023



ANNUAL COMPREHENSIVE FINANCIAL REPORT OF THE CITY OF CEDAR RAPIDS, IOWA FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2023

PREPARED BY

GENERAL ACCOUNTING, FINANCE DEPARTMENT

CITY OF CEDAR RAPIDS, IOWA

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CITY OF CEDAR RAPIDS, IOWA

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City of Five Seasons®



April 15, 2024

The Honorable Mayor, City Council Members, And Citizens of the City of Cedar Rapids, Iowa:

The City of Cedar Rapids, Iowa, is required by various state and federal regulations to publish a complete set of financial statements presented in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America (generally accepted accounting principles or GAAP) and audited in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America by a firm of licensed certified public accountants. Pursuant to these requirements, the Annual Comprehensive Financial Report (ACFR) of the City of Cedar Rapids, Iowa (City) for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2023 as prepared by the Finance Department is hereby submitted in accordance with the provisions of Chapter 11.6 of the Code of Iowa.

Management assumes full responsibility for the completeness and reliability of the information contained in this report, based upon a comprehensive framework of internal control that it has established for this purpose. Because the cost of internal control should not exceed anticipated benefits, the objective is to provide reasonable, rather than absolute, assurance that the financial statements are free of any material misstatements.

RSM US, LLP, Certified Public Accountants, have issued an unmodified ("clean") opinion on the City's financial statements for the year ended June 30, 2023. The independent auditor's report is located at the front of the financial section of this report.

The independent audit of the financial statements of the City was part of a broader, federally mandated single audit designed to meet the special needs of federal grantor agencies. The standards governing single audit engagements require the independent auditor to report not only on the fair presentation of the financial statements, but also on the audited government's internal controls and compliance with legal requirements, with special emphasis on internal controls and legal requirements involving the administration of federal awards. Information related to this single audit, including the Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards, Independent Auditor's Report on Internal Control Over Financial Reporting and on Compliance and Other Matters Based on an Audit of Financial Statements Performed in Accordance with Government Auditing Standards, Independent Auditor's Report on Compliance with Requirements that Could Have a Direct and Material Effect on Each Major Program and Internal Control Over Compliance in Accordance with Uniform Grant Guidance, and Schedule of Findings and Questioned Costs is included in the section entitled Compliance Section.

Management's discussion and analysis (MD&A) immediately follows the independent auditor's report and provides a narrative introduction, overview, and analysis of the basic financial statements. MD&A complement this letter of transmittal and should be read in conjunction with it.

PROFILE OF THE CITY OF CEDAR RAPIDS

The City of Cedar Rapids, incorporated in 1849, is located twenty-five miles north of Iowa City and one hundred-thirty miles east of Des Moines, the State Capitol. Cedar Rapids is an important manufacturing, service, and trade area servicing an eight county area with a combined population estimated at 514,654 and occupies 71 square miles. The population of Linn County based upon the 2020 census is 230,299 of which 137,710 reside within Cedar Rapids. The City of Cedar Rapids is empowered to levy a property tax on real property located within its boundaries. It also is empowered by state statute to extend its corporate limits by annexation, which it has done from time to time

The City of Cedar Rapids has operated under the city council-manager form of government which consists of nine council members. Five of the members represent a specific district. The remaining four council members are elected at-large, with the Mayor being one of those seats.

The City of Cedar Rapids provides a full range of services, including public safety, public works, solid waste collection, animal control, parking, ground transportation, community development, and municipal water and sewer. The City also provides various cultural and recreational opportunities through various departments.

The City's financial statements include all funds, departments, boards and commissions, and other government entities that do not have separate legal status as required by accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America. Three component units are included in our financial report: The Eastern Iowa Airport, Cedar Rapids/Linn County Solid Waste Agency, and Cedar Rapids Public Library Foundation.

The annual budget serves as a foundation for the City's financial planning and control. The City Council is responsible for developing a budget proposal. Council is required to hold public hearings on the proposed budget and to adopt the final budget no later than March 15 for the fiscal year beginning the following July 1. The budget is prepared by fund and function. Department directors may transfer resources within the department as they see fit.

FACTORS AFFECTING FINANCIAL CONDITION

The City of Cedar Rapids has completed rebuilding its facilities that were damaged due to the 2008 flood. Now that rebuilding from 2008 flood has been completed the City of Cedar Rapids has moved its focus to creating a Flood Control System.

The Flood Control System will be designed to convey the same water volume as the flood of 2008, reducing flood risk through the heart of Cedar Rapids on both the west and east sides of the river. The system will include a combination of floodwalls, levees and gates and storm water pump stations, and incorporate aesthetic elements that reflect our community's culture, history, and vision. The improvements also includes raising of the 8th Avenue bridge in order to maintain critical access for fire, police, and emergency responders; preserve the ability for crews to construct temporary flood measures; allow for uninterrupted bridge access during a flood for normal business operations such as transit, business access, commuter access, and maintaining the local economy.

City Council formally adopted the Cedar River Flood Control System Master Plan on June 23, 2015. The master plan is a long-term plan that will provide direction for the implementation and construction of the flood control system, and has been developed to protect as many flood-vulnerable properties as possible.

Fast Facts

- Designed to convey the same water volume as the flood of 2008
- Approximately 7.4 miles long
- Protects both sides of the river
- Combination of levees, gates, permanent and removable floodwalls, (approximately 15 percent removable and moving components) and bridge raising.
- Incorporates aesthetic and recreational elements that reflect culture and history of the community
- Includes pump stations and detention basins to protect against rain water flooding as pipes close to protect against river

Projects completed in 2023 included the completion of Shaver Road NE bridge, Riverside Park detention basin, and the 1st Avenue SE floodgate. Shaver Road NE Bridge raised the existing roadway 8' to cross over the levee, improving the City's overall flood response time. The Shaver Road Bridge is the longest three-span continuous concrete slab bridge in Iowa. The Riverside Park detention basin was constructed for river storage in the event of a flood until it can be safely pumped back into the Cedar River. 1st Avenue SE floodgate allows for the gate to roll across the road in times of flooding emergencies.

Cedar Rapids voters passed a one percent sales tax for street repair in November of 2013, which went into effect July 1, 2014, approving 10 years of funding. The public voted again in November 2021 to renew the tax for an additional 10 years. At present, the local option sales tax is set to expire on June 30, 2034. The one percent sales tax is known as Paving for Progress and it will capitalize on approximately \$23 million annually, set aside solely for the maintenance, repair, construction and reconstruction of public streets. These funds are used for improvements that typically would have required the City to issue debt.

To date, the program has made the following impacts:

- Linear miles of roadway improved to date: 105 miles
- Investment in roadways since the beginning of the program: \$206 million
- Projects completed to date: 310 projects
- 74 percent of completed projects have been local/residential
- 26 percent of completed projects have been arterial

The City of Cedar Rapids is committed to taking all feasible action to support conditions that encourage business expansion, job creation and private sector investment in the community. Economic Development Services Division staff works to implement the City's growth-related goals and objectives. Current Economic Development Strategic Plan focus areas are as follows:

- Enhance Economic Growth in Cedar Rapids
- Enhance Quality of Life
- Support Workforce Development
- Ensure adequate support services exist to meet the needs of local business and industry

In 2023, the City completed update to its strategic assessment for economic development. A new target industry study was delivered for the City. In addition, the City created for the first time a formal written strategy guiding municipal workforce development program activities. Since completion of the original strategic assessment in 2014, Cedar Rapids has seen nearly \$1.9 billion in total capital investment through development of City incentive projects. Over 3,677 jobs have been retained and 1,945 new jobs have been created.

To implement this vision for economic development, City economic development staff manages and coordinates a broad range of programming to support City priorities for growth. Select examples from the current year include:

- 1) Ensuring economic development partner organizations deliver services supportive of City economic development goals.
- 2) Identifying opportunities and catalyzing creation of higher-wage/higher-skill jobs through the use of City financial incentives.
- 3) Identifying opportunities to leverage and layering State and Federal resources with the City's for job creation, redevelopment, historic preservation, and creation of new housing options at all price points.
- 4) Marketing communications activities, including efforts to increase scope and reach within target segments.
- 5) Participation in specific, collaborative workforce development initiatives seeking to increase economic opportunity while boosting labor force participation in Cedar Rapids.
- 6) ISU-Cedar Rapids Partnership to grow the food and bioprocessing industry cluster.
- 7) Economic impact assessment and performance measurement.

- 8) Provision of commercial real estate market analysis and retail attraction services.
- 9) Supplying customized business intelligence and market research to realize successful outcomes in economic development for the City of Cedar Rapids.
- 10) New business and developer recruitment.
- 11) Workforce initiatives targeted at providing opportunities to under and unemployed residents with a focus on underserved and underutilized populations, specifically to fill low to middle skills jobs for existing industry.
- 12) Workforce initiatives quantifying workforce and education data to reflect related skills for Cedar Rapids occupations with an end result aimed at promoting growth and secession planning for existing employers and market our regions ability to provide skilled workforce confidently.

Additionally, the Cedar Rapids Economic Development Services Division maintains an active Business Retention and Expansion (BRE) program. Key findings about the business climate in Cedar Rapids are summarized below:

- Slightly over half of the companies participating in the business survey in 2022 had plans to expand or modernize facilities in the next three years.
- Companies in Cedar Rapids have seen stable growth through the COVID-19 pandemic: around 66% reported no change to sales, and half report increasing market share.
- 75% of businesses in our recent retention survey categorized the business climate in Cedar Rapids as excellent or very good.
- Ninety percent of businesses in our recent retention survey maintain a view of quality of life offered in Cedar Rapids as excellent or good.
- Two-thirds employers surveyed rank productivity of their existing workforce as good or excellent.
- The vast majority (+95%) of companies in Cedar Rapids are not deferring any capital reinvestment into facilities or operations due to lack of citywide flood control operating.
- On average, the Cedar Rapids workforce is 29% more productive than the U.S. national average.

Long-term financial planning

Unassigned fund balance in the general fund was \$50.0 million or 32.4 percent of total general fund budgeted expenditures for fiscal year 2024. This percentage falls within the City's policy guidelines for reserves, which at a minimum must be 25 percent of next fiscal year's budgeted general fund expenditures as established by Council resolution. By maintaining an appropriate reserve balance the City is able to react to both known and unknown events that will have an impact on the City finances without disrupting services provided to its citizens in the short term.

The City completed a five year financial plan for all operating departments and capital improvement programs. The financial plan is a necessary element of Cedar Rapids strategy to remain competitive in today's demanding environment. The City's financial plan will provide a road map into the future and a framework for future decision-making. This financial plan reflects the following financial principles: 1) Sustainability; 2) Long-term Community Affordability; 3) Competitive and Responsive Community Services; and 4) Protecting Community Investment and Value.

In addition to the financial plan, performance measurements have been created by all City departments to measure effectiveness, efficiency, customer service, and organizational climate. These measurements will be reported on a regular basis to the City Council, City staff, and citizens of Cedar Rapids.

Relevant financial policies

Internal Controls

The management of the City is responsible for the establishment and continued maintenance of an internal control structure to ensure that all City assets are protected from loss, theft, or misuse. The management must also ensure that adequate accounting data is available to allow for the preparation of financial statements in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles. The internal control structure is designed to provide reasonable assurance these objectives are met. The concept of reasonable assurance recognizes: (1) the cost of a control should not exceed the benefits likely to be derived; and (2) the valuation of costs and benefits requires estimates and judgments by management.

Single Audit

A recipient of federal and state financial assistance, the City is also responsible for ensuring that an adequate internal control structure is in place to ensure compliance with applicable laws and regulations related to those programs. This internal control structure is subject to periodic evaluation by management.

Budgetary Controls

The City's management team takes a very active role in the financial planning and management of the City for both short-term daily operations and long-range planning. The City adopts its annual program budget to include all funds except fiduciary funds. While budgetary control is exercised at the program level, management control is exercised on a major objective of expenditure basis. The daily operations are closely monitored through the City's automated and integrated on-line financial system which provides daily appropriations status capabilities, weekly cash management forecasting reports, and monthly, current and year-to-date budget by major object of expenditure reports. Estimated revenues are also closely monitored as to their impact on budgeted expenditures. If a department falls short of its discretionary revenue projections, adjustments must be made in its appropriations to reflect these shortfalls. Encumbrance accounting is employed in all funds for management control purposes. Appropriations, as adopted and amended, lapse at the end of the fiscal year. Encumbrances outstanding at year-end are reflected as assigned in the Governmental fund balances, which serve as authorizations for expenditures in the subsequent year. Capital projects are appropriated on a yearly basis.

In terms of long-range planning, the City annually develops and issues a five year capital improvements program as part of the annual budget, which is funded primarily through the sale of general obligation and revenue bonds, local option sales tax, and federal and state grants.

Debt Administration

The City's debt management policy strives to repay 30 to 60 percent of the principal amount of its general obligation debt within five years and at least 60 percent within ten fiscal years. Capital projects financed through issuance of debt are programmed to be paid off completely within the expected useful life of the capital project. Currently, the City is on pace to repay over 58 percent of its GO debt and over 63 percent of all debt within ten fiscal years. Moody's Investor Services rate the City's general obligation bonds Aa1. This rating is predicated on the City's strong financial management, a diverse and substantial economic and tax base.

AWARDS AND ACKNOWLEDGEMENTS

The Government Finance Officers Association (GFOA) awarded a Certificate of Achievement for Excellence in Financial Reporting to the City of Cedar Rapids, Iowa, for its Annual Comprehensive Financial Report (ACFR) for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2022. This was the forty-third consecutive year that the City has received this prestigious award. In order to be awarded a Certificate of Achievement, the City had to publish an easily readable and efficiently organized ACFR that satisfied both generally accepted accounting principles and applicable legal requirements. A Certificate of Achievement is valid for a period of one year only. We believe that our current ACFR continues to meet the Certificate of Achievement Program's requirements and we are submitting it to the GFOA to determine its eligibility for another certificate.

The preparation of this report could not be accomplished without the efficient and dedicated services of the Finance Operations General Accounting division as well as the entire staff of the Finance Department. We would also like to thank the members of the City Council for their prudent management of the City's finances.

espectfully submitted,

effrey A. Pomeranz

City Manager



Government Finance Officers Association

Certificate of Achievement for Excellence in Financial Reporting

Presented to

City of Cedar Rapids Iowa

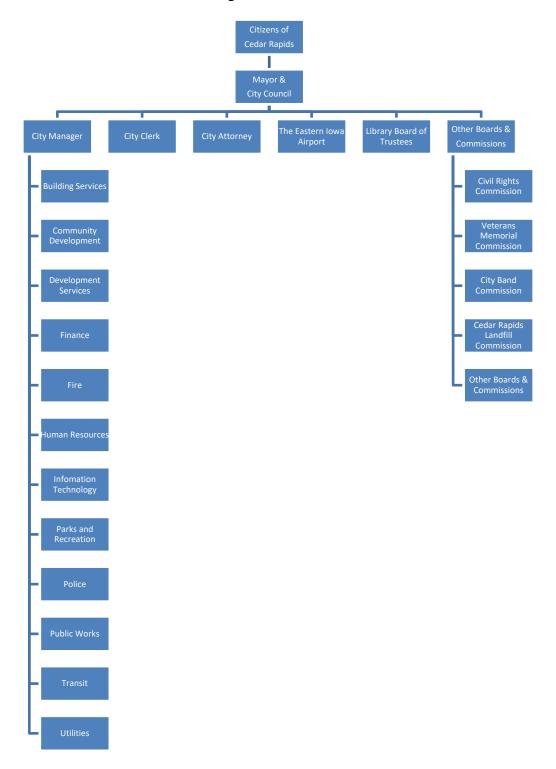
For its Annual Comprehensive Financial Report For the Fiscal Year Ended

June 30, 2022

Christopher P. Morrill

Executive Director/CEO

The City of Cedar Rapids Organizational Chart



CITY OF CEDAR RAPIDS, IOWA

City Manager Form of Government

CITY COUNCIL

Tiffany O'Donnell Mayor

Patrick Loeffler	Ann Poe
At-Large	At-Large

Tyler Olson	Martin Hoeger
At-Large	District 1

William Overland	Dale Todd
District 2	District 3

Scott Olson	Ashley Vanorny
District 4	District 5

Jeffrey A. PomeranzCity Manager



Independent Auditor's Report

RSM US LLP

Honorable Mayor and Members of City Council City of Cedar Rapids, Iowa

Report on the Audit of the Financial Statements

Opinions

We have audited the financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, the aggregate discretely presented component units, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the City of Cedar Rapids, Iowa (City), as of and for the year ended June 30, 2023, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the City's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

In our opinion, based on our audit and the report of the other auditors, the accompanying financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, the aggregate discretely presented component units, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the City, as of June 30, 2023, and the respective changes in financial position, and, where applicable, cash flows thereof for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

We did not audit the financial statements of the Cedar Rapids Public Library Foundation, which represent 3%, 3% and 2%, respectively, of the assets, net position and revenues of the aggregate discretely presented component units as of June 30, 2023. Those statements were audited by other auditors whose report has been furnished to us and, in our opinion, insofar as it relates to the amounts included for the Cedar Rapids Public Library Foundation, is based solely on the report of the other auditors.

Basis for Opinions

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAS) and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States (*Government Auditing Standards*). Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements section of our report. We are required to be independent of the City, and to meet our other ethical responsibilities, in accordance with the relevant ethical requirements relating to our audit. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions. The financial statements of the Cedar Rapids Public Library Foundation were not audited in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*.

Emphasis of Matter

As discussed in Note 19, the City adopted Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) Statement No. 96, *Subscription-Based Information Technology Arrangements*, which resulted in the restatement of certain beginning capital assets and liabilities balances. Our opinions are not modified with respect to this matter.

Responsibilities of Management for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, and for the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

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In preparing the financial statements, management is required to evaluate whether there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the City's ability to continue as a going concern for 12 months beyond the financial statement date, including any currently known information that may raise substantial doubt shortly thereafter.

Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinions. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not absolute assurance and therefore is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with GAAS and *Government Auditing Standards* will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control. Misstatements are considered material if there is a substantial likelihood that, individually or in the aggregate, they would influence the judgment made by a reasonable user based on the financial statements.

In performing an audit in accordance with GAAS and Government Auditing Standards, we:

- Exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit.
- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, and design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks. Such procedures include examining, on a test basis, evidence regarding the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the City's internal control. Accordingly, no such opinion is expressed.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluate the overall presentation of the financial statements.
- Conclude whether, in our judgment, there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the City's ability to continue as a going concern for a reasonable period of time.

We are required to communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit, significant audit findings, and certain internal control-related matters that we identified during the audit.

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the management's discussion and analysis, the budgetary comparison information, and the pension and other postemployment benefit plan schedules and related notes, as listed in the table of contents, be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information is the responsibility of management and, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with GAAS, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Supplementary Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the City's basic financial statements. The supplementary information consisting of the combining nonmajor fund financial statements, combining internal service fund financial statements, discretely presented component unit financial statements, and the schedule of expenditures of federal awards, as required by Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations Part 200, Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements. Such information is the responsibility of management and was derived from and relates directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. The information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with GAAS. In our opinion, the combining nonmajor fund financial statements, combining internal service fund financial statements, discretely presented component unit financial statements and the schedule of expenditures of federal awards are fairly stated, in all material respects, in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

Other Information

Management is responsible for the other information included in the annual report. The other information comprises the introductory and statistical sections but does not include the basic financial statements and our auditor's report thereon. Our opinions on the basic financial statements do not cover the other information, and we do not express an opinion or any form of assurance thereon.

In connection with our audit of the basic financial statements, our responsibility is to read the other information and consider whether a material inconsistency exists between the other information and the basic financial statements, or the other information otherwise appears to be materially misstated. If, based on the work performed, we conclude that an uncorrected material misstatement of the other information exists, we are required to describe it in our report.

Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated April 15, 2024 on our consideration of the City's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the City's internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the City's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

RSM US LLP

Cedar Rapids, Iowa April 15, 2024



City of Five Seasons®

Management's Discussion and Analysis (Unaudited)

As management of the City of Cedar Rapids, Iowa, we offer readers of the City of Cedar Rapids' financial statements this narrative overview and analysis of the financial statements of the City of Cedar Rapids for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2023. We encourage readers to consider the information presented here in conjunction with additional information that we have furnished in our letter of transmittal, which can be found on pages 18-24 of this report.

Financial Highlights

- The assets and deferred outflows of resources of the City of Cedar Rapids exceeded its liabilities and deferred inflows of resources at the close of June 30, 2023, by \$1.664 billion (net position).
- The government's total assets increased by approximately \$180.8 million.
- At the close of the current fiscal year, the City of Cedar Rapids' governmental funds reported combined ending fund balances of \$213.9 million, which is an increase of 11.8% from the prior year.
- At the end of the current fiscal year, unassigned fund balance for the general fund was \$50.0 million, or 30.4 percent of the total general fund expenditures.
- The City has a minimum fund balance policy of 25% of next year's budgeted general fund expenditures. The minimum fund balance for fiscal year 2023 is \$38.6 million or 70.0% of total fund balance less nonspendable.
- Total debt increased by \$40.3 million during the current fiscal year. The City issued \$59.7 million of new general obligation bonds, \$10.0 million of revenue bonds and \$11.0 million in notes payable and retired \$40.4 million of existing bonds and notes payable.

Overview of the Financial Statements

This discussion and analysis is intended to serve as an introduction to the City of Cedar Rapids' basic financial statements. The City of Cedar Rapids' basic financial statements are comprised of three components: 1) government-wide financial statements, 2) fund financial statements and 3) notes to the financial statements.

The report consists of government-wide statements, fund financial statements, notes to the financial statements, required budgetary schedules, combining schedules of non-major funds and supplementary information. The first two statements are highly condensed and present a government-wide view of the City's finances. The governmental activities of the City of Cedar Rapids include general government, police and fire protection, streets and public buildings operation and maintenance, parks and recreation oriented activities and flood recovery. The major business-type activities of the City include a water and wastewater treatment facilities, a sanitary sewer system, an entertainment and convention facility, and hotel. Included within others are a ground transportation system, parking system, solid waste management collection, storm sewer system, a theatre, an ice arena, and golf courses. The City's three component units, The Eastern Iowa Airport, Cedar Rapids/Linn County Solid Waste Agency and Cedar Rapids Library Foundation, are also included. Financial information for these component units is reported separately from the financial information presented for the primary government itself.

Government-wide Financial Statements

The government-wide financial statements include the Statement of Net Position. The difference between assets, deferred outflows of resources, liabilities and deferred inflows of resources are reported as net position. Over time, increases or decreases in net position may serve as a useful indicator of whether the financial position of the City is improving or deteriorating.

The Statement of Activities is also included in the government-wide financial statements. The focus of the Statement of Activities is to show how the government's assets changed during the most recent fiscal year. All changes in net position are reported as soon as the underlying event giving rise to the change occurs, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Thus, revenues and expenses are reported in this statement for some items that will only result in cash flows in future fiscal periods (e.g., uncollected taxes and earned but unused vacation leave).

A condensed version of the Statement of Net Position as of June 30, 2023 and 2022 follows:

Table 1
Statement of Net Position
For Fiscal years Ending June 30, 2023 and 2022

(in millions)

	Governmental Business-		s-type				
	Activ	vities	Activ	vities	Total		
	2023	2022 as restated	2023	2022 as restated	2023	2022 as restated	
Cash and investments	\$ 280.8	\$ 279.3	\$ 221.3	\$ 201.6	\$ 502.1	\$ 480.9	
Restricted assets	54.1	50.0	34.3	26.9	88.4	76.9	
Other assets	233.8	199.1	27.6	25.9	261.4	225.0	
Capital assets	1,161.9	1,065.4	630.6	615.4	1,792.5	1,680.8	
Total assets	1,730.6	1,593.8	913.8	869.8	2,644.4	2,463.6	
Deferred outflows of resources	20.6	21.5	2.8	2.9	23.4	24.4	
Other liabilities	148.5	153.1	53.5	49.2	202.0	202.3	
Noncurrent liabilities	383.8	301.9	256.7	241.8	640.5	543.7	
Total liabilities	532.3	455.0	310.2	291.0	842.5	746.0	
Deferred inflows of resources	152.3	204.2	9.2	22.2	161.5	226.4	
Net position:							
Net investment in capital assets	898.3	835.4	394.9	378.5	1,293.2	1,213.9	
Restricted	58.4	38.4	-	-	58.4	38.4	
Unrestricted	109.9	82.3	202.3	181.0	312.2	263.3	
Total net position	\$1,066.6	\$ 956.1	\$ 597.2	\$ 559.5	\$1,663.8	\$1,515.6	

Governmental Activities

Total net position increased \$110.4 million or 11.6 percent for fiscal year 2023. The increase is mainly due an increase in capital improvement projects within the City.

Business-Type Activities

Total net position increased \$37.7 million or 6.7 percent for fiscal year 2023. The increase is mainly due an increase in cash and investments and an increase in capital improvement projects within the City.

A condensed version of the Statement of Activities as of June 30, 2023 and 2022 follows:

Table 2 Governmental and Business-type Activities For Fiscal years Ending June 30, 2023 and 2022

	For Fiscal years Ending June 30, 2023 and 2022 (in millions)									
		Gover	nmental	,	-,	Busine	ss-type			
	Activities					vities	To	tal		
	2023		20	2022 as restated		2023		022 as	2023	2022 as restated
Revenues									·	
Charges for services	\$	63.2	\$	62.9	\$	154.8	\$	145.0	\$ 218.0	\$ 207.9
Operating grants and contributions		55.9		42.2		7.5		8.9	63.4	51.1
Capital grants and contributions		56.6		47.8		4.3		7.0	60.9	54.8
General revenues:										
Property taxes		132.0		127.5		5.7		5.7	137.7	133.2
Hotel-Motel taxes		4.6		4.1		-		-	4.6	4.1
Local option sales taxes		25.3		26.0		-		-	25.3	26.0
Franchise taxes		11.2		11.4		-		-	11.2	11.4
Investment income		6.7		1.2		3.5		0.5	10.2	1.7
Gain on sale of assets		_		-		0.1		0.1	0.1	0.1
Total revenues		355.5		323.1		175.9		167.2	531.4	490.2
Expenses										
Public safety		80.9		71.8		-		_	80.9	71.8
Public works		62.3		61.2		_		_	62.3	61.2
Culture and recreation		25.9		23.4		_	_		25.9	23.4
Community and economic										
development		32.0		25.4		-		-	32.0	25.4
General government		35.8		45.8		-		_	35.8	45.8
Debt service		8.0		6.2		-		_	8.0	6.2
Water		_		-		36.8		35.2	36.8	35.2
Water pollution control		_		-		32.9		33.7	32.9	33.7
Sanitary sewer		_		_		8.1		9.0	8.1	9.0
Alliant Energy PowerHouse		_		_		12.2		12.2	12.2	12.2
Doubletree by Hilton		_		-		12.3		9.9	12.3	9.9
Ground transportation system		_		-		10.8		10.5	10.8	10.5
Parking system		_		-		1.4		1.2	1.4	1.2
Solid waste management		_		-		12.0		11.0	12.0	11.0
Golf		_		-		3.2		2.7	3.2	2.7
Storm Sewer		_		-		1.4		1.5	1.4	1.5
Paramount theatre						4.4		5.6	4.4	5.6
Ice arena		_		-		2.8		2.4	2.8	2.4
Total expenses		244.9		233.8		138.3		134.9	383.2	368.7
Increase in net position										
before transfers		110.6		89.3		37.6		32.3	148.2	121.6
Transfers		(0.1)		(1.2)		0.1		1.2	_	_
Changes in net position	-	110.5		88.1		37.7		33.5	148.2	121.6
Beginning net position		956.1		868.0		559.5		526.0	1,515.6	1,394.0
Ending net position	\$	1,066.6	\$	956.1	\$	597.2	\$	559.5	\$1,663.8	\$1,515.6
Enamg net position	φ	1,000.0	.	930.1		331.4	Φ	227.3	\$1,005.6	φ1,313.0

Governmental Activities

Charges for services remained consistent from the prior year and increased \$.3 million or .5 percent. Charges for services make up 17.8 percent of governmental revenues. Operating and capital grants, primarily due to street projects, 2020 Derecho FEMA recovery grants and flood mitigation grants, make up another 31.6 percent of governmental revenues. The remaining revenue comes from taxes, primarily property taxes & one-percent local option sales tax. Overall expenses increased \$11.2 million or 4.8 percent which included increases due to personal services budget mainly for increased pension expenses.

Business-type Activities

As expected, charges for services are the primary revenue source for business-type activities. Water fees, wastewater fees and sanitary sewer charges are the primary charges for services that make up 67.7 percent of charges for services. Operating and capital grants only make up 6.7 percent of overall revenue.

Fund Financial Statements

A fund is a grouping of related accounts that is used to maintain control over resources that have been segregated for specific activities or objectives. The City, like other state and local governments, uses fund accounting to insure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements. All of the funds of the City can be divided into three categories: governmental funds, proprietary funds and fiduciary funds.

Governmental Funds

Governmental funds are used to account for essentially the same functions reported as governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. However, unlike the government-wide financial statements, governmental fund financial statements focus on near-term inflows and outflows of spendable resources, as well as on balances of spendable resources available at the end of the fiscal year. Such information may be useful in evaluating a government's near term financing requirements.

Because the focus of governmental funds is narrower than that of the government-wide financial statements, it is useful to compare the information presented for governmental funds with similar information presented for governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. By doing so, readers can better understand the long-term impact of the City's near term financing decisions. Both the governmental fund balance sheet and the governmental fund statement of revenues, expenditures and changes in fund balances provide a reconciliation to facilitate this comparison between governmental funds and governmental activities.

The City of Cedar Rapids maintains twenty individual governmental funds. Information is presented separately in the governmental fund balance sheet and in the governmental fund statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balance for the General fund, Infrastructure Construction fund, Flood Mitigation fund, 2020 Derecho fund and Special Revenue Other, which are considered to be major funds. Data from the other governmental funds are combined into a single, aggregated presentation. Individual fund data for each of these non-major governmental funds is provided in the form of combining statements elsewhere in the report.

The General Fund revenues increased \$1.7 million and expenditures increased \$3.7 million over the prior year resulting in an increase in fund balance of \$.1 million. Property tax revenue increased \$1.0 million or 1.6 percent. Personal services also increased \$5.3 million due to increase in employee wages and health care costs. The City has continued to maintain its minimum fund balance policy of 25 percent of the next year's expenditure budget in the General Fund of \$36.2 million and is 70% of total fund balance, less nonspendable fund balance. Infrastructure Construction Fund expenditures increased by \$3.7 million or 6.7 percent due to an increase in streets improvements. General revenue decreased in the Infrastructure Construction Fund by \$2.6 million but the issuance of \$10.9 million in bonds resulted in an increase in fund balance of \$3.9 million. With the issuance of \$34.8 million in bonds, the Flood Mitigation Fund had an increase in fund balance of \$9.3 million, which has led to the fund to have an overall positive fund balance of \$51.1 million. The 2020 Derecho Fund ended the year with a negative fund balance of \$15.9 million compared to \$32.0 million in the prior year, but the City anticipates receiving insurance and federal and state reimbursement in fiscal year 2024 to eliminate this deficit fund balance. The Special Revenue Other Fund ending fund balance decrease \$3.7 million to have an overall positive fund balance of \$18.1 million.

Proprietary Funds

The City of Cedar Rapids maintains two different types of proprietary funds. Enterprise funds are used to report the same functions presented as business-type activities in the government-wide financial statements. The City uses enterprise funds to account for its water, water pollution control, sanitary sewer, convention complex, hotel, and other nonmajor funds. Internal service funds are an accounting device used to accumulate and allocate costs internally among the City's various functions. The City of Cedar Rapids uses internal service funds to account for its risk management functions, joint communications, fleet services and facilities maintenance. Because all of these services predominately benefit governmental rather than business type functions, they have been included within the governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements.

Proprietary funds provide the same type of information as government-wide financial statements, only in more detail. The proprietary fund financial statements provide separate information for the Water, Water Pollution Control, Sanitary Sewer, Alliant Energy PowerHouse and DoubleTree by Hilton as these are considered major funds of the City. Data from the other seven enterprise funds are combined into a single aggregate presentation. Individual fund data for each of the non-major enterprise funds is provided in the form of combining statements elsewhere in this report. All Internal Service funds are combined into a single aggregate presentation in the proprietary fund financial statements. Individual fund data for internal service funds is provided in the form of combining statements elsewhere in this report.

Water's change in net position increased in the current year by \$13.7 million as compared to \$11.7 million in fiscal year 2022. The increase is related to increase in charges for services. Water Pollution Control's change in net position increased in the current year by \$11.8 million as compared to an increase of \$4.7 million in fiscal year 2022. The increase is related to increase in charges for services. Sewer's change in net position increased \$7.3 million compared to an increase of \$5.4 million in fiscal year 2022. The increase is related to the decrease in purchased service costs in the current year.

Fiduciary Funds

Fiduciary funds are used to account for resources held for the benefit of parties outside the government. Fiduciary funds are not reflected on the government-wide financial statements because the resources of those funds are not available to support the City of Cedar Rapids' own programs. The accounting used for fiduciary funds is much like that used for proprietary funds.

Notes to the Financial Statements

The notes provide additional information that is essential to a full understanding of the data provided in the government-wide and fund financial statements. The notes to the financial statements can be found on pages 43-90 of this report.

Other Information

The combining statements referred to earlier in connection with non-major governmental, non-major enterprise funds and internal service funds are presented immediately following the required supplementary information. Combining and individual fund statements and schedules can be found on pages 105-117 of this report.

Budgetary Highlights

The City presents budgetary information as allowed by GASB Statement No. 41. Budgets are based on ten functional areas as required by state statute, not by fund or fund type.

The City had one budget amendment during the fiscal year that is our common practice. This amendment increased the expenditure budget by \$80.6 million to a total of \$773.4 million. This represented a 11.6 percent increase. Public safety expenditures increased due to charges for use of internal administrative services and bad debt expense. Community Development increased due to economic development grants and cost of internal administrative services. Capital project and Enterprise fund expenditures increased due to timing of capital improvement projects. Budgetary comparison can be found on pages 91-92 of this report.

Capital Assets and Debt Administration

Capital Assets

As of June 30, 2023, the City had invested \$1.8 billion in capital assets as reflected in the following table. This investment includes land, buildings, improvements, machinery and equipment, roads, highways and bridges.

Table 3
Capital Assets at Fiscal year-End
(Net of Depreciation)

(in millions)

	Govern Activ		Business-type Activities		Tot	als
	2022	2022 as restated	2022 as 2023 restated		2023	2022 as restated
Land	\$ 141.7	\$ 137.4	\$ 22.9	\$ 22.9	\$ 164.6	\$ 160.3
Building and structures	126.4	128.0	191.1	194.1	317.5	322.1
Improvements other than buildings	733.7	657.8	358.5	351.1	1,092.2	1,008.9
Machinery and equipment	41.0	41.7	8.7	9.0	49.7	50.7
Construction in progress	116.6	98.4	48.9	37.6	165.5	136.0
Right-to-use leased buildings	0.9	1.0	-	0.1	0.9	1.1
Right-to-use leased equipment	0.2	0.2	0.4	0.5	0.6	0.7
IT Subscriptions	1.4	0.9	0.1	0.1	1.5	1.0
Total	\$ 1,161.9	\$ 1,065.4	\$ 630.6	\$ 615.4	\$ 1,792.5	\$ 1,680.8

The following table reconciles the change in capital assets. Included with additions is construction in progress balances. The amount for governmental activities is \$1,161.9 million that represents a 9.1 percent increase. For business type activities the amount is \$630.6 million that is a 2.5 percent increase. Detail of this summary is presented in Note 7 of the notes.

Table 4 Change in Capital Assets

(in millions)

	Govern	nmental	Busine	ss-type		
	Acti	vities	Activ	vities	То	tals
	2023	2022 as restated	2022 as restated		2023	2022 as restated
Beginning Balance	\$ 1,065.4	\$ 990.8	\$ 615.4	\$ 603.7	\$ 1,680.8	\$ 1,594.5
Additions	141.1	118.9	38.1	34.0	179.2	152.9
Retirement	(4.9)	(7.2)	(1.1)	(0.9)	(6.0)	(8.1)
Depreciation, net	(39.7)	(37.1)	(21.8)	(21.4)	(61.5)	(58.5)
Ending Balance	\$ 1,161.9	\$ 1,065.4	\$ 630.6	\$ 615.4	\$ 1,792.5	\$ 1,680.8

Governmental Activities

Major capital assets events during the current fiscal year included the following:

- Street Improvements, \$50.5 million or 35.8% of total additions
- Flood control system, \$46.6 million or 33.0% of total additions
- Fleet purchases \$7.8 million or 5.5% of total additions

Business-type Activities

Major capital assets events during the current fiscal year included the following:

- Improvements at Water Pollution Control plant, \$9.9 million or 26.0% of total additions
- Improvements at Water Distribution plant, \$18.7 million or 49.2% of total additions
- Sanitary Sewer improvements, \$5.2 million or 13.8% of total additions

Additional information on the City of Cedar Rapids' capital assets can be found in Note 7 of this report.

Debt Administration

The amount of debt outstanding at fiscal year end was \$552.3 million as compared to \$512.0 million last fiscal year. Of the total debt outstanding, \$366.1 million is backed by the full faith and credit of the City. The remainder is revenue debt and loans abated by enterprise revenues.

Table 5
Outstanding Debt at Year End

(in millions)

	Totals					
	2	2023		2022		
Governmental						
General obligation	\$	293.9	\$	259.9		
Business-type						
General obligation						
Abated by:						
Water		2.6		4.4		
Water Pollution Control		2.5		3.1		
Sanitary Sewer		2.3		3.2		
Alliant Energy PowerHouse		30.0		32.3		
Doubletree by Hilton		25.3		28.2		
Other		9.5		3.4		
Sub-totals		72.2	-	74.6		
Notes Payable						
Abated by:						
Water		27.8		20.9		
Water Pollution Control		14.4		14.3		
Sub-totals		42.2		35.2		
Revenue						
Abated by:						
Water		78.9		73.2		
Water Pollution Control		46.5		49.5		
Sanitary Sewer		18.6		19.6		
Sub-totals		144.0		142.3		
Totals	\$	552.3 \$ 512.0				

Moody's Investor Services rated the City's general obligation bonds Aa1.

For more detailed information on the City's debt and amortization terms, please refer to Note 9 of the Notes to the Financial Statements.

Economic Factors

Cedar Rapids' unemployment rate increased 3.0% to 3.5% for fiscal year ending 2023, which is higher than the state unemployment rate of 2.7% and is lower than the national unemployment rate of 3.6% for the same time period.

The Cedar Rapids median household income in 2023 was \$63,170 as compared to \$60,787 in 2022.

The total value of building permits in FY 2023 was approximately \$525.4 million. This compares with an amount of \$733.0 million for FY 2022.

Next Year's Budget and Rates

Approximately 69.8 percent of our operating costs in the General fund are for Personal Services. Changes in Personal Services can be due to changes in the pay rates, changes in benefits and cost of benefits, changes in number of employees, or any combination of these. The Personal Services within the General Fund increased by \$3.4 million or an increase of 4.8 percent.

Water, Sewer and Solid Waste fees combined are expected to increase approximately 6.0 percent in fiscal year 2024 for the average residential customer. The amount of dollar increase on the average residential user (usage of 10 units of water per month) will be \$82.80 annually. Even with these increases in rates, our combined water and sewer rates are still far below other large cities in Iowa that provide similar services.

Financial Information Contact

The City's financial statements are designed to present users (citizens, taxpayers, customers, investors and creditors with a general overview of the City's finances and to demonstrate the City's accountability). If you have questions about the report or need additional financial information, please contact the Finance Department at 101 First Street SE, Cedar Rapids, Iowa, 52401.

City of Cedar Rapids, Iowa Statement of Net Position June 30, 2023

		Primary Government			Component Units	
				Cedar Rapids		Cedar Rapids
	Governmental	Business-type Activities	Total	Airport	Linn County	Public Library
ASSETS	Activities	Activities	Total	Airport	Solid Waste Agency	Foundation
Current assets:						
Cash and investments	\$ 280,836,409	\$ 221,269,393	\$ 502,105,802	\$ 31,952	\$ 14,535,291	\$ 9,447,884
Receivables: Taxes	141,642,499	5,772,444	147,414,943			
Accounts and unbilled usage, net	141,042,433	3,772,444	147,414,040	_	_	-
\$26,370,503 of allowance for doubtful accounts	10,419,314	16,642,031	27,061,345	267,220	520,520	429,129
Special assessments	4,167,471	-	4,167,471	-	-	-
Interest	2,217,431 5.164.148	97,441	2,314,872	- E 610 202	374,756	-
Leases Internal balances, net	(2,450,814)	845,887 2,450,814	6,010,035	5,619,392		-
Due from primary government	(2,400,014)	2,400,014	_	43,782,345	-	-
Due from other governments	32,060,011	244,201	32,304,212	25,429,641	202,452	-
Inventories	1,475,710	578,323	2,054,033			
Prepaid items	37,036,638	317,035	37,353,673	21,296	166,008	11,940
Other assets Total current assets	307,482 512,876,299	623,687 248,841,256	931,169 761,717,555	75,151,846	15,799,027	9,888,953
Noncurrent assets:	012,010,200	240,041,200	701,717,000	70,101,040	10,700,027	5,000,000
Restricted cash and investments	54,135,941	34,353,980	88,489,921	-	22,637,177	-
Notes receivable, net \$72,099 allowance	1,674,107	-	1,674,107	-	-	-
Land Buildings and structures	141,716,965 198,943,984	22,911,452 410,513,996	164,628,417 609,457,980	11,866,700 154,933,872	6,039,313 12,096,665	3,508,453
Improvements other than buildings	1,113,633,990	611,999,517	1,725,633,507	198,374,590	44,122,228	-
Machinery and equipment	116,150,328	26,891,714	143,042,042	11,909,772	10,241,842	-
Right-to-use leased buildings and structures	1,563,086	43,067	1,606,153	-	=	=
Right-to-use leased equipment	251,367	673,546	924,913	-	1,574	=
IT subscriptions Accumulated depreciation and amortization	1,922,665 (528,827,985)	68,336 (491,454,501)	1,991,001 (1,020,282,486)	398,757 (180,638,608)	(32,878,115)	-
Construction in progress	116,573,905	48,931,384	165,505,289	30,403,009	2,103,067	-
Total noncurrent assets	1,217,738,353	664,932,491	1,882,670,844	227,248,092	64,363,751	3,508,453
Total assets	1,730,614,652	913,773,747	2,644,388,399	302,399,938	80,162,778	13,397,406
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES						
Pension related deferred outflows	17,049,551	2,757,388	19,806,939	499,067	417,118	_
OPEB related deferred outflows	3,561,371	-	3,561,371	-	-	-
Deferred loss on refunding	10,901	35,487	46,388			
Total deferred outflows of resources	20,621,823	2,792,875	23,414,698	499,067	417,118	
LIABILITIES						
Current liabilities:						
Vouchers payable	36,481,292	13,944,739	50,426,031	5,545,080	654,414	28,569
Contracts payable Claims and judgments payable	5,693,817 2,011,043	2,065,648	7,759,465 2,011,043	1,475,186	-	3,100,000
Accrued expenses	3,861,357	8,978,636	12,839,993	166,526	49,145	23,101
Revenues collected in advance	22,623,148	2,216,509	24,839,657	866,069	14,827	-
Due to component unit	43,782,345	-	43,782,345	-	-	-
Due to other governments	2,166,787	456,439	2,623,226	-	234,054	-
Due to general public Security deposits	571,759 491,514	3,490 1,554,799	575,249 2,046,313	- 119,208	13,930	-
General obligation bonds payable, net	20,976,891	8,658,109	29.635.000	-	-	-
Revenue bonds payable, net	-	8,980,000	8,980,000	-	-	-
Lease agreements	326,657	115,240	441,897	-	533	-
IT subscriptions	583,156 876,536	16,688	599,844 1,518,424	-	-	-
Interest payable Closure/post closure landfill	070,550	641,888	1,510,424	-	431,523	-
Compensated absences	8,108,723	1,696,250	9,804,973	408,360	175,728	-
Note Payable		4,102,000	4,102,000			
Total current liabilities	148,555,025	53,430,435	201,985,460	8,580,429	1,574,154	3,151,670
Noncurrent liabilities: Claims and judgments payable	7,115,446	_	7,115,446			
General obligation bonds payable, net	288,475,365	64,345,992	352,821,357	-	-	-
Revenue bonds payable, net	-	142,585,687	142,585,687	-	-	-
Note Payable	-	38,071,546	38,071,546	-	-	-
Lease agreements	757,180	293,772	1,050,952	-	-	-
IT subscriptions Closure/post closure landfill	410,867	35,684 974,600	446,551 974,600	-	- 21,240,914	-
Total OPEB liabilities	16,011,416	-	16,011,416	_	21,240,314	-
Compensated absences	32,295	-	32,295	-	-	-
Net pension liability	71,021,183	10,438,114	81,459,297	795,732	1,147,275	
Total noncurrent liabilities Total liabilities	383,823,752	256,745,395	640,569,147 842,554,607	795,732	22,388,189	3,151,670
rotai ilabilities	532,378,777	310,175,830	042,004,007	9,376,161	23,962,343	3,131,070
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES						
Lease related deferred inflows	5,686,281	821,858	6,508,139	5,302,947	-	-
Pension related deferred inflows	4,486,847	1,832,837	6,319,684	334,563	181,386	-
OPEB related deferred inflows Deferred gain on refunding	3,808,671 576,298	803,130	3,808,671 1,379,428	-	-	-
Property taxes	137,734,600	5,743,451	143,478,051			
Total deferred inflows of resources	152,292,697	9,201,276	161,493,973	5,637,510	181,386	

		Primary Government			Component Units		
	Governmental Activities	Business-type Activities	Total	Airport	Cedar Rapids/ Linn County Solid Waste Agency	Cedar Rapids Public Library Foundation	
NET POSITION							
Net investment in capital assets	898,274,916	394,894,482	1,293,169,398	225,772,906	41,726,041	408,453	
Restricted for:							
Closure/postclosure care	-	-	-	-	964,740	-	
Donor restrictions - expendable	-	-	-	-	-	3,103,632	
Donor restrictions - non-expendable	112,990	-	112,990	-	-	1,609,171	
Debt service	5,219,169	-	5,219,169	-	-	-	
Community and economic development	4,884,297	-	4,884,297	-	-	-	
General government							
Vets memorial	2,097,228	-	2,097,228	-	-	-	
Animal control	239,477	-	239,477	-	-	-	
Public safety							
Fire	109,555	-	109,555	-	-	-	
Police	1,387,725	-	1,387,725	-	-	-	
Culture and recreation							
Library	1,204,277	-	1,204,277	-	-	-	
Band	185,284	-	185,284	-	-	-	
Parks	1,170,771	-	1,170,771	-	-	-	
Public works	147,605	-	147,605	-	-	-	
SSMID projects	160,024	-	160,024	-	-	-	
Capital projects	41,494,973	-	41,494,973	-	-	-	
Unrestricted	109,876,710	202,295,034	312,171,744	62,112,428	13,745,386	5,124,480	
	\$ 1,066,565,001	\$ 597,189,516	\$ 1,663,754,517	\$ 287,885,334	\$ 56,436,167	\$ 10,245,736	

City of Cedar Rapids, Iowa Statement of Activities For the Year Ended June 30, 2023

		Program Revenues				
Functions/Programs	Expenses	Charges for Services	Operating Grants and Contributions	Capital Grants and Contributions		
Primary government:	Lxperises	<u> </u>	Continuations	Continuations		
Governmental activities:						
Public safety	\$ 80,901,885	\$ 18,643,290	\$ 1,534,699	\$ 2,485,130		
Public works	62,319,734	5,689,586	32,428,438	ξ2, 7 03,130 52,727,102		
Culture and recreation	25,893,170	7,972,484	2,379,689	1,201,582		
Community and economic development	32,035,184	1,060,519	13,872,348	155,581		
General government	35,863,517	29,852,370	5,701,275	75,000		
Interest on long-term debt	7,963,176	-	-	70,000		
Total governmental activities	244,976,666	63,218,249	55,916,449	56,644,395		
Business-type activities:						
Water	36,788,056	48,173,919	-	793,902		
Water pollution control	32,871,842	43,160,071	138,515	1,009,836		
Sanitary sewer	8,075,808	13,506,032	-	914,583		
Alliant Energy PowerHouse	12,231,585	7,493,238	1,029,681	_		
DoubleTree by Hilton	12,305,090	12,169,983	-	-		
Ground transportation system	10,844,592	519,445	5,498,213	1,326,751		
Parking system	1,379,822	530,528	-	-		
Solid waste management	12,054,446	12,247,577	-	-		
Golf	3,217,065	3,877,358	=	278,517		
Storm sewer	1,415,739	8,479,208	=	-		
Paramount Theatre	4,368,084	2,912,299	829,157	-		
Ice arena	2,847,378	1,698,960				
Total business-type activities	138,399,507	154,768,618	7,495,566	4,323,589		
Total primary government	383,376,173	217,986,867	63,412,015	60,967,984		
Component units:						
Airport	27,218,062	22,160,569	12,248,546	23,242,198		
Cedar Rapids / Linn County Solid Waste Agency	15,012,887	10,631,007	132,906	-		
Cedar Rapids Public Library Foundation	792,246	-	922,617	-		
Total component units	43,023,195	32,791,576	13,304,069	23,242,198		

General revenues:

Property taxes
Hotel-Motel taxes
Local option sales taxes
Franchise taxes
Investment income

Gain on sale of assets

Transfers

Total general revenues and transfers

Change in net position Net position - beginning Net position - ending

Net (Expense) Revenue and Changes in Net Position

	Component Units			t	Primary Governmen		
Cedar Rapids Public Library Foundation	Cedar Rapids/ Linn County Solid Waste Agency	Airport	Total		Business-type Activities	Governmental Activities	
; -	\$ -	\$ -	(58,238,766)	\$	\$ -	(58,238,766)	\$
	-	-	28,525,392		-	28,525,392	
-	-	-	(14,339,415)		-	(14,339,415)	
-	-	=	(16,946,736)		-	(16,946,736)	
-	-	-	(234,872)		-	(234,872)	
	<u> </u>		(7,963,176)			(7,963,176)	
		-	(69,197,573)		-	(69,197,573)	
	-	-	12,179,765		12,179,765	-	
	-	=	11,436,580		11,436,580	=	
	=	-	6,344,807		6,344,807	-	
	-	-	(3,708,666)		(3,708,666)	-	
-	-	-	(135,107)		(135,107)	-	
-	-	-	(3,500,183)		(3,500,183)	-	
-	-	=	(849,294)		(849,294)	=	
-	-	-	193,131		193,131	-	
-	-	=	938,810		938,810	=	
-	-	-	7,063,469		7,063,469	-	
-	-	-	(626,628) (1,148,418)		(626,628) (1,148,418)	-	
			28,188,266		28,188,266	<u> </u>	
	<u> </u>		(41,009,307)		28,188,266	(69,197,573)	
	-	30,433,251	_		-	_	
	(4,248,974)	-	-		-	-	
130,371	<u> </u>				<u> </u>		
130,371	(4,248,974)	30,433,251	<u>-</u>			<u>-</u>	
-	-	-	137,742,174		5,746,412	131,995,762	
-	=	=	4,590,549		=	4,590,549	
•	-	-	25,325,095		-	25,325,095	
750,695	- 1,001,651	825,453	11,210,521 10,170,758		3,519,286	11,210,521 6,651,472	
130,095	4,654	22,035	63,082		63,082	0,001,412	
	-,034	22,033	-		144,216	(144,216)	
750,695	1,006,305	847,488	189,102,179		9,472,996	179,629,183	
881,066	(3,242,669)	31,280,739	148,092,872		37,661,262	110,431,610	
9,364,670	59,678,836	256,604,595	1,515,661,645		559,528,254	956,133,391	
10,245,736	\$ 56,436,167	\$ 287,885,334	1,663,754,517	\$	\$ 597,189,516	1,066,565,001	\$ 1

City of Cedar Rapids, Iowa Balance Sheet Governmental Funds June 30, 2023

		General	frastructure Construction	Flood Mitigation	2020 Derecho	Special Revenue Other		Nonmajor overnmental Funds		Total
ASSETS										
Cash and investments Receivables:	\$	98,707,960	\$ 37,145,325	\$ 26,503,041	\$ -	\$ 41,921,072	\$	80,939,811	\$	285,217,209
Taxes Accounts, net \$25,504,412 of allowance		62,923,141	-	-	-	-		78,719,358		141,642,499
for doubtful accounts		4,915,122	383,802	-	-	12,559		393,664		5,705,147
Special assessments		541,525	3,594,252	-	-	-		31,694		4,167,471
Interest		1,785,761	-	-	-	1,350		430,201		2,217,312
Leases		49,788	-	-	-	4,989,225		-		5,039,013
Advance to other funds		272,111	-	-	-	-		-		272,111
Due from other funds		251,101	7,599,933	-	-	-		-		7,851,034
Due from other governments		261,131	8,544,012	-	18,034,204	100,315		5,006,095		31,945,757
Notes receivable, net \$72,099 of allowance		3,268	-	-	-	23,163		1,647,676		1,674,107
Inventories		866,609	-	-	-	-		-		866,609
Prepaid items		1,074,359	13,822	32,635,959	-	364,741		611,175		34,700,056
Other assets		307,482								307,482
Total assets	_	171,959,358	 57,281,146	59,139,000	18,034,204	47,412,425	_	167,779,674	_	521,605,807
LIABILITIES										
Vouchers payable		6,127,394	13,551,024	5,705,226	629,609	1,638,329		5,291,292		32,942,874
Contracts payable		697	2,689,301	2,317,429	308,526	-		377,864		5,693,817
Accrued expenditures		3,540,520	-	-	-	14,906		46,474		3,601,900
Revenues collected in advance		1,150,817	43,772	-	-	21,314,271		89,915		22,598,775
Due to other funds		-	-	-	14,999,352	-		7,851,034		22,850,386
Due to component unit		43,782,345	-	-	-	-		-		43,782,345
Due to general public		-	-	-	-	263,767		307,992		571,759
Due to other governments		199,422	-	-	-	-		1,967,365		2,166,787
Security deposits		1,915	 			489,599				491,514
Total liabilities		54,803,110	 16,284,097	8,022,655	15,937,487	23,720,872		15,931,936	_	134,700,157
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES										
Lease related deferred inflows		48,964	-	-	-	5,514,225		-		5,563,189
Unavailable revenue - property taxes		62,615,417	-	-	-	-		75,119,183		137,734,600
Unavailable revenue - other taxes		-	-	-	-	-		1,202,370		1,202,370
Unavailable revenue - intergovernmental		140,105	5,559,343	-	17,990,477	83,104		1,169,540		24,942,569
Unavailable revenue - special assessments			 3,594,252							3,594,252
Total deferred inflows of resources		62,804,486	 9,153,595		17,990,477	5,597,329		77,491,093	_	173,036,980
FUND BALANCES (DEFICITS)										
Nonspendable		1,940,968	13,822	32,635,959	-	477,731		611,175		35,679,655
Restricted		2,430,117	13,956,454	18,480,386	-	3,619,831		80,009,725		118,496,513
Committed		-	-	-	-	14,597,557		-		14,597,557
Assigned		-	17,873,178	-	-	-		-		17,873,178
Unassigned		49,980,677	 		(15,893,760)	(600,895)		(6,264,255)		27,221,767
Total fund balances (deficits)		54,351,762	31,843,454	51,116,345	(15,893,760)	18,094,224		74,356,645		213,868,670
Total liabilities, deferred inflows of resources and fund balances (deficits)	\$	171,959,358	\$ 57,281,146	\$ 59,139,000	\$ 18,034,204	\$ 47,412,425	\$	167,779,674	\$	521,605,807

City of Cedar Rapids, Iowa Reconciliation of the Balance Sheet of Governmental Funds to the Statement of Net Position June 30, 2023

Fund balances-total governmental funds	\$ 213,868,670
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of net position are different because:	
Capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial resources and, therefore, are not reported in funds.	1,127,392,411
Other long-term assets not available to pay for current-period expenditures and, therefore, are reported as deferred inflows of resources in the funds	29,739,191
Pension related deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources are not due and payable in the current year and, therefore, are not reported in the governmental funds as follows:	
Deferred outflows of resources 16,371,138 Deferred inflows of resources (4,035,906)	12,335,232
Internal service funds: 34,535,894 Capital assets 34,535,894 Other current assets 72,653,851 Internal balances 2,473,859 Deferred outflows of resources 4,239,784 Other current liabilities (6,201,254) Noncurrent liabilities (25,794,100) Deferred inflows of resources (4,382,704)	
Internal service funds allocated to business-type activities	(5,196,784)
Long-term liabilities, including bonds payable, compensated absences payable, net pension liabilities, lease agreements and accrued interest payable, are not due and payable in current period and therefore are not reported in the funds: Compensated absences (7,788,771) Lease agreements (969,021) IT Subscriptions (994,023) Net pension liability (68,453,045) Bonds payable (293,947,140) Bond premium (15,627,802) Bond discount 122,686 Deferred gain on refunding, net of loss (565,397) Accrued interest on long-term debt (876,536)	

The notes to the financial statements are an integral part of this statement.

Net position of governmental activities

\$ 1,066,565,001

City of Cedar Rapids, Iowa Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances Governmental Funds For the Year Ended June 30, 2023

Revenues:	General	Infrastructure Construction	Flood Mitigation	2020 Derecho	Special Revenue Other	Nonmajor Governmental Funds	Total
Property taxes	\$ 61,037,203	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 70.958.559	\$ 131,995,762
Hotel-Motel taxes	\$ 01,037,203	J	• -	φ <u>-</u>	φ - -	4,620,039	4,620,039
Local option sales taxes						26,151,254	26,151,254
Franchise taxes	11,210,521		_			20,131,234	11,210,521
Licenses and permits	3,505,249	-	-	-	8.300	-	3.513.549
Intergovernmental	4.633.344	7,289,656	-	16.814.149	5.385.773	47.554.585	81.677.507
Charges for services	30,876,183	7,209,000	-	10,014,149	133,244	225,381	31,234,808
Fines and forfeits		-	-	-		225,301	
	13,359,125	-	-	-	9,200	-	13,368,325
Use of money and property	3,604,323	78,267	-	-	107,799	2,544,695	6,335,084
Rents and royalties	717,885		-	-	111,260		829,145
Miscellaneous	431,363	453,801			2,888,409	1,353,771	5,127,344
Total revenues	129,375,196	7,821,724		16,814,149	8,643,985	153,408,284	316,063,338
Expenditures: Current:							
Public safety	81,971,907	-	-	_	1,883,196	655,943	84,511,046
Public works	27,748,926	1,436,359	322,315	192,917	· · · -	1,235,136	30,935,653
Culture and recreation	23,045,775	-	-	333,745	456,530	660,811	24,496,861
Community and economic development	6,040,930	-	_	3,793	3,942,128	22,124,240	32,111,091
General government	22,717,826	-	_	1,237,817	133,474	1,084,321	25,173,438
Debt service:							
Principal	1,254,338	_	_	_	43.033	19,284,839	20,582,210
Interest	106,421	_	_	_	582	8,916,619	9.023.622
Bond issuance costs	,	_	_	_		386.576	386.576
Capital outlay	1,294,116	57,019,895	48,952,444	3,852,675	2,822,637	15,590,354	129,532,121
Total expenditures	164,180,239	58,456,254	49,274,759	5,620,947	9,281,580	69,938,839	356,752,618
Total experiatores	104,100,200	00,400,204	40,214,100	0,020,041	0,201,000	00,000,000	000,702,010
Excess (deficiency) of revenues							
over expenditures	(34,805,043)	(50,634,530)	(49,274,759)	11,193,202	(637,595)	83,469,445	(40,689,280)
Other Financing Sources (Uses):							
Long-term debt issued	_	10,901,459	34,780,000	_	_	7,610,500	53,291,959
Premium on bonds issued	_	1,923,541	1,220,000	_	_	399,745	3,543,286
Insurance recoveries		1,020,041	1,220,000	4,538,711		000,140	4,538,711
Proceeds from sale of capital assets	170.115			4,550,711	110.025	40	280.180
Lease arrangements	77.918				130,754	40	208,672
IT subscriptions	1.018.845	-	-	-	130,734	-	1.018.845
Transfers in	, ,	40 470 604	22.570.426	417,308	3.189.195	15.874.596	126.128.842
	41,604,696	42,472,621 (739,611)	22,510,426	417,308	.,,		(125,728,842
Transfers (out)	(7,990,473)		F0 F70 400	4.050.040	(6,461,047)	(110,601,277)	
Total other financing sources (uses)	34,881,101	54,558,010	58,570,426	4,956,019	(3,031,073)	(86,716,396)	63,218,087
Net change in fund balances (deficits)	76,058	3,923,480	9,295,667	16,149,221	(3,668,668)	(3,246,951)	22,528,807
Fund balances (deficits) - July 1, 2022	54,275,704	27,919,974	41,820,678	(32,042,981)	21,762,892	77,603,596	191,339,863
Fund balances (deficits) - June 30, 2023	\$ 54,351,762	\$ 31,843,454	\$ 51,116,345	\$ (15,893,760)	\$ 18,094,224	\$ 74,356,645	\$ 213,868,670

City of Cedar Rapids, Iowa Reconciliation of the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances of Governmental Funds To the Statement of Activities For the Year Ended June 30, 2023

	ernmental funds	\$	22,528
Amounts reported for governme different because:	ntal activities in the statement of activities are		
statement of activities the cos			
	Capital outlay	129,532,121	
	Contributions of capital assets Depreciation and amortization expense	4,384,532 (37,475,935)	96,440
	roceeds from sale of capital assets		(280
Transfer of capital assets to bus Loss on sale of capital assets	iness-type activities		(1,298 (144
Revenues in the statement of acresources are not reported as	ctivities that do not provide current financial revenues in the funds		21,74
funds, while the repayment of financial resources of governr effect on net position. Also, g discounts, and similar items w are deferred and amortized in	provides current financial resources to governmental the principal long-term debt consumes the current mental funds. Neither transaction, however, has any overnmental funds report the effect of premiums, hen debt is first issued, whereas these amounts the statement of activities. This amount is the net me treatment of long-term debt and related items: Payments of bond principal Lease agreements IT Subscriptions Premium on bond issued Issuance of debt Accrued interest Amortization	19,284,839 160,056 (90,204) (3,543,286) (53,291,959) (133,485) 1,580,507	(36,033
The current year City employer	share of IPERS and MFPRSI contributions are e governmental funds, but are reported as a in the statement of net position.		11,297
deferred outflow of resources Some expenses reported in the	statement of activities do not require the use of d, therefore, are not reported as expenditures in s:		
deferred outflow of resources Some expenses reported in the current financial resources an	d, therefore, are not reported as expenditures in		(236 (4,425

The notes to the financial statements are an integral part of this statement.

Change in net position - governmental activities

\$ 110,431,610

City of Cedar Rapids, Iowa Statement of Net Position

Proprietary Funds
June 30, 2023

		Business-type Activiti	es - Enterprise Funds	;
	Water	Water Pollution Control	Sanitary Sewer	Alliant Energy PowerHouse
ASSETS	water	Control	Sewei	1 Owell louse
Current assets: Cash and investments	\$ 52,490,281	\$ 78,061,042	\$ 25,009,475	\$ 5,353,769
Receivables: Taxes	_	_	_	_
Accounts and unbilled usage, net				
\$801,001 of allowance for doubtful accounts	5,312,394	7,088,904	144,159	113,611
Interest Leases	56,731 41,335	40,710	-	-
Due from other funds	41,333	-	-	-
Due from other governments	-	105,716	90,273	-
Inventories	409,190	-	- 0.000	29,683
Prepaid items Other assets	73,257	56,036	2,023	32,054 19,771
Total current assets	58,383,188	85,352,408	25,245,930	5,548,888
Noncurrent assets:				<u> </u>
Advance to other funds Restricted cash and investments	16,589,307	5,994,208	4,009,472	-
Land	1,300,746	1,361,147	1,262,327	9,345,614
Buildings and structures	56,691,940	97,451,394	-	102,314,902
Improvements other than buildings	276,490,598	136,197,997	183,420,588	709,948
Machinery and equipment Right-to-use leased buildings and structures	6,378,972	1,281,513	1,164,213	951,428
Right-to-use leased equipment	-	101,900	-	-
IT subscriptions	-	-	-	-
Accumulated depreciation and amortization Construction in progress	(135,740,097) 26,669,682	(174,178,643)	(67,471,796)	(30,367,855)
Total noncurrent assets	248,381,148	17,270,729 85,480,245	192,671 122,577,475	82.954.037
Total assets	306,764,336	170,832,653	147,823,405	88,502,925
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES Pension related deferred outflows	898,285	742,502	195,140	
OPEB related deferred outflows		742,302	193,140	-
Deferred loss on refunding	17,623	15,172	2,692	
Total deferred outflows of resources	915,908	757,674	197,832	
LIABILITIES				
Current liabilities:				
Vouchers payable	5,620,287	4,555,800	974,210	5,310
Contracts payable	1,385,702	328,560	193,234	-
Claims and judgments payable Accrued expenses	349,556	275,631	82,742	4,271,378
Compensated absences	579,466	471,549	99,448	-
Revenues collected in advance	-	-	-	1,017,463
Due to other governments	324,435 3,490	110,808	-	-
Due to general public Security deposits	1,552,424	-	-	-
Notes payable	3,125,000	977,000	-	-
General obligation bonds payable, net	1,465,000	685,000	850,000	2,276,000
Revenue bonds payable, net Lease agreements	4,795,000	3,135,000	1,050,000	-
IT subscriptions	-	-	-	-
Matured bonds interest payable	299,814	154,938	62,493	57,510
Total current liabilities	19,500,174	10,694,286	3,312,127	7,627,661
Noncurrent liabilities: Advance from other funds	_	_	_	_
Claims and judgments payable	-	-	-	-
General obligation bonds payable, net	1,205,350	1,887,755	1,532,609	28,128,919
Revenue bonds payable, net Notes payable	78,671,323 24,664,826	45,521,646 13,406,720	18,392,718	-
Lease agreements	24,004,020	13,400,720	-	-
IT subscriptions	-	-	-	-
Total OPEB liabilities	-	-	-	-
Closure/post closure landfill Net pension liability	3,400,463	974,600 2,810,748	738,705	-
Total noncurrent liabilities	107.941.962	64.601.469	20.664.032	28,128,919
Total liabilities	127,442,136	75,295,755	23,976,159	35,756,580
DEFENDED INELOWIS OF BESSURDES				
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES Lease related deferred inflows	39,765	_	_	_
Pension related deferred inflows	597,090	493,541	129,710	-
OPEB related deferred inflows	-	-	-	-
Deferred gain on refunding	250,255	39,418	13,744	342,749
Property taxes Total deferred inflows of resources	887,110	532,959	143,454	342,749
Total deletted lilliows of resources	007,110_	332,339	140,404	542,148
NET POSITION				
Net investment in capital assets Unrestricted	132,836,315 46,514,683	19,514,318 76,247,295	100,547,862 23,353,762	52,206,369 197,227
Omeanicled	\$ 179,350,998	\$ 95,761,613	\$ 123,901,624	\$ 52,403,596

Total enterprise fund net position

Amounts reported for business-type activities in the statement of net position are different due to:
Internal service funds are used by management to charge the cost of certain services to individual funds.
The assets and liabilities of the internal service funds are included in governmental activities in the
statement of net position. The cumulative effect of the internal service funds allocated to enterprise funds.

Governmental Activities - Internal Service Funds	Total		Nonmajor Enterprise Funds	DoubleTree by Hilton
\$ 49,755,141	221,269,393	\$	\$ 50,814,491	\$ 9,540,335
-	5,772,444		5,772,444	-
4,714,167	16,642,031		3,247,581	735,382
119 125,135	97,441 845,887		804,552	-
14,999,352	-		-	-
114,254	244,201		48,212	- 22 720
609,101 2,336,582	578,323 317,035		105,712 37,236	33,738 116,429
	623,687		109,891	494,025
72,653,851	246,390,442		60,940,119	10,919,909
2,473,859	-		-	-
1,016,663	34,353,980 22,911,452		7,760,993 9,641,618	-
6,270,815	410,513,996		114,216,698	39,839,062
2,118,571	611,999,517		15,180,386	-
76,836,612	26,891,714		17,051,635	63,953
154,638 53,219	43,067 673,546		43,067 571,646	-
-	68,336		68,336	-
(53,477,917	(491,454,501)		(73,994,708)	(9,701,402)
1,563,293 37,009,753	48,931,384 664,932,491		4,798,302 95,337,973	30,201,613
109,663,604	911,322,933	_	156,278,092	41,121,522
678,413	2,757,388		921,461	-
3,561,371	35,487		-	-
4,239,784	2,792,875		921,461	
3,538,418	13,944,739		2,604,995	184,137
	2,065,648		158,152	· -
2,011,043	- 0.70.000		700.040	
259,457 352,247	8,978,636 1,696,250		790,640 545,787	3,208,689
24,373	2,216,509		880,684	318,362
-	456,439		21,196	-
-	3,490 1,554,799		2,375	-
-	4,102,000		-	_
-	8,658,109		412,109	2,970,000
15,716	8,980,000 115,240		115,240	-
10,710	16,688		16,688	-
	641,888		33,976	33,157
6,201,254	53,430,435		5,581,842	6,714,345
7,115,446	2,745,970		2,745,970	-
	64,345,992		9,268,905	22,322,454
-	142,585,687		-	-
99,100	38,071,546 293,772		293,772	-
16,011,416	35,684		35,684	-
-	974,600		-	-
2,568,138	10,438,114		3,488,198	-
25,794,100 31,995,354	259,491,365 312 921 800	-	15,832,529 21 414 371	22,322,454
01,000,001	012,021,000	_	21,111,011	20,000,700
	821,858		782,093	-
123,092			612,496	-
450,941	1,832,837		_	-
	-		109	156.855
450,941 3,808,671	803,130 5,743,451		109 5,743,451	156,855
450,941	803,130			156,855 - 156,855
450,941 3,808,671 - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - -	803,130 5,743,451 9,201,276	_	5,743,451 7,138,149	156,855
450,941 3,808,671	803,130 5,743,451	_	5,743,451	-

^{\$ 591,992,732}

^{5,196,784} \$ 597,189,516

City of Cedar Rapids, Iowa Statement of Revenues, Expenses, and Changes in Net Position Proprietary Funds For the Year Ended June 30, 2023

	Business-type Activities - Enterprise Funds						s
	Water Pollution			Sanitary		All	iant Energy
		Water	Control		Sewer	P	owerHouse
Operating revenues:							
Charges for services	\$	47,212,236	\$ 42,712,963	\$	13,392,834	\$	7,493,238
Use of money and property		844,718	442,009		2,786		-
Rents and royalties		16,485	-		-		-
Miscellaneous		100,480	5,099		110,412		-
Total operating revenues		48,173,919	43,160,071	_	13,506,032	_	7,493,238
Operating expenses:							
Personal services		10,154,190	8,102,579		2,129,336		-
Purchased services		9,826,585	11,442,548		1,947,126		8,156,969
Supplies and materials		6,167,171	5,825,178		492,425		1,268,007
Other		372,538	205,420		18,982		-
Depreciation and amortization		7,360,275	5,512,002		2,811,926		2,116,301
Total operating expenses		33,880,759	31,087,727	_	7,399,795	_	11,541,277
Operating income (loss)		14,293,160	12,072,344		6,106,237		(4,048,039)
Nonoperating revenues (expenses):							
Intergovernmental		-	138,515		-		1,029,681
Investment earnings		912,275	1,325,206		418,761		14,558
Property tax revenue		-	-		-		-
Gain (loss) on sale of capital assets		11,821	11,427		10,630		-
Bond issuance costs		(161,699)	-		-		-
Interest and amortization expense		(2,585,022)	(1,636,573)		(646,309)		(632,298)
Total nonoperating revenue (expenses)		(1,822,625)	(161,425)		(216,918)		411,941
Income (loss) before transfers							
and capital contributions		12,470,535	11,910,919		5,889,319		(3,636,098)
Capital contributions		793,902	1,009,836		914,583		_
Transfers in		477,683	-		488,685		3,225,518
Transfers out		(575,783)	(131,802)		(11,045)		-
Change in net position		13,166,337	12,788,953		7,281,542		(410,580)
Total net position, beginning		166,184,661	82,972,660		116,620,082		52,814,176
Total net position, ending	\$	179,350,998	\$ 95,761,613	\$	123,901,624	\$	52,403,596

Net changes in net position in enterprise funds

Internal service funds are used by management to charge various costs of various activities internally to individual funds. The net expense of certain activities of internal service funds is reported with business-type activities

Change in net position of business-type activities

DoubleTree	Nonmajor		Governmental Activities - Internal
by Hilton	•	Total	
by Hillon	Enterprise Funds	Total	Service Funds
\$ 12,169,983	\$ 27,991,661	\$ 150,972,915	\$ 55,500,293
-	33,942	1,323,455	5,297
-	1,230,393	1,246,878	3,885,766
	1,009,379	1,225,370	3,194,164
12,169,983	30,265,375	154,768,618	62,585,520
-	10,816,542	31,202,647	7,622,775
8,464,651	14,426,583	54,264,462	41,491,524
1,734,242	4,685,030	20,172,053	6,772,400
668,738	1,547,151	2,812,829	330,847
930,274	3,924,468	22,655,246	6,379,039
11,797,905	35,399,774	131,107,237	62,596,585
372,078	(5,134,399)	23,661,381	(11,065)
072,070	(0,104,000)	20,001,001	(11,000)
_	6,327,370	7,495,566	_
76,013	772,473	3,519,286	327,794
-	5,746,412	5,746,412	-
(34,055)	(170,802)	(170,979)	351,197
-	(110,032)	(271,731)	-
(391,406)	(236,511)	(6,128,119)	(5,372)
(349,448)	12,328,910	10,190,435	673,619
22,630	7,194,511	33,851,816	662,554
-	1,605,268	4,323,589	-
3,365,327	918,643	8,475,856	1,707,130
(275,227)	(7,337,783)	(8,331,640)	(2,187,780)
3,112,730	2,380,639	38,319,621	181,904
8,815,138	126,266,394	553,673,111	77,343,426
\$ 11,927,868	\$ 128,647,033	\$ 591,992,732	\$ 77,525,330

38,319,621

(658,359) \$ 37,661,262

City of Cedar Rapids, Iowa Statement of Cash Flows Proprietary Funds For the Year Ended June 30, 2023

	Business-type Activities - Enterprise Funds					
	Water	Water Pollution Control	Sanitary Sewer	Alliant Energy PowerHouse		
						
Cash flows from operating activities:	\$ 47,842,713	\$ 41,561,487	\$ 13,480,854	\$ 7,439,675		
Cash received from users Cash paid to employees	(10,864,119)	(8,828,898)	(2,285,987)	\$ 7,439,675 -		
Cash paid to suppliers Net cash flows provided by	(16,749,521)	(15,287,575)	(2,041,243)	(9,403,284)		
(used in) operating activities	20,229,073	17,445,014	9,153,624	(1,963,609)		
Cash flows from non-capital financing activities:						
Loans to other funds Closure/post-closure landfill costs	-	22,000	-	-		
Intergovernmental	-	138,515	-	1,029,681		
Transfers in Transfers out	477,683 (575,783)	(131,802)	488,685 (11,045)	3,225,518		
Property taxes	-	-	-	-		
Net cash flows provided by (used in) non-capital financing activities	(98,100)	28,713	477,640	4,255,199		
Cash flows from capital and related						
financing activities:		(0.004.040)				
Purchase of capital assets Proceeds from sale of capital assets	(17,344,968) 11,821	(9,674,646) 11,427	(4,419,260) 10,630	-		
Capital contributions	-	1,009,836	-	-		
Lease agreements IT subscriptions	-	(51,967)	-	-		
Revenue bonds issued	10,030,000	-	-	-		
State revolving loan issued General obligation bonds issued	9,971,087	1,041,783	-	-		
Premium on bonds	540,913	-	-	-		
Principal paid Issuance costs paid	(9,123,000) (161,699)	(4,638,000)	(1,925,000)	(2,221,000)		
Interest paid	(3,286,985)	(2,037,688)	(834,855)	(732,851)		
Net cash flows provided by (used in) capital and related financing activities	(9,362,831)	(14,339,255)	(7,168,485)	(2,953,851)		
Cash flows from investing activities:						
Interest on investments	863,170	1,295,319	418,761	14,558		
Purchase of investments Sale of investments	(3,850,216) 1,430,490	(6,274,349) 2,120,877	(2,796,717) 656,257	470,710		
Net cash flows provided by (used in) investing activities	(1,556,556)	(2,858,153)	(1,721,699)	485,268		
Net increase (decrease) in cash and cash equivalents	9,211,586	276,319	741,080	(176,993)		
Cash and cash equivalents, July 1, 2022 Cash and cash equivalents, June 30, 2023	10,018,798 \$ 19,230,384	9,871,361 \$ 10,147,680	5,408,852 \$ 6,149,932	\$ 3,905,081		
outh and outh equivalence, dance out, 2020	Ψ 10,200,001	\$ 10,111,000	ψ 0,110,002	Ψ 0,000,001		
Reconciliation of operating income (loss) to net cash flows provided by (used in) operating activities						
Operating income (loss)	\$ 14,293,160	\$ 12,072,344	\$ 6,106,237	\$ (4,048,039)		
Adjustments to reconcile operating income (loss) to net cash flows provided by (used in) operating activities:						
Depreciation and amortization expense	7,360,275	5,512,002	2,811,926	2,116,301		
Change in assets and liabilities: (Increase) decrease in prepaid items	(44,870)	(23,938)	(991)	18,753		
Increase (decrease) in vouchers payable	(88,364)	2,209,509	418,281	2,963		
Increase (decrease) in accrued expenses Increase in compensated absences	54,413 30,208	27,413 6,561	14,267 33,088	796,439		
(Increase) decrease in accounts receivable	(850,102)	(1,512,663)	(39,943)	(81,274)		
(Increase) decrease in lease receivable (Increase) decrease in other assets	16,012	-	-	13,445		
(Increase) decrease in inventories	(249,993)	-	-	(24)		
(Increase) decrease in due from other governments Increase in due to general public	210,792 257	(105,716)	14,765	-		
Increase in due to other governments	219,460	19,795	-	(700.470)		
Increase (decrease) in revenues collected in advance Increase in security deposit	88,860	-	-	(782,173)		
Decrease in pension deferred outflows	24,108	44,453	12,676	-		
Increase (decrease) in lease deferred inflows (Decrease) in pension deferred inflows	(16,485) (4,096,781)	(3,511,117)	(927,824)	-		
Increase in net pension liability Decrease in OPEB deferred outflows	3,278,123	2,706,371	711,142	-		
Increase in OPEB deferred inflows	-	-	-	-		
(Decrease) in post-employment liability (Decrease) in open claims payable	-	-	-	-		
Net cash flows provided by (used in) operating activities	\$ 20,229,073	\$ 17,445,014	\$ 9,153,624	\$ (1,963,609)		
Reconciliation of cash and cash equivalents to specific assets						
on the combined statement of net position: Cash and investments	\$ 69,079,588	\$ 84,055,250	\$ 29,018,947	\$ 5,353,769		
Less items not meeting the definition of cash equivalents	(49,849,204)	(73,907,570)	(22,869,015)	(1,448,688)		
Cash and cash equivalents at end of the year	\$ 19,230,384	\$ 10,147,680	\$ 6,149,932	\$ 3,905,081		
Schedule of noncash investing and capital and related financing activities:						
Acquisition of capital assets through accounts and contracts payable	\$ 595,304	\$ 260,668	\$ (86,472)	\$ -		
Acquisition of capital assets through private contributions	\$ 793,902	\$ -	\$ 914,583	\$ -		
Acquisition of capital assets through leases	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -		
Change in fair market value on investments	\$ 279,845	\$ 414,904	\$ 128,383	\$ 8,133		

DoubleTree by Hilton	Nonmajor Enterprise Funds	Total	Governmental Activities - Internal Service Funds
\$ 13,320,391 - (11,517,146)	\$ 29,404,599 (11,337,082) (20,262,389)	\$ 153,049,719 (33,316,086) (75,261,158)	\$ 61,266,285 (7,374,617) (49,907,701)
1,803,245	(2,194,872)	44,472,475	3,983,967
3,365,327 (275,227)	(440,698) - 6,396,084 918,643 (7,337,783) 5,750,239	(440,698) 22,000 7,564,280 8,475,856 (8,331,640) 5,750,239	17,520,351 - 1,707,130 (2,187,780) - 17,039,701
(2,940,000) - (427,822)	(3,798,555) 33,998 1,326,751 (110,660) (15,964) - 6,423,041 110,173 (244,161) (110,032) (221,300)	(35,237,429) 67,876 2,336,587 (162,627) (15,964) 10,030,000 11,012,870 6,423,041 (51,086 (21,091,161) (271,731) (7,541,501)	(8,396,249) 614,725 - (42,279) - - - - - (5,372)
(3,367,822)	3,393,291	(33,798,953)	(7,829,175)
76,013 (323,451) 74,669 (172,769)	772,473 (1,942,889) 1,356,421 186,005	3,440,294 (15,187,622) 6,109,424 (5,637,904)	327,814 (8,874,073) 3,291,355 (5,254,904)
1,352,754 5,585,552 \$ 6,938,306	6,670,909 4,739,475 \$ 11,410,384	18,075,655 39,706,112 \$ 57,781,767	7,939,589 27,574 \$ 7,967,163
\$ 372,078	\$ (5,134,399)	\$ 23,661,381	\$ (11,065)
930,274	3,924,468	22,655,246	6,379,039
(20,319) (151,953) (151,953) (471,979) 	34,020 562,004 165,560 10,630 (111,358) 37,724 (3,494) (11,603) 	(37,345) 2,952,440 586,113 80,487 (2,430,618) 53,736 677,275 (266,884) 119,841 257 251,020 (1,217,505) 90,235 121,232 (64,861) (12,815,887) 10,056,312	(498,290) 1,204,662 28,642 30,881 (1,255,228) (125,135) - 15,225 (47,592) - (14,372) - 26,274 123,092 (3,135,073) 2,474,674 1,040,140 450,638 (668,018)
\$ 1,803,245	\$ (2,194,872)	\$ 44,472,475	(2,034,527) \$ 3,983,967
\$ 9,540,335 (2,602,029) \$ 6,938,306	\$ 58,575,484 (47,165,100) \$ 11,410,384	\$ 255,623,373 (197,841,606) \$ 57,781,767	\$ 49,755,141 \$ (41,787,978) \$ 7,967,163
\$ -	\$ 54,344	\$ 823,844	\$ (2,931)
\$ -	\$ 278,517	\$ 1,987,002	\$ -
\$ -	\$ 6,711	\$ 6,711	\$ 83,055
\$ 14,607	\$ 265,355	\$ 1,111,227	\$ 234,591

City of Cedar Rapids, Iowa Statement of Fiduciary Net Position Custodial Funds June 30, 2023

	Corridor Metropoli Planning Organiza	
ASSETS		
Cash and investments	\$	154,856
Due from other governments		172,760
Prepaid items		1,250
Total assets	\$	328,866
LIABILITIES		
Vouchers payable	\$	43,726
Total liabilities	\$	43,726
NET POSITION		
Restricted, other organizations	\$	285,140

City of Cedar Rapids, Iowa Statement of Changes in Fiduciary Net Position Custodial Funds For the Year Ended June 30, 2023

	or Metropolitan g Organization
Additions	
Grant reimbursements	\$ 416,130
Member dues	144,298
Other local revenue	22,091
Interest	 3,133
Total additions	\$ 585,652
Deductions	
Salaries and fringe benefits	\$ 283,020
Professional and technical service fees	123,934
Other fees	7,758
Supplies and materials	4,050
Computer software maintenance	71,183
Insurance	2,498
Advertising	40
Telephone	1,544
Printing, binding and duplicating	1,295
Travel and mileage	15,012
Dues and memberships	440
Postage and freight	10
Rent	10,202
Total deductions	\$ 520,986
Change in net position	\$ 64,666
Total net position, beginning	220,474
Total net position, ending	\$ 285,140

Note 1: Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

Reporting Entity

The City of Cedar Rapids, incorporated in 1849, operates under the council-manager form of government. The City provides a broad range of service to its citizens, including general government, public safety, street cleaning and maintenance, cultural, and park facilities. It also operates a parking system, a mass transportation system, water, sewer and other sanitation utilities, several recreational, convention and entertainment oriented facilities, and through its component units, an airport and solid waste disposal facilities.

In accordance with Governmental Accounting and Financial Reporting Standards, the basic financial statements include all funds, organizations, agencies, boards, commissions, authorities and material component units and have been prepared in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, as applied to governmental units. The Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) is the accepted standard setting body for establishing governmental accounting and financial reporting principles.

The accompanying financial statements present the City and its component units. Component units, although legally separate entities, are, in substance, part of the City's operations. The component units discussed below are included in the City's reporting entity because of the significance of their operational or financial relationships with the City. Each discretely presented component unit is reported in a separate column in the government-wide financial statements to emphasize that it is legally separate from the City. Each entity has a June 30 year end. They are as follows:

- 1. The Eastern Iowa Airport (Airport) and related parking is operated by the Cedar Rapids Airport Commission. The Commission has all the powers granted to the City except for the authority to sell the airport. The Mayor appoints the members of the Airport Commission with City Council approval. The City also approves its operating budget. The Eastern Iowa Airport does not publish its own annual financial report.
- 2. The Cedar Rapids/Linn County Solid Waste Agency (Agency) is the result of a 28E agreement as provided under the Code of Iowa. The Agency disposes of solid wastes into the combined City/County landfills in an integrated manner for the public benefit. The City of Cedar Rapids has the authority to appoint the majority of the Agency's board of directors, and is able to impose its will on the Agency's operations. The Agency publishes its own annual financial report, which is available at their office, 1954 County Home Road, Marion, Iowa 52302 upon request. Further reference regarding the City's ongoing financial interest as a result of this agreement can be found in Note 14 Closure and Post closure Care Cost.
- 3. The Cedar Rapids Public Library Foundation is a nonprofit corporation organized under the laws of the State of Iowa. The purpose the Foundation is to provide resources to be used for the direct benefit of the Cedar Rapids Public Library, a department of the City. The Foundation is considered a discretely presented component unit under GASB 39. The Foundation publishes its own annual financial report, using the Financial Accounting Standards Board guidance reporting model, which is available at their office, 450 5th Ave S.E., Cedar Rapids, IA 52401.

Government-wide and fund financial statements

The government-wide financial statements (i.e., the statement of net position and the statement of activities) report information on all of the non-fiduciary activities of the City and its component units. For the most part, the effect of interfund activity has been removed from these statements. Interfund services provided and used are not eliminated from these statements. Governmental activities, which normally are supported by taxes and intergovernmental revenues, are reported separately from business-type activities, which rely to a significant extent on fees and charges for services. Likewise, the City is reported separately from discrete component units.

The statement of activities demonstrates the degree to which the direct expenses of a given function or segments are offset by program revenues. Direct expenses are those that are clearly identifiable with a specific function or segment. Program revenues include 1) charges to customers or applicants who purchase, use, or directly benefit from goods, services, or privileges provided by a given function or segment and 2) grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular function or segment. Taxes and other items not properly included among program revenues are reported instead as general revenues.

Separate financial statements are provided for governmental funds, proprietary funds, and fiduciary funds, even though the latter are excluded from the government-wide financial statements. Major individual governmental funds and major individual enterprise funds are reported as separate columns in the fund financial statements. Non-major funds are combined into a single column within the governmental and proprietary funds in the financial section of the basic financial statements and are detailed in the supplemental information.

Measurement focus, basis of accounting, and financial statement presentation

The government-wide financial statements are reported using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting, as are the proprietary fund and fiduciary fund financial statements. Revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded when a liability is incurred, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Property taxes are recognized as revenues in the year for which they are levied and budgeted for. Grants and similar items are recognized as revenue as soon as all eligibility requirements imposed by the provider have been met.

Governmental fund financial statements are reported using the current financial resources measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recognized as soon as they are both measurable and available (susceptible to accrual). Revenues are considered to be available when they are collectible within the current period or soon enough thereafter to pay liabilities of the current period. For this purpose, the City considers revenues to be available if they are collected within 60 days of the end of the current fiscal period. Expenditures generally are recorded when a liability is incurred, as under accrual accounting. However, debt service expenditures, as well as expenditures related to compensated absences, pensions and claims and judgments, are recorded only when payment is due (matured).

Property taxes, when levied for, franchise taxes, licenses, permits, fines and forfeitures, rents and royalties, charges for services and interest associated with the current fiscal period are all considered to be susceptible to accrual and so have been recognized as revenues of the current fiscal period. Only the portion of special assessments receivable due within the current fiscal period is considered to be susceptible to accrual as revenue of the current period.

Substantially all shared revenues are recorded when the underlying exchange transaction has occurred.

Revenue from federal awards is recognized when the City has done everything necessary to meet the eligibility requirements. For governmental funds, revenue from federal grants is recognized when they become both measurable and available. Miscellaneous and other revenues are recorded as revenue when received in cash because they are generally not measurable until actually received.

The City of Cedar Rapids reports the following major governmental funds:

General Fund

The General Fund accounts for and reports all financial resources not accounted for and reported in another fund. The revenues of the General Fund are primarily derived from general property taxes, charges for services, fines and forfeitures, licenses and permits, and certain revenues from state and federal sources. The expenditures of the General Fund primarily relate to general administration, police and fire protection, streets and public buildings operation and maintenance, and parks and recreation oriented activities.

Infrastructure Construction Fund

The Infrastructure Construction Fund (a capital project fund) accounts for the construction or replacement of City infrastructure capital assets such as streets, bridges, dams, sidewalks, and storm sewers.

Flood Mitigation Fund

The Flood Mitigation Fund (a capital project fund) accounts for the construction related to the city's flood control system along the Cedar River.

2020 Derecho Fund

The 2020 Derecho Fund (a capital project fund) accounts for the construction, repairs and cleanup related to the August 2020 derecho that impacted the City.

Special Revenue Other Fund

The Special Revenue Other Fund (a special revenue fund) accounts for various revenues that are restricted or committed for a specific purpose.

The City reports the following major enterprise funds:

Water Fund

The Water Fund accounts for the operation and maintenance of the City's water system.

Water Pollution Control Fund

The Water Pollution Control Fund accounts for the operation and maintenance of the City's water pollution control facility. This facility also provides services to the cities of Hiawatha, Marion, and Robins, Iowa for fees based on usage.

Sanitary Sewer Fund

The Sanitary Sewer Fund accounts for the operation and maintenance of the City's sanitary sewer system.

Alliant Energy PowerHouse

The Alliant Energy PowerHouse accounts for the operation, maintenance, and construction of the Convention Complex and Parking Ramp. Included in the capital improvement program is the construction of the convention center and parking ramp.

DoubleTree by Hilton

The DoubleTree by Hilton accounts for the operation, maintenance, and construction of the Hotel and Skywalk.

Additionally, the City reports the following fund types:

Internal service funds account for the financing of goods or services provided by one department or agency to other departments or agencies of the City, or to other governments, on a cost reimbursement basis. These include the risk management activities, joint communications, fleet services and facility maintenance services for the City.

Special revenue funds account for and report the proceeds of specific revenue sources that are restricted or committed to expenditures for specified purposes other than debt service or capital projects.

Capital project funds accounts for and reports financial resources that are restricted, committed, or assigned to expenditures for capital outlays, including the acquisition or construction of capital facilities and other capital assets that are not related to proprietary activities of the City.

Fiduciary funds account for assets held by the City in a trustee or custodial capacity for others which cannot be used to support the City's own programs. Custodial funds are used to hold assets that benefit another individual, organization or government entity. The City holds these assets until it is determined how and where the resources should be appropriated/redistributed. These funds are not included in the government-wide statements because the assets are not owned by the City.

Nonmajor enterprise funds account for operations and activities that are financed and operated in a manner similar to a private business enterprise, and where the costs of providing goods or services to the general public on a continuing basis are expected to be financed or recovered primarily through user charges, or where the City has decided that periodic determination of revenues earned, expenses incurred, and/or net income is appropriate for capital maintenance, public policy, management control, accountability, or other purposes. The City has seven funds classified as nonmajor enterprise funds and they are as follows: Transit System, Parking System, Solid Waste Management, Golf, Storm Sewer, Paramount Theatre and Ice Arena.

Transactions among City funds that would be treated as revenues and expenditures or expenses if they involved organizations external to City government are accounted for as revenues and expenditures or expenses in the funds involved.

Transactions, which constitute reimbursements to a fund for expenditures initially made from it, which are properly applicable to another fund, are recorded as expenditures in the reimbursing fund and as reductions of expenditures in the reimbursed fund.

Transactions, which constitute the transfer of resources from a fund receiving revenues to a fund through which the revenues are to be expended, are separately reported in the respective funds' operating statements.

Proprietary funds distinguish operating revenues and expenses from non-operating items. Operating revenues and expenses generally result from providing services and producing and delivering goods in connection with a proprietary fund's principal ongoing operations. The principal operating revenues of proprietary funds are user fees and charges to customers for sales and services. Operating expenses for proprietary funds include the cost of sales and services, administrative expenses, claims, and depreciation on capital assets. All revenues and expenses not meeting this definition are reported as non-operating revenues and expenses.

Capital contributions include both cash and noncash contributions. Revenue is recognized at the time the cash is received or at the time noncash items are accepted or approved by Council.

Assets, deferred outflows of resources, liabilities, deferred inflows of resources and net position or fund balances

Cash Management and Investments

The City maintains one primary demand deposit account through which the majority of the City's cash resources are processed.

Substantially all City investment activity is transacted by the City in an investment pool, except for those funds required to maintain their investments separately. The earnings on the pooled investments are allocated to the funds on a systematic basis.

For purposes of the Statement of Cash Flows, the City considers investments with maturities of 90 days or less of when purchased to be cash equivalents.

Receivables and Payables

Accounts receivables consists of outstanding payments for licenses and permits, fines and forfeits, rents and royalties and charges for services. These receivables are recorded net of allowance.

Activity between funds that are representative of lending/borrowing arrangements outstanding at the end of the fiscal year are referred to as either "due to/from other funds" (i.e., the current portion of interfund loans) or "advances to/from other funds" (i.e., the non-current portion of interfund loans). Any residual balances outstanding between the governmental activities and business-type activities are reported in the government-wide financial statements as "internal balances".

Property taxes receivable are recognized at the time an enforceable legal claim is established. This is determined to occur when the budget is certified. All City property taxes must be certified to the Linn County Auditor on or before the fifteenth day of March of each year for the upcoming fiscal year, which runs from July 1 to June 30. The county auditor is then required to place these City taxes upon the tax list. This levying of property taxes procedurally occurs during June prior to the fiscal year for which the taxes are to be collected. The property taxes actually become an enforceable lien against the property when the budget is certified.

Property taxes levied by the Linn County Auditor for the year ended June 30, 2023, were due by July 1, 2022, with the first half installment being delinquent after September 30, 2022, and the second half installment being delinquent after March 31, 2023. Any collections remitted to the City within sixty days subsequent to year-end are recorded as property tax revenue. The tax receivable includes the 2022 levy certified on March 15, 2023, based on 2022 assessed valuations. As the levy is intended for use in the 2024 fiscal year, the deferred inflow of resources has been recorded as deferred inflows of resources in the Statement of Net Position and in the Balance Sheet for governmental funds.

Leases

A lessor should recognize a lease receivable and a deferred inflow of resources at the commencement of the lease term, with exceptions for leases of assets held as investments, certain regulated leases, short-term leases and leases that transfer ownership of the underlying asset. A lessor should not derecognize the asset underlying the lease. The lease receivable should be measured at the present value of lease payments expected to be received during the lease term. The deferred inflow of resources should be measured at the value of the lease receivable plus any payments received at or before the commencement of the lease term that relate to future periods.

Subscription Based Information Technology Arrangements (SBITA)

At the commencement of the IT subscription term, the City initially measures the subscription liability at the present value of payment expected to be made during the subscription term. Subsequently, the IT subscription liability is reduced by the principal portion of the payments made. The right-to-use IT subscription asset is initially measured as sum of the initial IT subscription liability, adjusted for subscription payments made at or before the subscription commencement date, plus capitalization implementation costs less any incentives received from the SBITA vendor at or before the commencement of the subscription term. Subsequently, the right-to-use IT subscription asset is amortized on a straight-line basis over its useful life. Right-to-use IT subscription assets are reported with other capital assets and IT subscription liabilities are reported with long-term debt on the statement of net position.

Inventories and Prepaid Items

Inventories are recognized only in those funds in which they are material to the extent they affect operations. Inventories for supplies are reported at cost whereas inventories held for resale are carried at lower of cost or market (first-in, first-out). The consumption method of accounting is applied to the governmental fund type inventories.

Certain payments to vendors reflect costs applicable to future accounting periods and are recorded using the consumption method as prepaid items in both government-wide and fund financial statements.

Restricted Assets

Assets, which are restricted for specific uses by bonded debt requirements, grant provisions, or other requirements are classified as restricted assets.

Capital Assets

Capital assets, which include land, buildings and structures, improvements other than buildings, which includes infrastructure, construction in progress, and machinery and equipment are reported in the applicable governmental or business-type activities columns in the government-wide financial statements and proprietary fund financial statements.

Tangible and intangible capital assets are defined by the City as assets with an initial, individual cost of more than \$5,000 and \$50,000 respectively and an estimated useful life of two or more years. Such assets are recorded at historical cost. Donated capital assets are recorded at estimated acquisition value at the date of donation.

The costs of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value of the asset or materially extend assets lives are not capitalized.

Buildings, improvements other than buildings, machinery and equipment, right-to-use leased assets and IT subscriptions of the primary government, as well as component units, are depreciated using the straight line method over the following estimated useful lives:

Buildings and structures
Improvements other than buildings
Infrastructure
Infrastructure
Machinery and equipment
Right-to-use leased assets
IT subscriptions (Intangible)

20 to 50 years
10 to 70 years
2 to 10 years
2 to 10 years
3 to 6 years

Collections such as library books, are held for public exhibition, education, or research in the furtherance of public service rather than financial gain, protected, kept unencumbered, cared for, and preserved, and are subject to an organizational policy that requires the proceeds from sales of collections to be used to acquire other items for collections or access to the collections and therefore are not capitalized.

Deferred Outflows of Resources

Deferred outflows of resources represent a consumption of net assets that applies to a future period(s) and will not be recognized as an outflow of resources (expense/expenditure) until then. Deferred outflows of resources consist of the difference in the carrying value of refunded debt and it's acquisition price and the unrecognized items not yet charged to pension and OPEB expense and pension contributions from the City after the measurement date but before the end of the City's reporting period.

Compensated Absences

All full-time employees accumulate compensated absence and sick leave hours for subsequent use or for payment annually and/or upon termination, death, or retirement. Compensated absence benefits vest when earned.

Sick leave accumulations consist of a vesting and non-vested portion. The vesting portion is related to an employment contract that no longer offers this option. The amounts of vested sick leave which are included within these financial statements, at June 30, 2023, are as follows:

Governmental	\$ 32,295
Total	\$ 32,295

For governmental funds, the current portion of unpaid compensated absences is the amount that is due. The amount of the liability not considered due is not reported in the fund financial statements unless they are due and payable. However, the entire compensated absence liability and the vested portion of sick leave is reported on the government-wide and proprietary fund financial statements.

Long-term Obligations

In the government-wide financial statements, and proprietary fund types in the fund financial statements, long-term debt and other long-term obligations are reported as liabilities in the applicable governmental activities, business-type activities, or proprietary fund type statement of net position. Bond premiums and discounts, are deferred and amortized over the life of the bonds using the effective interest method. Bond issuance costs are expended at the time of the debt issuance.

In the governmental fund type financial statements, bond premiums and discounts, as well as bond issuance costs, are recognized during the current period. The face amount of debt issued is reported as other financing sources. Premiums received on debt issuance are reported as other financing sources while discounts on debt issuance are reported as other financing uses. Issuance costs, whether or not withheld from the actual debt proceeds received, and principal payments are reported as debt service expenditures.

Revenues Collected in Advance

Governmental funds, proprietary funds and the governmental activities defer revenue recognition in connection with resources that have been received but not yet earned as revenues collected in advance.

Net Pension Liability

For purposes of measuring the net pension liability, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions, and pension expense, information about the fiduciary net position of both Iowa Public Employees' Retirement System (IPERS) and Municipal Fire and Police Retirement System of Iowa (MRPRSI) and additions to/deductions from IPERS and MFPRSI's fiduciary net position have been determined on the same basis as they are reported by IPERS and MFPRSI. For the purpose, benefit payments (including refunds of employee contributions) are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. Investments are reported at fair value. The net pension liability attributable to the governmental activities will be paid primarily by the General Fund.

Total OPEB Liability

For purposes of measuring the total OPEB liability, deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB and OPEB expense, information has been determined based on the City's actuary report. For this purpose, benefit payments are recognized when due and payable in accordance with benefit terms. The total OPEB liability attributable to the governmental activities will be paid primarily by the Risk Management Fund.

Deferred Inflows of Resources

In addition to liabilities, the statement of net position and balance sheet will sometimes report a separate section for deferred inflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, deferred inflows of resources, represents an acquisition of net assets that applies to future period(s) and so will not be recognized as an inflow of resources (revenue) until that time. The governmental funds report unavailable revenues from property taxes, special assessments, other taxes and intergovernmental revenue. These amounts are considered a deferred inflow of resources until the period that the amounts become available. In the City's government wide and proprietary fund financial statements, include the property tax revenue as under the modified accrual basis of accounting and will become an inflow in the year for which the taxes are levied and budgeted for. In the Statement of Net Position deferred inflows of resources also consist of the difference in the carrying value of refunded debt and it's acquisition price and the unrecognized items not yet charged to pension or OPEB expense.

Fund balance

In the governmental fund financial statements, fund balances are classified as follows:

<u>Nonspendable</u>: Amounts which cannot be spent either because they are in a nonspendable form or because they are legally or contractually required to be maintained intact.

<u>Restricted</u>: Amounts restricted to specific purposes when constraints placed on the use of the resources are either externally imposed by creditors, grantors or state or federal laws or imposed by law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation.

<u>Committed</u>: Amounts which can be used only for specific purposes pursuant to constraints formally imposed by the City Council through resolution approved prior to year end. Those committed amounts cannot be used for any other purpose unless the City Council removes or changes the specified use by taking the same action it employed to commit those amounts.

<u>Assigned</u>: Amounts constrained by the City's intent to use them for a specific purpose. The authority to assign fund balance has been delegated by the City Council to the City Manager and Finance Director. The general and infrastructure fund amounts were constrained for the intent to be used for a specific purpose as approved through the budgeting process approved by City Council.

<u>Unassigned</u>: All amounts not included in other spendable classifications. The General Fund is the only fund that would report a positive amount in unassigned fund balance. Residual deficit amounts of other governmental funds would also be reported as unassigned.

The City's minimum fund balance policy is to maintain twenty-five (25) percent of next year's total general fund budgeted expenditures as minimum unassigned fund balance. This is set by City Council through resolution and can only be revoked by City Council through resolution.

When an expenditure is incurred in governmental funds which can be paid using either restricted or unrestricted resources, City's policy is to pay the expenditure from restricted fund balance and then from less-restrictive classifications – committed, assigned and then unassigned fund balances.

Net Position

Net position represents the difference between assets, deferred outflows of resources, liabilities, and deferred inflows of resources. Net investment in capital assets, consists of capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation, reduced by the outstanding balances of any borrowings used for the acquisition, construction or improvement of those assets. Net investment in capital assets, excludes debt associated with unspent bond proceeds. There were unspent bond proceeds in the Sanitary Sewer fund of \$4,009,472, Water fund of \$16,589,307, Water Pollution Control fund of \$5,994,208, Paramount Theater fund of \$177,388, Transit System of \$99,037, Parking System fund of \$6,929,612, Golf fund of \$554,956 and \$54,135,941 in governmental activities. Net position is reported as restricted when there are limitations imposed on their use through external restrictions imposed by creditors, grantors, or laws or regulations of other governments. When both restricted net position and unrestricted net position are available for use, it is the City's policy to use restricted-net position first and then unrestricted net position.

Net position restricted through enabling legislation included \$5,219,169 for debt service, \$2,336,705 for general government, \$41,494,973 for capital projects, \$4,884,297 for community and economic development, \$1,497,280 for public safety, \$2,560,332 for culture and recreation, and \$160,024 for Self-Supported Municipal Improvement District (SSMID) projects.

Use of Estimates

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets, deferred outflows of resources, liabilities, deferred inflows of resources and disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the basic financial statements and the reported amounts of revenues and expenditures/expenses during the reporting period. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

Budgetary Control, Compliance, and Appropriation Data

As allowed by GASB Statement No. 41, *Budgetary Comparison Schedules-Perspective Differences*, the City presents budgetary comparison schedules as required supplementary information based on the program structure of functional areas as required by state statute for its legally adopted budget.

Note 2: Internal and Component Unit Balances, Receivables and Payables

Fund receivables and payables at June 30, 2023, were:

	Receivables		Payables		
Due to/from other funds:					
Governmental:					
General	\$	251,101	\$	-	
Infrastructure Construction Fund		7,599,933		-	
2020 Derecho		-		14,999,351	
Nonmajor Governmental Funds				7,851,034	
Total Governmental		7,851,034		22,850,385	
Proprietary:					
Governmental Activities - Internal Service		14,999,351		-	
Total unrestricted		14,999,351		-	
Total due to/from other funds	\$	22,850,385	\$	22,850,385	

These balances resulted from the time lag between the dates that (1) interfund goods and services are provided or reimbursable expenditures occur, (2) transactions are recorded in the accounting system, and (3) payments between funds are made.

	Advances to/Receivable		Advan	ces from/Payable
Governmental:				
General	\$	272,111	\$	-
Internal Service Funds		2,473,859		-
Proprietary:				
Nonmajor Funds	-			2,745,970
Total advance to/from other funds	\$	2,745,970	\$	2,745,970

These balances resulted from advances from the General and Risk Management Funds for improvements in the Nonmajor Business-type Funds until subsequent funding is received. The interfund receivables and payables are scheduled to be collected in the subsequent year whereas the interfund advances are not.

Primary government and component unit Receivables and Payables:

	Receivables		 Payables
Governmental:			
General	\$	-	\$ 43,782,345
Component Unit:			
Airport		43,782,345	-
Total primary government			
and component unit	\$	43,782,345	\$ 43,782,345

These balances resulted from the Airport investing in the City's cash and investment pool.

Note 3: Fund Transfer Reconciliation

Transfers in and out for the year ended June 30, 2023, were:

	Transfer In		Transfer Out		
Governmental:					
General Fund	\$	41,604,696	\$	7,990,473	
Infrastructure Construction Fund		42,472,621		739,611	
Flood Mitigation Fund		22,570,426		-	
2020 Derecho		417,308		-	
Special Revenue Other		3,189,195		6,461,047	
Nonmajor Funds		15,874,596		110,601,277	
Internal Service Funds		1,707,130		2,187,780	
Total Governmental		127,835,972		127,980,188	
Business-type:					
Water		477,683		575,783	
Water Pollution Control		-		131,802	
Sanitary Sewer		488,685		11,045	
Alliant Energy PowerHouse		3,225,518		-	
Double Tree by Hilton		3,365,327		275,227	
Nonmajor Funds		918,643		7,337,783	
Total Business-Type		8,475,856		8,331,640	
Total	\$	136,311,828	\$	136,311,828	

Transfers are used to (1) move revenues from the fund that statute or budget requires to collect them to the fund that statute or budget requires to expend them, (2) move receipts restricted to debt service from the funds collecting the receipts to the debt service fund as debt service payments become due, and (3) use unrestricted revenues collected in the general fund to finance various programs accounted for in other governmental or proprietary funds in accordance with budgetary authorizations.

Note 4: Self-Supported Municipal Improvement District

During the year ended June 30, 1988, the City established the Downtown Cedar Rapids Self-Supported Municipal Improvement District (SSMID) pursuant to the provisions of Chapter 386, Code of Iowa (the Act). By establishing SSMID, the City may certify taxes against the property within the district each year, in addition to all other taxes, commencing with the levy of taxes for collection in the fiscal year beginning July 1, 2009, and continuing for 7 additional years. In 2017, the City Council approved a new 10 year agreement that will expire June 30, 2027. The levy is for the purpose of paying expenses of the SSMID as are authorized by the Act, including, but not limited to, the administrative expenses of the SSMID and part or all of the maintenance expenses of improvements or self-liquidating improvements, as defined in the Act, for a period of 8 years. Even though the boundaries of SSMID overlap the Tax Incremental Financing District, as amended, they are not co-terminus.

The Medical Self-Supporting Municipal Improvement District (SSMID) was approved in 2010, as 55 square blocks adjacent to the Downtown SSMID. The City established the SSMID pursuant to the provisions of Chapter 386, Code of Iowa (the Act). By establishing SSMID, the City may certify taxes against the property within the SSMID each year, in addition to all other taxes, commencing with the levy of taxes for collection in the fiscal year beginning July 1, 2012, and continuing for 19 additional years. The levy is for the purpose of paying expenses of the SSMID as are authorized by the Act, including, but not limited to, the administrative expenses of the SSMID and part or all of the maintenance expenses of improvements or self-liquidating improvements, as defined in the Act, for a period of 20 years. Even though the boundaries of SSMID overlap the Tax Incremental Financing District, as amended, they are not co-terminus.

The Czech Village-New Bohemia Self-Supporting Municipal Improvement District (SSMID) was approved in 2016. The City established the SSMID pursuant to the provisions of Chapter 386, Code of Iowa (the Act). By establishing SSMID, the City may certify taxes against the property within the SSMID each year, in addition to all other taxes, commencing with the levy of taxes for collection in the fiscal year beginning July 1, 2016, and continuing for 6 additional years. The levy is for the purpose of paying expenses of the SSMID as are authorized by the Act, including, but not limited to, the administrative expenses of the SSMID and part or all of the maintenance expenses of improvements or self-liquidating improvements, as defined in the Act, for a period of 7 years. Even though the boundaries of SSMID overlap the Tax Incremental Financing District, as amended, they are not co-terminus.

The amount of property taxes received for SSMID during the year ended June 30, 2023, between the district overlapping the Tax Incremental Financing District (TIF) and the district associated only to SSMID were as follows:

	Downtown SSMID		Medical SSMID		Czech Village SSMID	
SSMID only SSMID within TIF	\$	228,966 438,504	\$	235,420 109,137	\$	39,312 5,888
SSIVIID WILLIII III	\$	667,470	\$	344,557	\$	45,200

State law requires the City to receipt property taxes into the TIF special revenue fund when the SSMID and TIF boundaries overlap. The City then transfers the respective property taxes out of TIF into SSMID.

Note 5: Construction Commitments

The total outstanding construction commitments of the City at June 30, 2023 amount to \$275,978,361. The majority of these commitments relate to road construction and flood recovery. Of these commitments, \$89,536,946 will be funded by federal and state grants. The total outstanding construction commitments of the Airport, a discretely presented component unit, at June 30, 2023 amount to \$70,691,774. Of these commitments, \$40,991,817 will be funded by federal and state grants.

Note 6: Cash and Investments

The City maintains a cash and investment pool that is available for use by all funds and the Airport, a discretely presented component unit, where the resources have been pooled in order to maximize investment opportunities. Investment income is allocated to the various funds based on a systematic allocation and in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America. In addition, some funds are required to maintain their investments separately and therefore are not included in the investment pool.

Chapter 12B.10 of the Code of Iowa allows the City to invest in U.S. Treasury Bills, U.S. Agency Securities, Notes, and Bonds; state and local government securities; collateralized prime bankers' acceptances; real estate and real estate mortgages; and collateralized commercial paper; perfected repurchase agreements; certain registered open-ended management investment companies or in time deposits as provided by Chapter 12B.10. Common, preferred, or guaranteed stocks are an exception for public funds investment. However the City's investment policy additionally limits investments in commercial paper and other short-term corporate debt to obligations that mature within 270 days of purchase and is rated within the two highest classifications, established by at least one of the standard rating services approved by the superintendent of banking rules adopted pursuant to Chapter 17A, provided that at the time of purchase no more than 10% of the investment portfolio shall be invested in commercial paper or debt, no more than 5% of the investment portfolio shall be invested in securities of a single issuer, and no more than 5% of all amounts invested in commercial paper shall be invested in paper and debt rated in the second highest classification. It also limits investments in prime bankers' acceptances to those that mature within 270 days and that are eligible for purchase by a federal reserve bank, provided that at the time of purchase no more than 10% of the investment portfolio shall be invested in prime bankers' acceptances, and no more than 5% of the investment portfolio shall be invested in the securities of a single issuer.

Interest Rate Risk: Interest rate risk is the risk that changes in market interest rates will adversely affect the fair value of an investment. Generally, the longer the maturity of an investment, the greater the sensitivity of its fair value to changes in market interest rates. The City's investment policy states that risks of market price volatility shall be controlled through maturity diversification so that aggregate price losses on instruments with maturities approaching one year shall not be greater than coupon interest and investment income received from the balance of the portfolio.

As of June 30, 2023, the City had the following investments with the following maturities:

	Fair	Less than	1-5	6-10	More	than	
	Value	1 Year	Years	Years	10 Y	ears	Totals
Investment Type:							
US Treasuries	\$ 126,405,150	\$ 106,561,292	\$ 19,843,858	\$ -	\$	-	\$ 126,405,150
GNMA'S	79,153	-	1,152	78,001		-	\$ 79,153
FFCB	65,278,960	6,668,803	58,610,157	-		-	\$ 65,278,960
FHLB	20,367,475	-	20,367,475	-		-	\$ 20,367,475
FHLMC	38,306,335	17,263,598	21,031,968	10,769		-	\$ 38,306,335
FNMA	32,275,933	13,056,288	19,219,645	-		-	\$ 32,275,933
Total	\$ 282,713,006	\$ 143,549,981	\$ 139,074,255	\$ 88,770	\$	-	\$ 282,713,006

Credit Risk: Generally, credit risk is the risk that an issuer of an investment will not fulfill its obligation to the holder of the investment. This is measured by the assignment of a rating by a nationally recognized statistical rating organization. U.S. Treasuries and agency securities expressly guaranteed by the U.S. Government (GNMA's) are fully backed by the United States Government. Equity mutual funds are not subject to credit risk.

As of June 30, 2023 the City's investments had the following ratings:

		Standard
	Moody's	& Poor's
FFCB	AAA	AA+
FHLB	AAA	AA+
FHLMC	AAA	AA+
FNMA	AAA	AA+

Concentration of Credit Risk: The City's investment policy seeks diversification to reduce overall portfolio risk. Where possible, it is the policy of the City to diversify its investment portfolio. Assets shall be diversified to eliminate the risk of loss resulting from over-concentration of assets in a specific maturity, a specific issuer, or a specific class of securities. Portfolio maturities shall be staggered in a way that avoids undue concentration of assets in a specific maturity sector. The City's investment policy limits holding of securities by single issuer, other than government securities, to no more than 5% of the investment portfolio and commercial paper, other short-term corporate debt, or bankers' prime acceptances to no more than 10% of the total investment portfolio for each class as mentioned above. More than 5% of the City's investments are in FFCB, FHLB, FHLMC and FNMA securities. These securities represent 23%, 7%, 14% and 11% of the City's total investments, respectively.

Custodial Credit Risk: Custodial credit risk for deposits is the risk that, in the event of the failure of a depository financial institution, the City will not be able to recover its deposits or will not be able to recover collateral securities that are in the possession of an outside party. The custodial credit risk for investments is the risk that, in the event of the failure of the counterparty to a transaction, the City will not be able to recover the value of its investments or collateral securities that are in the possession of an outside party. Chapter 12C of the Code of Iowa requires all City funds be deposited into an approved depository and be either insured or collateralized. As of June 30, 2023, the City's deposits were entirely insured by federal depository insurance or insured by the state through pooled collateral, state sinking funds, and by the state's ability to assess for lost funds. The City's investments are not exposed to custodial credit risk as of June 30, 2023 as they are held by financial institutions in the name of the City.

Fair value measurements: GASB Statement No. 72 provides guidance for determining fair value measurement for reporting purposes and applies fair value to certain investments and disclosures related to all fair value measurements. The City categorizes its fair value measurement within the fair value hierarchy established by generally accepted accounting principles. The hierarchy is based on the valuation inputs used to measure the fair value of the asset. Level 1 inputs are quoted prices in active markets for identical assets; Level 2 inputs are inputs—other than quoted prices included within Level 1—that are observable for an asset or liability, either directly or indirectly. Level 2 inputs include: a) quoted prices for similar assets or liabilities in active markets; b) quoted prices for identical or similar assets or liabilities in markets that are not active; and c) inputs other than quoted prices that are observable for the asset or liability, such as:

(1) interest rates and yield curves observable at commonly quoted intervals; (2) implied volatilities and (3) credit spreads. Level 3 inputs are significant unobservable inputs.

The City has the following recurring fair value measurements as of June 30, 2023:

- Equity mutual funds of \$180,479 and US Treasury securities of \$126,405,150 are valued using quoted market prices (level 1).
- Agency securities of \$156,307,856 are valued using a yield curve that incorporates relevant trade data and benchmark quotes and spreads (level 2).

The Cedar Rapids/Linn County Solid Waste Agency's cash and investments consist of deposits, including certificates of deposit. As of June 30, 2023, the Agency's deposits were entirely insured by federal depository insurance or insured by the state through pooled collateral, state sinking funds, and by the state's ability to assess for lost funds. The Agency held no investments in the current year subject to custodial credit risk.

The Cedar Rapids Public Library Foundation (a discrete component unit) follows Financial Accounting Standards Board guidance, therefore, GASB Statements No. 3, No. 40 and No. 72 are not applicable. The Airport's cash and investments consist of \$100 in cash and in petty cash, which are not subject to custodial credit risk.

A reconciliation of cash and investments as shown on the financial statements of the City as follows:

Deposit accounts	\$ 307,602,755
Cash on hand	311,915
Investments at fair value	282,713,006
	\$ 590,627,676
Cash and investments, City	\$ 502,105,803
Cash and investments, Airport	31,952
Restricted cash and investments	88,489,921
	\$ 590,627,676

Note 7: Capital Assets

Capital asset activity for the year ended June 30, 2023 was as follows:

	Beginning Balance, Increases/ As Restated Transfers		Decreases/ Transfers	Ending Balance
Governmental activities:				
Capital assets, not being depreciated:				
Land	\$ 137,382,229	\$ 4,722,215	\$ (387,479)	\$ 141,716,965
Construction in progress	98,399,877	61,625,048	(43,451,020)	116,573,905
Total capital assets, not being depreciated	235,782,106	66,347,263	(43,838,499)	258,290,870
Capital assets, being depreciated:				
Buildings	195,487,226	3,456,758	-	198,943,984
Improvements other than buildings	1,007,952,418	105,681,572	-	1,113,633,990
Machinery and equipment	112,833,126	7,749,676	(4,432,474)	116,150,328
Right-to-use leased buildings	1,351,364	291,727	(80,005)	1,563,086
Right-to-use leased equipment	251,367	-	=	251,367
IT Subscriptions	903,820	1,018,845		1,922,665
Total capital assets being depreciated	1,318,779,321	118,198,578	(4,512,479)	1,432,465,420
Less accumulated depreciation and amortization for:				
Buildings	(67,508,316)	(5,014,063)	-	(72,522,379)
Improvements other than buildings	(350,170,353)	(29,779,480)	-	(379,949,833)
Machinery and equipment	(71,115,947)	(8,115,147)	4,131,967	(75,099,127)
Right-to-use leased buildings	(345,170)	(351,475)	80,005	(616,640)
Right-to-use leased equipment	(45,197)	(48,500)	-	(93,697)
IT Subscriptions	-	(546,309)	-	(546,309)
Total accumulated depreciation and amortization	(489,184,983)	(43,854,974)	4,211,972	(528,827,985)
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Total capital assets, being depreciated, net	829,594,338	74,343,604	(300,507)	903,637,435
Governmental activities capital assets, net	\$ 1,065,376,444	\$ 140,690,867	\$ (44,139,006)	\$ 1,161,928,305

Depreciation expense was charged to functions/programs of the primary government as follows:

Governmental activities:	
Public safety	\$ 1,457,177
Public works	32,008,401
Culture and recreation	1,826,201
Community and economic development	88,968
General government	2,095,188
Internal service funds	 6,379,039
Total depreciation expense - governmental activities	\$ 43,854,974

	Beginning Balance,	Increases/	Decreases/	Ending
	As Restated	Transfers	Transfers	Balance
Business-type activities				
Capital assets, not being depreciated:				
Land	\$ 22,909,425	\$ 2,027	\$ -	\$ 22,911,452
Construction in progress	37,620,091	27,083,987	(15,772,694)	48,931,384
Total capital assets, not being depreciated	60,529,516	27,086,014	(15,772,694)	71,842,836
Capital assets, being depreciated:				
Buildings	406,378,670	4,135,326	-	410,513,996
Improvements other than buildings	590,440,990	21,558,527	-	611,999,517
Machinery and equipment	26,885,760	1,086,684	(1,080,730)	26,891,714
Right-to-use leased buildings	43,067	-	-	43,067
Right-to-use leased equipment	671,657	6,710	(4,821)	673,546
IT Subscriptions	68,336			68,336
Total capital assets being depreciated	1,024,488,480	26,787,247	(1,085,551)	1,050,190,176
Less accumulated depreciation and amortization for:				
Buildings	(212,327,332)	(7,129,950)	-	(219,457,282)
Improvements other than buildings	(239,291,730)	(14,211,268)	-	(253,502,998)
Machinery and equipment	(17,866,176)	(1,130,274)	841,877	(18,154,573)
Right-to-use leased buildings	(7,178)	(14,356)	-	(21,534)
Right-to-use leased equipment	(153,537)	(153,319)	4,821	(302,035)
IT Subscriptions	-	(16,079)	-	(16,079)
Total accumulated depreciation and amortization	(469,645,953)	(22,655,246)	846,698	(491,454,501)
Total capital assets, being depreciated, net	554,842,527	4,132,001	(238,853)	558,735,675
Business-type activities capital assets, net	\$ 615,372,043	\$ 31,218,015	\$ (16,011,547)	\$ 630,578,511
,,,,,,, .		+ + -,=,	+ (20,022,011)	<u> </u>
Business-type activities: Water			© 7.260.275	
water Water Pollution Control			\$ 7,360,275	
			5,512,002	
Sanitary Sewer			2,811,926	
Alliant Energy PowerHouse Doubletree Hotel			2,116,301	
			930,274	
Transit System			792,046	
Parking System			1,042,986	
Solid Waste Management			14,356	
Golf Storm Sewer			335,585	
			34,817	
Paramount Theatre			853,720	
Ice Arena			850,958	
Total depreciation and amortization expense - busines	\$ 22,655,246			

Activity for the Airport for the year ended June 30, 2023, was as follows:

	Beginning	Increases/	Decreases/	Ending
	Balance	Transfers	Transfers	Balance
Discrete Component Unit: Airport				
Capital assets, not being depreciated:				
Land	\$ 10,409,915	\$ 1,456,785	\$ -	\$ 11,866,700
Construction in progress	37,784,977	30,575,467	(37,957,435)	30,403,009
Total capital assets, not being depreciated	48,194,892	32,032,252	(37,957,435)	42,269,709
Capital assets, being depreciated:				
Buildings	147,807,990	7,125,882	-	154,933,872
Improvements other than buildings	168,999,822	29,374,768	-	198,374,590
Machinery and equipment	10,563,952	1,387,398	(41,578)	11,909,772
IT Subscriptions		398,757		398,757
Total capital assets being depreciated	327,371,764	38,286,805	(41,578)	365,616,991
Less accumulated depreciation for:				
Buildings	(59,651,086)	(5,011,837)	-	(64,662,923)
Improvements other than buildings	(101,972,388)	(7,493,323)	-	(109,465,711)
Machinery and equipment	(5,723,972)	(777,122)	41,578	(6,459,516)
IT Subscriptions		(50,458)		(50,458)
Total accumulated depreciation and amortization	(167,347,446)	(13,332,740)	41,578	(180,638,608)
Total capital assets, being depreciated, net	160,024,318	24,954,065	-	184,978,383
Airport capital assets, net	\$ 208,219,210	\$ 56,986,317	\$ (37,957,435)	\$ 227,248,092

Depreciation expense was \$13,332,740.

Activity for Cedar Rapids/Linn County Solid Waste Agency for the year ended June 30, 2023, was as follows:

	Beginning Balance	Increases	Decreases	Ending Balance
Discrete Component Unit: Agency				
Capital assets, not being depreciated:				
Land	\$ 6,039,313	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 6,039,313
Construction in progress	285,417	1,845,954	(28,304)	2,103,067
Total capital assets, not being depreciated	6,324,730	1,845,954	(28,304)	8,142,380
Capital assets, being depreciated:				
Buildings and structures	12,274,813	-	(178,148)	12,096,665
Improvements other than buildings	43,645,345	476,883	=	44,122,228
Machinery and equipment	9,798,278	618,004	(174,440)	10,241,842
Right-to-use leased equipment	1,574	-	=	1,574
Total capital assets being depreciated	65,720,010	1,094,887	(352,588)	66,462,309
Less accumulated depreciation for:				
Buildings and structures	(5,598,103)	(612,916)	178,148	(6,032,871)
Improvements other than buildings	(17,546,790)	(1,985,935)	-	(19,532,725)
Machinery and equipment	(6,731,547)	(741,895)	161,972	(7,311,470)
Right-to-use leased equipment	(525)	(524)		(1,049)
Total accumulated depreciation	(29,876,965)	(3,341,270)	340,120	(32,878,115)
Total capital assets, being depreciated, net	35,843,045	(2,246,383)	(12,468)	33,584,194
Total capital assets, net	\$ 42,167,775	\$ (400,429)	\$ (40,772)	\$ 41,726,574

Depreciation expense was \$3,341,270.

Activity for Cedar Rapids Public Library Foundation for the year ended June 30, 2023, was as follows:

	Beginning	;	I	ncreases/	Decrease	es/	Ending
	Balance			Transfers	Transfe	rs	 Balance
Component Unit: Cedar Rapids Public							
Library Foundation							
Land	\$	-	\$	3,508,453	\$	-	\$ 3,508,453

Note 8: Retirement Systems

Employees of the City, Airport and Cedar Rapids/Linn County Solid Waste Agency are eligible to participate in one of two pension plans, Iowa Public Retirement System (IPERS) and Municipal Fire and Police Retirement System of Iowa (MFPRSI). Below is a summary of amounts reported by the City as of and for the year ended June 30, 2023.

		City		Airport Agency		Agency	
	IPERS	MFPRSI	Total		IPERS		IPERS
Deferred Outflows	\$ 7,803,854	\$ 12,003,085	\$ 19,806,939	\$	499,067	\$	417,118
Deferred Inflows	(5,187,223)	(1,132,461)	(6,319,684)		(334,563)		(181,386)
Net Pension (Liability)	(29,541,545)	(51,917,752)	(81,459,297)		(795,732)		(1,147,275)
Pension Expense	(424,151)	4,908,338	4,484,187		(33,878)		(16,472)

Municipal Fire and Police Retirement System of Iowa (MFPRSI)

<u>Plan Description</u> – MFPRSI membership is mandatory for fire fighters and police officers covered by the provisions of Chapter 411 of the Code of Iowa. Employees of the City are provided with pensions through a cost-sharing multiple employer defined benefit pension plan administered by the MFPRSI. MFPRSI issues a stand-alone financial report which is available to the public by mail at 7155 Lake Drive Suite 201 West Des Moines, IA 50266 or at www.MFPRSI.org.

MFPRSI benefits are established under Chapter 411 of the Code of Iowa and the administrative rules thereunder. Chapter 411 of the Code of Iowa and the administrative rules are the official plan documents.

The following brief description is provided for general informational purposes only. Refer to the plan documents for more information.

<u>Pension Benefits</u> – Members with 4 or more years of service are entitled to pension benefits beginning at age 55. Full service retirement benefits are granted to members with 22 years of service, while partial benefits are available to those members with 4 to 22 years of service based on the ratio of years completed to years required (i.e., 22 years). Members with less than 4 years of service are entitled to a refund of their contribution only, with interest for the period of employment.

Benefits are calculated based upon the member's highest 3 years of compensation. The average of these 3 years becomes the member's average final compensation. The base benefit is 66% of the member's average final compensation. Members who perform more than 22 years of service receive an additional 2% of the member's average final compensation for each additional year of service, up to a maximum of 8 years. Survivor benefits are available to the beneficiary of a retired member according to the provisions of the benefit option chosen, plus an additional benefit for each child. Survivor benefits are subject to a minimum benefit for those members who chose the basic benefit with a 50% surviving spouse benefit.

Active members, at least 55 years of age, with 22 or more years of service have the option to participate in the Deferred Retirement Option Program (DROP). The DROP is an arrangement whereby a member who is otherwise eligible to retire and commence benefits opts to continue to work. A member can elect a 3, 4 or 5 year DROP period. By electing to participate in DROP the member is signing a contract indicating the member will retire at the end of the selected DROP period. During the DROP period the member's retirement benefit is frozen and DROP benefit is credited to a DROP account established for the member. Assuming the member completes the DROP period, the DROP benefit is equal to 52% of the member's annual retirement benefit at the member's earliest date eligible and 100% if the member delays enrollment for 24 months. At the member's actual date of retirement, the member's DROP account will be distributed to the member in the form of a lump sum or rollover to an eligible plan.

<u>Disability and Death Benefits</u> – Disability may be either accidental and ordinary. Accidental disability is defined as permanent disability incurred in the line of duty, with benefits equivalent to the greater of 60% of the member's average final compensation or the member's service retirement benefits calculation amount. Ordinary disability occurs outside the call of duty and pays benefits equivalent to the greater of 50% of the member's average final compensation, for those with 5 or more years of service, or the member's service retirement benefit calculation amount, and 25% of average final compensation for those with less than 5 years of service.

Death benefits are similar to disability benefits. Benefits for accidental death are 50% of the average final compensation of the member plus an additional amount for each child, or the provisions for ordinary death. Ordinary death benefits consist of a pension equal to 40% of the average final compensation of the member plus an additional amount for each child, or a lump-sum distribution to the designated beneficiary equal to 50% of the previous year's earnable compensation of the member or equal to the amount of the member's total contributions plus interest.

Benefits are increased annually in accordance with Iowa Code Chapter 411.6 which states a standard formula for the increases.

The surviving spouse or dependents of an active member who dies due to a traumatic personal injury incurred in the line of duty receives a \$100,000 lump-sum payment.

<u>Contributions</u> – Member contribution rates are set by state statute. In accordance with Chapter 411 of the Code of Iowa, the contribution rate was 9.40% of the earnable compensation for the year ended June 30, 2023.

Employer contribution rates are based upon an actuarially determined normal contribution rate and set by state statute. The required actuarially determined contributions are calculated on the basis of the entry age normal method as adopted by the Board of Trustees as permitted under Chapter 411 of the Code of Iowa. The normal contribution rate is provided by state statute to be the actuarial liabilities of the plan less current plan assets, with such total divided by 1% of the actuarially determined present value of prospective future compensation for all members, further reduced by member contributions and state appropriations. Under the Code of Iowa the City's contribution rate cannot be less than 17.00% of the earnable compensation. The contribution rate was 23.90% for the year ended June 30, 2023.

The City's contributions to MFPRSI for the year end June 30, 2023 totaled \$7,847,590

If approved by State Legislature, state appropriations may further reduce the employer's contribution rate, but not below the minimum statutory contribution rate of 17.00% of earnable compensation. The State of Iowa, therefore, is considered to be a nonemployer contributing entity in accordance with the provisions of the Governmental Accounting Standards Board Statement No. 67 – Financial Reporting for Pension Plans.

There were no state appropriations to MFPRSI during the year ended June 30, 2023.

Pension Liabilities, Pension Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions – At June 30, 2023, the City reported a liability of \$51,917,752 for its proportionate share of the net pension liability. The net pension liability was measured as of June 30, 2022, and the net pension liability used to calculate the net pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of that date. The City's proportion of the net pension liability was based on the City's share of contributions to the pension plan relative to the contributions of all MFPRSI participating employers. At June 30, 2022, the City's collective proportion was 9.245100% which was a decrease of 0.124039% from its proportion measured as of June 30, 2021.

For the year ended June 30, 2023, the City recognized pension expense of \$4,908,338. At June 30, 2023, the City reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

	Deferred Outflows of Resources		 erred Inflows Resources
Differences between expected and actual experience	\$	3,223,972	\$ 66,759
Changes in assumptions		145,635	-
Net difference between projected and actual earnings on pension plan investments		-	615,135
Changes in proportion and differences between City contributions and proportionate share of contributions		785,888	450,567
City contributions subsequent to the measurement date		7,847,590	-
Total	\$	12,003,085	\$ 1,132,461

\$7,847,590 reported as deferred outflows of resources related to pensions resulting from the City contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the net pension liability in the year ended June 30, 2024. The deferred outflows resulting from the difference between projected and actual earnings on pension plan investments will be recognized in pension expense over five years. The other deferred inflows and outflows will be recognized as a component of pension expense using the average expected remaining service lives of all MFPRSI members. The average is determined by taking the calculated total future service years of the Plan divided by the number of the people in the Plan including retires. Deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources will be recognized as pension expense as follows:

Year End	
June 30,	
2024	\$ 109,864
2025	(870,365)
2026	(3,557,410)
2027	7,188,484
2028	 152,461
	\$ 3,023,034

Actuarial Assumptions - The net pension liability in the June 30, 2022 actuarial valuation was determined using the following actuarial assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement:

Rate of inflation	3.00 percent per annum
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Salary increases 3.75 to 15.11 percent including inflation Investment rate of return 7.50 percent, net of investment expense,

including inflation

The actuarial assumptions used in the June 30, 2022 valuation were based on the results of actuarial experience study for the period of July 1, 2010 to June 30, 2020.

Mortality rates were based on the RP-2014 Blue Collar Healthy Annuitant Table with males set-forward zero years, females set-forward two years and disabled individuals set-forward three years (male only rates), with generational projection of future mortality improvement with 50% of Scale BB beginning in 2017.

The long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was determined using a building-block method in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates (i.e. expected returns, net of investment expense and inflation) are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation. The best estimates of geometric real rates of return for each major asset class are summarized in the following tables:

	Long-Term Expected
Asset Class	Real Rate of Return
Broad fixed income	3.5%
Broad US equity	6.7
Global equity	6.8
Broad non-US equity	7.0
Managed futures	5.1
Emerging markets	7.2
Real estate - core	6.4
Opportunistic real estate	11.0
Global infrastructure	6.8
Private credit	8.6
Private equity	12.0
Asset Class	Asset Allocation
Core investments	43.0%
Strategic investments	35.0
Private markets	22.0
	100%

<u>Discount Rate</u> – The discount rate used to measure the net pension liability was 7.5%. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that employee contributions will be made at 9.40% of covered payroll and the City contributions will be made at rates equal to the difference between actuarially determined rates and the member rate. Based on those assumptions, MFPRSI fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of current plan members. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the net pension liability.

Sensitivity of the City's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate – The following presents the City's proportionate share of the net pension liability calculated using the discount rate of 7.5%, as well as what the City's proportionate share of the net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1-percentage-point lower (6.5%) or 1-percentage-point higher (8.5%) than the current rate.

	1%	Discount	1%
	Decrease	Rate	Increase
	(6.5%)	(7.5%)	(8.5%)
City's proportionate share of			
the net pension liability	\$ 93,961,453	\$ 51,917,752	\$ 17,083,973

<u>Pension Plan Fiduciary Net Position</u> – Detailed information about the pension plan's fiduciary net position is available in the separately issued MFPRSI financial report which is available on MFPRSI website at www.mfprsi.org.

<u>Payables to the Pension Plan</u> – At June 30, 2023, the City reported payables to the defined benefit pension plan of \$647,292 for legally required employer contributions and \$254,583 for legally required employee contributions which had been withheld from employee wages but not yet remitted to MFPRSI.

Iowa Public Employees Retirement System (IPERS)

<u>Plan Description</u> – IPERS membership is mandatory for employees of the City, which includes the Airport, a discrete component unit of the City, and Cedar Rapids/Linn County Solid Waste Agency (Agency), a discrete component unit, except for those covered by another retirement system. Employees of the City, Airport and Agency are provided with pensions through a cost-sharing multiple employer defined benefit pension plan administered by IPERS. IPERS issues a stand-alone financial report which is available to the public by mail at 7401 Register Drive P.O. Box 9117, Des Moines, Iowa 50306-9117 or at www.ipers.org.

IPERS benefits are established under Iowa Code Chapter 97B and the administrative rules thereunder. Chapter 97B and the administrative rules are the official plan documents. The following brief description is provided for general information purposes only. Refer to the plan documents for more information.

<u>Pension Benefits</u> – A regular member may retire at normal retirement age and receive monthly benefits without an early-retirement reduction. Normal retirement age is age 65, anytime after reaching age 62 with 20 or more years of covered employment, or when the member's years of service plus the member's age at the last birthday equals or exceeds 88, whichever comes first. These qualifications must be met on the member's first month of entitlement to benefits. Members cannot begin receiving retirement benefits before age 55. The formula used to calculate a Regular member's monthly IPERS benefit includes:

- A multiplier based on years of service.
- The member's highest five-year average salary, except for members with service before June 30, 2012, the highest three-year average salary as of that date will be used if it is greater than the highest five-year average salary.

Protection occupation members may retire at normal retirement age which is generally at age 55 and may retire anytime after reaching age 50 with 22 or more years of covered employment. The formula used to calculate protection occupation members' monthly IPERS benefit includes:

- •60% of average salary after completion of 22 years of service, plus an additional 1.5% of average salary for years of service greater than 22 but not more than 30 years of service.
- The member's highest three-year average salary.

If a member retires before normal retirement age, the member's monthly retirement benefit will be permanently reduced by an early-retirement reduction. The early-retirement reduction is calculated differently for service earned before and after July 1, 2012. For service earned before July 1, 2012, the reduction is 0.25% for each month that the member receives benefits before the member's earliest normal retirement age. For service earned starting July 1, 2012, the reduction is 0.50% for each month that the member receives benefits before age 65.

Generally, once a member selects a benefit option, a monthly benefit is calculated and remains the same for the rest of the member's lifetime. However, to combat the effects of inflation, retirees who began receiving benefits prior to July 1990 receive a guaranteed dividend with their regular November benefit payments.

<u>Disability and Death Benefits</u> – A vested member who is awarded federal Social Security disability or Railroad Retirement disability benefits is eligible to claim IPERS benefits regardless of age. Disability benefits are not reduced for early retirement. If a member dies before retirement, the member's beneficiary will receive a lifetime annuity or a lump-sum payment equal to the present actuarial value of the member's accrued benefit or calculated with a set formula, whichever is greater. When a member dies after retirement, death benefits depend on the benefit option the member selected at retirement.

<u>Contributions</u> – Contribution rates are established by IPERS following the annual actuarial valuation, which applies IPERS' Contribution Rate Funding Policy and Actuarial Amortization Method. State statute limits the amount rates can increase or decrease each year to 1 percentage point. IPERS Contribution Rate Funding Policy requires that the actuarial contribution rate be determined using the "entry age normal" actuarial cost method and the actuarial assumptions and methods approved by the IPERS Investment Board. The actuarial contribution rate covers normal cost plus the unfunded actuarial liability payment based on a 30-year amortization period. The payment to amortize the unfunded actuarial liability is determined as a level percentage of payroll based on the Actuarial Amortization Method adopted by the Investment Board.

In fiscal year 2023, pursuant to the required rate, Regular members contributed 6.29% of pay and the City, Airport and Agency contributed 9.44% for a total rate of 15.73%. Protection occupation members at the Airport contributed 6.21% of pay and the Airport contributed 9.31% for a total rate of 15.52%.

The City and Agency's total contributions to IPERS for the year ended June 30, 2023 were \$6,163,994, including \$330,575 related to the Airport, and \$242,867 respectively.

Net Pension Liabilities, Pension Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions – At June 30, 2023, the City and Agency reported a liability of \$30,337,277 and \$1,147,275, respectively, for the proportionate share of the net pension liability. The net pension liability was measured as of June 30, 2022, and the net pension liability used to calculate the net pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of that date. The City and Agency's proportion of the net pension liability was based on the City and Agency's share of contributions to the pension plan relative to the contributions of all IPERS participating employers. At June 30, 2022, the City and Agency's collective proportion was (0.802892%) and (0.020935%) respectively. This represents an increase to the City 0.726232% and for the Agency an increase of 0.00797% from its proportion measured as of June 30, 2021.

The Airport, which is included in the City's proportionate share, was allocated (based on contributions) \$795,732 of the City's net pension liability as of June 30, 2023. Deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources of the City were also allocated to the Airport as indicated on the following pages.

For the year ended June 30, 2023, the City recognized pension expense of (\$424,151). At June 30, 2023, the City reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

	Deferred Outflows of Resources			rred Inflows Resources
Differences between expected and	¢.	1 200 574	•	404.655
actual experience	\$	1,309,574	\$	404,655
Changes in assumptions		25,065		707
Net difference between projected and actual				
earnings on pension plan investments		-		3,162,328
Changes in proportion and differences between				
City contributions and proportionate share				
of contributions		305,221		1,619,533
City contributions subsequent to the				
measurement date		6,163,994		-
Total	\$	7,803,854	\$	5,187,223

\$6,163,994 reported as deferred outflows of resources related to pensions resulting from the City contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the net pension liability in the year ended June 30, 2024. The deferred outflows resulting from the difference between projected and actual earnings on pension plan investments will be recognized as a reduction in pension expense over five years. The other deferred inflows and outflows will be recognized as a component of pension expense using the average expected remaining service lives of all IPERS members. The average is determined by taking the calculated total future service years of the Plan divided by the number of the people in the Plan including retires. Deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources will be recognized as pension expense as follows:

Year End	
June 30,	
2024	\$ (3,100,130)
2025	(2,451,193)
2026	(4,235,955)
2027	6,232,534
2028	 7,381
	\$ (3,547,363)

For the year ended June 30, 2023, the Airport recognized pension expense of (\$33,878). At June 30, 2023, the Airport reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

	Deferred Outflows of Resources		red Inflows Resources
Differences between expected and actual experience	\$	154,909	\$ 15,721
Changes in assumptions		965	65,511
Net difference between projected and actual earnings on pension plan investments		-	188,047
Changes in proportion and differences between Airport contributions and proportionate share of contributions		12,618	65,284
Airport contributions subsequent to the measurement date		330,575	-
Total	\$	499,067	\$ 334,563

\$330,575 reported as deferred outflows of resources related to pensions resulting from the Airport contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the net pension liability in the year ended June 30, 2024. The deferred outflows resulting from the difference between projected and actual earnings on pension plan investments will be recognized as a reduction in pension expense over five years. The other deferred inflows and outflows will be recognized as a component of pension expense using the average expected remaining service lives of all IPERS members. The average is determined by taking the calculated total future service years of the Plan divided by the number of the people in the Plan including retires. Deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources will be recognized as pension expense as follows:

Year End	
June 30,	
2024	\$ (163,960)
2025	(128,858)
2026	(232,850)
2027	360,536
2028	(939)
	\$ (166,071)

For the year ended June 30, 2023, the Agency recognized pension expense of (\$16,472). At June 30, 2023, the Agency reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

	Deferred Outflows of Resources		 red Inflows Resources
Differences between expected and			
actual experience	\$	50,859	\$ 15,715
Changes in assumptions		973	27
Net difference between projected and actual			
earnings on pension plan investments		-	122,812
Changes in proportion and differences between			
Agency contributions and proportionate share		100 110	42.022
of contributions		122,419	42,832
Agency contributions subsequent to the			
measurement date		242,867	-
Total	\$	417,118	\$ 181,386

\$242,867 reported as deferred outflows of resources related to pensions resulting from the Agency contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the net pension liability in the year ended June 30, 2024. The deferred outflows and deferred inflows resulting from the difference between projected and actual earnings on pension plan investments will be recognized as a reduction in pension expense over five years. The other deferred inflows and outflows will be recognized as a reduction of pension expense using the average expected remaining service lives of all IPERS members. The average is determined by taking the calculated total future service years of the Plan divided by the number of the people in the Plan including retires. Deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources will be recognized as pension expense as follows:

Year End June 30,	
2024	\$ (75,278)
2025	(56,284)
2026	(128,912)
2027	254,244
2028	 (905)
	\$ (7,135)

Actuarial Assumptions – The net pension liability in the June 30, 2022 actuarial valuation was determined using the following actuarial assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement:

Rate of inflation	
(effective June 30, 2017)	2.60 percent per annum
Rates of salary increase	3.25 to 16.25 percent, average, including inflation. Rates vary by
(effective June 30, 2017)	membership group.
Long-term investment rate of return	7.00 percent, compounded annually, net of investment expense,
(effective June 30, 2017)	including inflation
Wage growth	3.25 percent per annum based on 2.60 percent inflation
(effective June 30, 2017)	and 0.65 percent real wage inflation

The actuarial assumptions used in the June 30, 2022 valuation were based on the results of a quadrennial experience study covering the period of dated July 1, 2017 through June 30, 2021.

Mortality rates used in the 2022 valuation were based on the PubG-2010 mortality tables with future mortality improvements modeled using Scale MP-2021.

The long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was determined using a building-block method in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates (expected returns, net of pension plan investment expense and inflation) are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation. The target allocation and best estimates of arithmetic real rates of return for each major asset class are summarized in the following table:

		Long-Term Expected
Asset Class	Asset Allocation	Real Rate of Return
Domestic equity	22.0%	3.57%
International equity	17.5	4.79
Global smart beta equity	6.0	4.16
Core plus fixed income	20.0	1.66
Public credit	4.0	3.77
Cash	1.0	0.77
Private equity	13.0	7.57
Private real assets	8.5	3.55
Private credit	8.0	3.63
	100%	

<u>Discount Rate</u> – The discount rate used to measure the net pension liability was 7.0%. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that employee contributions will be made at the contractually required rate and that contributions from the City, Airport and Agency will be made at contractually required rates, actuarially determined. Based on those assumptions, the pension plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of current active and inactive employees. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the net pension liability.

Sensitivity of the City, including the Airport, and Agency's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate – The following presents the City, Airport and Agency's proportionate share of the net pension liability calculated using the discount rate of 7.0%, as well as what the City, Airport and Agency's proportionate share of the net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1-percentage-point lower (6.0%) or 1-percentage-point higher (8.0%) than the current rate.

	1% Decrease (6.0%)	Discount Rate (7.0%)		1% Increase (8.0%)	
City's proportionate share of the net pension liability	\$ 55,039,451	\$	29,541,545	\$	7,070,882
Airport's proportionate share of the net pension liability (asset)	\$ 2,214,138	\$	795,732	\$	(452,120)
Agency's proportionate share of the net pension liability	\$ 2,137,511	\$	1,147,275	\$	274,605

<u>Pension Plan Fiduciary Net Position</u> – Detailed information about the pension plan's fiduciary net position is available in the separately issued IPERS financial report which is available on IPERS' website at www.ipers.org.

Payables to the Pension Plan – At June 30, 2023, the City reported payables to the defined benefit pension plan of \$506,096 for legally required employer contributions and \$337,218 for legally required employee contributions which had been withheld from employee wages but not yet remitted to IPERS. At June 30, 2023, the Airport reported payables to the defined benefit pension plan of \$25,742 for legally required employer contributions and \$17,157 for legally required employee contributions which had been withheld from employee wages but not yet remitted to IPERS. At June 30, 2023, the Agency reported payables to the defined benefit pension plan of \$28,310 for legally required employer contributions and \$18,864 for legally required employee contributions which had been withheld from employee wages but not yet remitted to IPERS.

Note 9: Long-Term Liabilities

Bonded Debt

General Obligation Bonds

There was \$366,140,000 of general obligation bonds outstanding as of June 30, 2023. Un-matured general obligation bonds to be paid by governmental funds totaled \$293,947,140. General obligation bonds to be paid by enterprise revenue and therefore included as Enterprise Fund obligations total \$72,192,860. These general obligation bonds bear interest rates ranging from 0.65% to 6.00% and mature in varying amounts ranging from \$10,000 to \$6,815,000 with the final payments due in the year ending June 30, 2053.

On June 15, 2023, the City issued \$53,670,000 Series A general obligation bonds. The proceeds of the bonds were used for the purpose paying capital improvements of the City. The bonds bear interest 4.0% - 5.0% and mature in varying amounts ranging from \$1,115,000 and \$6,815,000 through fiscal year June 30, 2053 with an average life of 14.31 years.

On June 15, 2023, the City issued \$6,045,000 Series B general obligation bonds. The proceeds of the bonds were used for the purpose paying capital improvements of the City. The bonds bear interest 4.35% - 6.0% and mature in varying amounts ranging from \$185,000 and \$450,000 through fiscal year June 30, 2043 with an average life of 12.00 years.

Revenue Bonds

On June 15, 2023, the City issued \$10,030,000 Series D Water revenue bonds. The proceeds of the bonds were used for the purpose of paying costs of improvements and extensions to the municipal sanitary sewer system. The bonds bear interest 4.0% - 5.0% and mature in varying amounts ranging from \$300,000 and \$705,000 through fiscal year June 30, 2043 with an average life of 11.80 years.

Water Pollution Control:

There was \$46,475,000 of revenue bonds outstanding as of June 30, 2023 related to Water Pollution Control. The City has pledged future water pollution control customer revenue, net of specified operating expenses, to repay these revenue bonds. Total principal and interest remaining to be paid on the bonds is \$57,973,565 and is payable through 2042. Principal and interest paid for the current year and total customer net revenues were \$4,764,024 and \$12,072,344, respectively. The revenue bonds were issued to finance construction and improvements at the wastewater treatment facilities. The bonds require several covenants including maintaining net revenues of at least 110% of the amount of principal and interest due in revenue bonds in the same year and maintaining a reserve fund.

Sanitary Sewer:

There was \$18.610.000 of revenue bonds outstanding as of June 30, 2023 related to Sanitary Sewer. The City has pledged future sanitary sewer customer revenue, net of specified operating expenses, to repay these revenue bonds. Total principal and interest remaining to be paid on the bonds is \$23,857,558 and is payable through 2042. Principal and interest paid for the current year and total customer net revenues were \$1.713,470 and \$6,106,237, respectively. The revenue bonds were issued to finance improvements and extension to the Municipal Sanitary Sewer System. The bonds require several covenants including maintaining net revenues of at least 110% of the amount of principal and interest due in revenue bonds in the same year and maintaining a reserve fund.

Water:

There was \$78,945,000 of revenue bonds outstanding as of June 30, 2023 related to Water. The City has pledged future water customer revenue, net of specified operating expenses, to repay these revenue bonds. Total principal and interest remaining to be paid on the bonds is \$101,806,366 and is payable through 2042. Principal and interest paid for the current year and total customer net revenues were \$7,003,211 and \$14,293,160, respectively. The revenue bonds were issued to finance improvements and extensions to the Municipal Waterworks System. The bonds require several covenants including maintaining net revenues of at least 110% of the amount of principal and interest due in revenue bonds in the same year and maintaining a reserve fund.

Notes Payable

During fiscal year June 30, 2008, the City entered into an agreement with the Iowa State Revolving Fund for a line of credit up to \$39,390,000. Total outstanding as of June 30, 2023 was \$14,343,000. This line of credit was taken out to finance the ultra-violet disinfection system improvements by the Water Fund. The interest rate for this line of credit is 1.75%. Annual payments began during fiscal year June 30, 2010, with the last payment in fiscal year 2029. The City has pledged future water customer revenues, net of specified operating expenses, to repay the note payable. The note payable is payable solely from water customer net revenues included in the Water Fund. Annual principal and interest payments on the note payable are expected to require less than 24% of net revenues. Total interest and principal remaining to be paid is \$15,243,183. Principal and interest paid for the current year and total customer net revenues were \$2,441,680 and \$14,293,160, respectively.

During fiscal year June 30, 2022, the City entered into an agreement with the Iowa State Revolving Fund for a line of credit up to \$21,619,000. Total outstanding as of June 30, 2023 was \$13,446,826. This line of credit was taken out to finance the northwest water treatment plant softening basin addition project by the Water Fund. The interest rate for this line of credit is 1.75%. Annual payments began during fiscal year June 30, 2023, with the last payment in fiscal year 2042. The City has pledged future water customer revenues, net of specified operating expenses, to repay the note payable. The note payable is payable solely from water customer net revenues included in the Water Fund. Annual principal and interest payments on the note payable are expected to require less than 24% of net revenues. Total interest and principal remaining to be paid is \$16,951127. Principal and interest paid for the current year and total customer net revenues were \$980,911 and \$14,293,160, respectively.

During fiscal year June 30, 2009, the City entered into an agreement with the Iowa State Revolving Fund for a line of credit up to \$10.900,000. Total outstanding as of June 30, 2023 was \$3,853,000. This line of credit was taken out to finance the construction of certain wastewater treatment facilities. The interest rate for this line of credit is 1.75%. Annual payments began during fiscal year June 30, 2010, with the last payment in fiscal year 2029. The City has pledged future waste water customer revenues, net of specified operating expenses, to repay the note payable. The note payable is payable solely from waste water customer net revenues included in the Water Pollution Control Fund. Annual principal and interest payments on the note payable are expected to require less than 24% of net revenues. Total interest and principal remaining to be paid is \$4,095,305. Principal and interest paid for the current year and total customer net revenues were \$650,455 and \$12,072,344, respectively.

During fiscal year June 30, 2011, the City entered into an agreement with the Iowa State Revolving Fund for a line of credit up to \$5,767,000. Total outstanding as of June 30, 2023 was \$3,176,000. This line of credit was taken out to finance the construction of certain wastewater treatment facilities. The interest rate for this line of credit is 1.75%. Annual payments began during fiscal year June 30, 2014, with the last payment in fiscal year 2033. The City has pledged future waste water customer revenues in the Water Pollution Control Fund, net of specified operating expenses, to repay the note payable. The note payable is payable solely from waste water customer net revenues included in the Water Pollution Control Fund. Annual principal and interest payments on the note payable are expected to require less than 24% of net revenues. Total estimated interest and principal remaining to be paid is \$3,493,240. Principal and interest paid for the current year and total customer net revenues were \$335,393 and \$12,072,344, respectively.

During fiscal year June 30, 2015, the City entered into an agreement with the Iowa State Revolving Fund for a line of credit up to \$2,130,000. Total outstanding as of June 30, 2023 was \$1,374,000. This line of credit was taken out to finance a roughing dome for Water Pollution Control. The interest rate for this line of credit is 1.75%. Annual payments began during fiscal year June 30, 2016, with the last payment in 2035. The City has pledged future waste water customer revenues in the Water Pollution Control Fund, net of specified operating expenses, to repay the note payable. The note payable is payable solely from waste water customer net revenues included in the Water Pollution Control Fund. Annual principal and interest payments on the note payable are expected to require less than 24% of net revenues. Total estimated interest and principal remaining to be paid is \$1,535,875. Principal and interest paid for the current year and total customer net revenues were \$125,795 and \$12,072,344, respectively.

During fiscal year June 30, 2021, the City entered into an agreement with the Iowa State Revolving Fund for a line of credit up to \$5,500,000. As of June 30, 2023, the City has received \$5,323,076. This line of credit was taken out to finance the construction of certain wastewater treatment facilities. The interest rate for this line of credit is 0.0%. Annual payments will not begin until the project is completed in fiscal year 2024. The City has pledged future waste water customer revenues in the Water Pollution Control Fund, net of specified operating expenses, to repay the note payable. The note payable is payable solely from waste water customer net revenues included in the Water Pollution Control Fund. Annual principal and interest payments on the note payable are expected to require less than 24% of net revenues. Total estimated interest and principal remaining to be paid is \$4,938,938. Interest paid for the current year and total customer net revenues were \$0 and \$12,072,344, respectively.

During fiscal year June 30, 2023, the City entered into an agreement with the Iowa State Revolving Fund for a line of credit up to \$13,300,000. As of June 30, 2023, the City has received \$657,644. This line of credit was taken out to finance the construction of certain wastewater treatment facilities. The interest rate for this line of credit is 0.0%. Annual payments will not begin until the project is completed in fiscal year 2024. The City has pledged future waste water customer revenues in the Water Pollution Control Fund, net of specified operating expenses, to repay the note payable. The note payable is payable solely from waste water customer net revenues included in the Water Pollution Control Fund. Annual principal and interest payments on the note payable are expected to require less than 24% of net revenues. Total estimated interest and principal remaining to be paid is \$657,644. Interest paid for the current year and total customer net revenues were \$0 and \$12,072,344, respectively.

Changes in long-term liabilities:

Long-term debt activity for the year ended June 30, 2023 was as follows:

	Balance			Balance
	June 30, 2022	Additions	Retirements	June 30, 2023
Primary government:				
Governmental				
General obligation	\$ 259,940,020	\$ 53,291,959	\$ 19,284,839	\$ 293,947,140
Plus: unamortized premium	13,576,745	3,543,286	1,492,229	15,627,802
Less: unamortized discount	140,975		18,289	122,686
Total general obligation	273,375,790	56,835,245	20,758,779	309,452,256
Business-type activities				
General obligation				
Water Pollution Control	3,120,000	-	670,000	2,450,000
Water	4,385,000	-	1,760,000	2,625,000
Sanitary Sewer	3,215,000	-	915,000	2,300,000
Alliant Energy PowerHouse	32,259,000	-	2,221,000	30,038,000
DoubleTree by Hilton	28,205,000	-	2,940,000	25,265,000
Other business-type funds	3,335,980	6,423,041	244,161	9,514,860
Notes Payable (Direct Placement):				
Water Pollution Control	14,289,937	1,041,783	948,000	14,383,720
Water	20,861,739	9,971,087	3,043,000	27,789,826
Revenue Bonds:				
Water Pollution Control	49,495,000	-	3,020,000	46,475,000
Water	73,235,000	10,030,000	4,320,000	78,945,000
Sanitary Sewer	19,620,000	-	1,010,000	18,610,000
Plus: unamortized premium	9,119,973	651,086	1,321,847	8,449,212
Less: unamortized discounts	120,443	-	18,159	102,284
Total business-type activities	261,021,186	28,116,997	22,394,849	266,743,334
Total long-term debt	\$ 534,396,976	\$ 84,952,242	\$ 43,153,628	\$ 576,195,590

	Due within one year		
Primary government:			
Governmental			
General obligation	\$	20,976,891	
Business-type activities:			
Water pollution control	4,797,000		
Water	9,385,000		
Sanitary Sewer	1,900,000		
Alliant Energy PowerHouse	2,276,000		
DoubleTree by Hilton	2,970,000		
Other business-type funds		412,109	
Total primary government	\$	42,717,000	

Payments on bonds that pertain to the City's governmental activities are made by the debt service fund.

At June 30, 2023, the general obligation debt issued by the City did not exceed its legal debt margin compiled as follows:

Total estimated actual valuation - real property	\$ \$ 13,045,820,684		
	 _		
Debt limit - 5% of total valuation	 652,291,034		
Debt applicable to debt limit:			
General obligation bonded debt outstanding	 366,140,000		
Legal debt margin	\$ 286,151,034		

A summary of the bond principal and interest maturities by type of bond is as follows:

	Govern General C		•	pe activities Obligation	General C	e e
Year Ending June 30:	Principal	Interest	Principal	Interest	Principal	Interest
2024	\$ 20,976,891	\$ 10,304,153	\$ 8,658,109	\$ 1,980,434	\$ 29,635,000	\$ 12,284,587
2025	14,144,936	9,658,065	8,100,064	1,559,613	22,245,000	11,217,678
2026	14,357,106	9,018,069	7,217,894	1,350,595	21,575,000	10,368,664
2027	14,565,271	8,426,857	6,664,729	1,203,956	21,230,000	9,630,813
2028	14,840,482	7,830,085	6,129,517	1,063,720	20,969,999	8,893,805
2029-2033	72,463,085	30,697,782	24,536,916	3,348,245	97,000,001	34,046,027
2034-2038	61,340,490	19,661,456	5,589,510	1,434,109	66,930,000	21,095,565
2039-2043	38,583,879	10,956,906	5,296,121	534,395	43,880,000	11,491,301
2044-2048	23,025,000	6,055,731	-	-	23,025,000	6,055,731
2049-2053	19,650,000	1,923,975	-	_	19,650,000	1,923,975
	\$ 293,947,140	\$ 114,533,079	\$ 72,192,860	\$ 12,475,067	\$ 366,140,000	\$127,008,146

	Revenue					
Year Ending						
June 30:		Principal		Interest		
2024	\$	8,980,000	\$	5,182,425		
2025		9,355,000		4,784,121		
2026		9,770,000		4,353,771		
2027		10,150,000		3,934,221		
2028		10,500,000		3,541,859		
2029-2033		49,520,000		12,046,941		
2034-2038		34,410,000		4,839,881		
2039-2043		11,345,000		924,269		
	\$	144,030,000	\$	39,607,488		

A summary of the business-type note payable principal and interest maturities is as follows:

	Note Payable					
Year Ending						
June 30:	Principal	Interest				
2024	\$ 4,102,000	\$ 665,223				
2025	4,216,000	754,089				
2026	4,331,000	689,028				
2027	4,451,000	615,248				
2028	4,575,000	539,455				
2029-2033	16,737,720	1,663,182				
2034-2037	3,760,826	644,315				
	\$ 42,173,546	\$ 5,570,540				

Other long-term liability activity for the year ended June 30, 2023 was as follows:

	Beginning Balance,			Ending	Due within
	As Restated	Additions	Reductions	Balance	one year
Governmental activities:					
Claims and Judgments	\$ 11,161,016	\$ 35,514,354	\$ 32,362,565	\$ 14,312,805	\$ 3,814,927
Compensated absences	7,873,880	8,705,454	8,438,316	8,141,018	8,108,723
Lease agreements	1,203,116	291,727	411,006	1,083,837	326,657
IT Subscriptions	903,820	1,018,845	928,642	994,023	583,156
Governmental activity					
Long-term liabilities	21,141,832	45,530,380	42,140,529	24,531,683	12,833,463
Business-type activities:					
Compensated absences	1,615,763	1,971,851	1,891,364	1,696,250	1,696,250
Closure/post closure landfill	952,600	22,000	· · ·	974,600	· · ·
Lease agreements	564,928	6,711	162,627	409,012	115,240
IT Subscriptions	68,336	-	15,964	52,372	16,688
Business-type activity					
Long-term liabilities	3,201,627	2,000,562	2,069,955	3,132,234	1,828,178
Component Units:					
Airport					
Compensated absences	375,653	461,685	428,978	408,360	408,360
CRLCSWA					
Compensated absences	175,844	175,794	175,910	175,728	175,725
Closure/post closure landfill	18,211,871	3,936,245	475,679	21,672,437	431,523
Lease agreements	1,057	5,250,243	524	533	533
Long-term liabilities	\$ 18,388,772	\$ 4,112,039	\$ 652,113	\$ 21,848,698	\$ 607,781

The City leases buildings and equipment from others. These leases have terms between 2 years and 14 years and 6 months with payment terms requiring monthly, quarterly or annual payments. As of June 30, 2023, the principal and interest requirements to maturity for the lease liability is as follows:

Year End June 30,	Principal		Interest		Total	
2024	\$	441,897	\$	52,256	\$	494,153
2025		375,359		36,449		411,808
2026		316,571		22,084		338,655
2027		236,332		9,736		246,068
2028		83,077		2,725		85,802
2029-2033		39,613		3,738		43,351
	\$	1,492,849	\$	126,988	\$	1,619,837

The Agency has one lease for equipment from others. The lease has a 5 year term with payments terms requiring quarterly payments. As of June 30, 2023, the principal and interest requirements to maturity for the lease liability is as follows:

Year End June 30,	Prir	ncipal	Inte	rest	T	otal
2024	\$	533	\$	5	\$	538

The City has entered into contracts that convey control of the right-to-use of information technology software. The City recognized an IT subscription liability in the amount of \$1,136,209. The IT subscriptions leases have terms between 3 and 6 years with payment terms requiring monthly or annual payments. As of June 30, 2023, the principal and interest requirements to maturity for the IT subscription liability is as follows:

Year End June 30,	Principal		Interest		Total	
2024	\$	599,844	\$	28,962	\$	628,806
2025		428,313		20,150		448,463
2026		18,238		828		19,066
	\$	1,046,395	\$	49,940	\$	1,096,335

The compensated absences liability attributable to the governmental activities will be liquidated by several of the City's governmental and internal service funds. In the past, approximately 94% has been paid by the General Fund and the remainder by other governmental and internal service funds. The claims and judgment liability will generally be liquidated by the City's Risk Management Fund (See Note 12, also). The Risk Management Fund will finance the payment of those claims by charging the other funds based on management's assessment of the relative insurance risk that should be assumed by the individual funds. Currently, the General Fund bears approximately 65% of the claims and judgment costs; no other individual fund is charged more than 9% of the total amount.

Industrial Revenue Bonds (Conduit Debt)

From time to time, the City has issued Industrial Revenue Bonds to provide financial assistance to private-sector entities for the acquisition and construction of industrial and commercial facilities deemed to be in the public interest. The bonds are secured by the property financed and are payable solely from payments received on the underlying mortgage loans. Upon repayment of the bonds, ownership of the acquired facilities transfers to the private-sector entity served by the bond issuance. Neither the City, the State, nor any political subdivision thereof is obligated in any manner for repayment of the bonds. Accordingly, the bonds are not reported as liabilities in the accompanying financial statements.

As of June 30, 2023, there were two series of Industrial Revenue Bonds outstanding. The aggregate principal balance as of June 30, 2023 due on bonds issued is \$45,500,000.

Note 10: Deficit Fund Equity

At June 30, 2023, individual funds with deficit fund balances were as follows:

Special Revenue: Tax Incremental Financing 2020 Derecho

\$6,257,555 \$15,893,760

The Tax Incremental Financing Fund requires expenditure certification in order to receive future revenue, and therefore the current deficit will be cleared with future property tax revenue. The 2020 Derecho Fund is funded by non-exchange grant revenues and insurance reimbursements that will be received in future years. Management feels that these are temporary deficits and will be rectified within future fiscal years.

Note 11: Deferred Compensation Plans

The City and Airport offers its employees several deferred compensation plans created in accordance with Internal Revenue Code Section 457. These plans, available to all City and Airport employees, permit them to defer a portion of their salary until future years. The four types of matching programs are:

- Employees covered by a bargaining contract-employer contributes a one to one match up to ½% of bargaining employee's base salary.
- City Manager-employer contributes based on employment agreement in lieu of IPERS.
- Airport salaried non-bargaining employees-employer contributions 75% of participant's contribution.
- Airport full-time hourly employees-employer contribution ½% of participant's annual salary.

The City does not match non-bargaining employee's contributions. The deferred compensation is not available to employees until termination, retirement, death, or unforeseeable emergency and participation in the plan is optional. Employees are immediately vested upon participation in these plans, so there are no forfeitures. The City and Airport contributed \$188,689 and \$162,329 respectively to the plans in the current year.

The City does not own or administer the amount deferred by employees and, therefore, the liability and corresponding investment are not reflected in the basic financial statements.

Note 12: Risk Management

The City's risk management program strives to protect the City's assets in a cost effective and responsible manner using a combination of the four recognized methods of treating risks: elimination, reduction, transfer, and retention. Safety and loss prevention programs help reduce the City's exposure to risks. Those risks that cannot be eliminated or reduced are either transferred or retained.

The Eastern Iowa Airport, one of the City's component units, uses a combination of the four recognized methods as well. The major airport liability risk is transferred by purchasing an airport liability policy and errors and employment practice liability policy. The other component unit, Cedar Rapids Linn County Solid Waste Agency, transfers all of its risk by purchasing commercial insurance.

For those risks covered by insurance policies, settled claims have not exceeded the insurance coverage purchased for each of the past three fiscal years.

Torts and errors:

During fiscal year 2023, the City purchased liability insurance to cover its airport, underground fuel tanks, two specific vehicles used in housing operations and liquor liability. The City self-insures for its general liability, errors and employment practices liability, police liability, auto liability and bus liability exposures which are accounted for and financed under a separate subdivision of the Risk Management Fund. Losses on claims are limited under the City purchased public entity excess liability insurance policy with a \$500,000 self-insured retention and a \$10,000,000 limit of liability to cover its public liability exposures. The City self-administers claims and utilizes an independent appraisal firm to write vehicle damage repair estimates and an adjusting firm to negotiate bodily injury and non-vehicle property damage claims. All City Departments and Enterprise Funds are charged a liability premium based on their exposures and loss experience. The total premium charged for fiscal year 2023 was determined using independent actuarial projections for ultimate limited liability losses, liability expenses and premiums for separate insurance policies. An estimated outstanding liability of \$2,173,845 as of June 30, 2023 was calculated by an independent actuary at a 75% confidence level by using the case reserves, the development of known claims and incurred but not reported claims. The claims liabilities shown below are in accordance with the requirements of GASB Statement No. 10.

Changes in the Tort Liability Fund's claims liability amount are as follows:

	Beginning	Additions &		Ending
	Fiscal Year	Change in		Fiscal Year
	<u>Liability</u>	Accrual	Claims Paid	<u>Liability</u>
7/21 - 6/22	\$2,731,230	\$2,025,585	(\$1,087,943)	\$3,668,872
7/22 - 6/23	\$3,668,872	(\$863,763)	(\$631,264)	\$2,173,845

Theft of, damage to, or destruction of assets:

The City purchased property insurance with a \$100,000 per occurrence deductible. The City has excess coverage for its flood exposure with a \$250,000 deductible. City Departments and Enterprise Funds are charged a property insurance premium based on a percentage of the projected cost of full coverage. The difference between the premium charged departments and the premium paid to the insurer is used to pay losses that fall between the \$5,000 departmental deductible and the \$100,000 policy deductible. The City's infrastructure assets are not insured.

Job related injuries to employees:

Benefits due to City employees under the Iowa Workers' Compensation Laws are accounted for and financed under a separate subdivision of the Risk Management Fund without excess insurance. Claims administration is performed by City staff. All City Departments and Enterprise funds are charged a premium based on their share of past losses. The June 30, 2023 claims liability of \$5,313,644 was calculated at a 75% confidence level by an independent actuary.

Changes in the Workers' Compensation Fund's claims liability amount are as follows:

	Beginning	Additions &		Ending
	Fiscal Year	Change in		Fiscal Year
	<u>Liability</u>	Accrual	Claims Paid	<u>Liability</u>
7/21 - 6/22	\$8,356,599	(\$729,243)	(\$1,789,212)	\$5,838,144
7/22 - 6/23	\$5,838,144	\$2,010,799	(\$2,535,299)	\$5,313,644

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Health care benefits for employees, retirees, and dependents:

The City has been accounting for and financing health care benefits under a separate subdivision of the Risk Management Fund since January 1, 1992. Claims administration is provided by a third party administrator. The City does purchase stop loss insurance as part of the healthcare coverage. All City Departments and Enterprise Funds are charged a premium based on the number of single and family plans in place each month. Retirees and COBRA participants pay 102% of the monthly plan premium. The total premium charged is the amount needed to pay expected claim and administrative costs. A \$1,609,000 claims liability for incurred but unpaid medical bills as of June 30, 2023 was determined by an independent actuary. Changes in the Health Fund's claims liability amount are as follows:

	Beginning	Additions &		Ending
	Fiscal Year	Change in		Fiscal Year
	<u>Liability</u>	Accrual	Claims Paid	Liability
7/21 - 6/22	\$1,289,000	\$23,656,338	(\$23,326,338)	\$1,619,000
7/22 - 6/23	\$1,619,000	\$28,130,001	(\$28,140,001)	\$1,609,000

Dental Care benefits for employees and dependents:

Effective April 1, 1993, the City began to account for and finance dental care benefits under a separate subdivision of the Risk Management Fund. Claims administration is provided by a third party administrator. All City Departments and Enterprise Funds are charged a premium based on the number of plans in place each month. Employees pay the extra cost to purchase family plan coverage. COBRA participants pay 102% of the single or family plan monthly premium. The total premium charged is the estimated amount needed to pay expected claim and administrative costs. An independent actuary examined the claims payment records and determined the claims liability for incurred but unpaid dental bills as of June 30, 2023 to be \$30,000.

Changes in the Dental Fund's claims liability amount are as follows:

	Beginning	Additions &		Ending
	Fiscal Year	Change in		Fiscal Year
	<u>Liability</u>	<u>Accrual</u>	Claims Paid	<u>Liability</u>
7/21 - 6/22	\$35,000	\$1,004,209	(\$1,004,209)	\$35,000
7/22 - 6/23	\$35,000	\$1,051,001	(\$1,056,001)	\$30,000

Note 13: Contingent Liabilities

There are numerous lawsuits pending against the City for various reasons. The outcome and eventual liability of the City, if any, from these cases and from any unasserted claims is not known at this time. Lawsuits stemming from the operation of the City's airport are covered by insurance purchased by the City. For other risks, which have not been transferred to an insurance company, the City accounts for and finances these lawsuits through the Risk Management Fund, an internal service fund. This fund includes an open and incurred but not reported claims liability determined by an independent actuary comprised of an estimate of the possibility of unfavorable outcomes involving these pending lawsuits, all open claims, and any possible unasserted claims unknown to the City. It is the joint opinion of management and counsel that there are no known lawsuits or open claims other than those recorded that will have a material adverse effect on the City's Risk Management Fund or the City's financial position.

Amounts received or receivable from grant agencies are subject to audit and adjustments by grantor agencies, principally the federal government. And disallowed claims, including amounts already collected, may constitute a liability of the applicable funds.

Note 14: Closure and Postclosure Care Cost

State and federal laws and regulations require the Agency to place a final cover on the landfill sites when the Agency stops accepting waste and to perform certain maintenance and monitoring functions at the site for thirty years after closure. Although closure and postclosure care costs will be paid only near or after the date the landfill stops accepting waste, the liabilities of closure and postclosure care costs are to be expensed in each period the landfill accepts waste based upon landfill capacity used as of each statement date.

The City's and Linn County's liability for closure and postclosure care costs as of July 1, 1994 were fixed as part of the aforementioned Chapter 28E agreement based on estimated care costs and the percentage of landfill capacity utilized for each of the two respective landfill sites.

The Agency is liable for all closure and postclosure care costs at the two landfill sites. The Agency's liability as of June 30, 2023, is summarized below. These amounts are based on the estimated cost to perform all closure and postclosure care costs as of June 30, 2023. Actual costs may be higher due to inflation, changes in technology, or changes in regulations.

_	Former City Landfill		Former County Landfill		Total	
Total care costs Care costs remaining to be recognized attributable to unutilized capacity	\$	7,034,706	\$	18,179,000 (3,541,269)	\$ 25,213,706 (3,541,269)	
Care costs recognized attributable to utilized capacity	\$	7,034,706	\$	14,637,731	\$ 21,672,437	
Capacity utilized		100.00%		80.52%		
Estimated remaining life		0 years		5.8 years		

The City operates an ash sanitary landfill consisting of two lagoons at the City's Water Pollution Control facility. The purpose of the landfill is to hold the sandy material leftover from the incineration of solids created during treatment or settled out of the wastewater. Each lagoon will hold up to two to three years of waste. Once filled, the lagoon is permitted to rest for a year or two and then the ash is excavated and used as daily cover at the Cedar Rapids/Linn County Solid Waste Agency landfill. Once the lagoon is excavated, it will be ready to receive more ash. The estimated total current costs of the landfill closure and post-closure care costs as of June 30, 2023, was estimated by a professional engineer and is \$974,600. This liability is accrued in the Water Pollution Control fund. The City is required by federal and state laws and regulations to provide some form of financial assurance to finance closure and post-closure care. The City will meet its financial assurance obligations through existing cash reserves.

Note 15: Leases (Lessor)

The City leases buildings and land assets to others. These leases have terms between 3 years and 50 years, with payments required monthly or annually. The total lease revenue and interest recognized during the year was \$212,342 and \$35,411 respectively. Below is a schedule of future payments that are included in the measurement of the lease receivable:

Year End June 30,	Principal	Interest	Total
2024	\$ 153,401	\$ 31,320	\$ 184,721
2025	105,382	25,730	131,112
2026	64,458	344,425	408,883
2027	58,185	342,447	400,633
2028	57,171	340,572	397,743
2029-2033	1,018,852	950,568	1,969,420
2034-2038	1,381,381	588,039	1,969,420
2039-2043	1,350,018	376,430	1,726,448
2044-2048	1,485,429	167,071	1,652,500
2049-2053	329,175	6,450	335,625
2054-2058	1,606	894	2,500
2059-2063	1,862	638	2,500
2064-2068	2,158	342	2,500
2069-2070	957	43	1,000
	\$ 6,010,035	\$ 2,035,062	\$ 3,492,511

The Airport leases building space to others. These leases have terms between 2 years and 20 years, with payments required monthly or annually. The total lease revenue and interest recognized during the year was \$2,326,584 and \$257,821 respectively. Below is a schedule of future payments that are included in the measurement of the lease receivable:

Year End June 30,	Principa1		Interest		Total	
2024	\$	2,409,728	\$	172,941	\$	2,582,668
2025		828,629		110,393		939,022
2026		730,357		79,014		809,371
2027		619,320		53,524		672,844
2028		582,623		30,502		613,125
2029-2033		433,402		17,166		450,569
2034		15,333		179		15,512
=	\$	5,619,392	\$	463,719	\$	6,083,111

There are various regulated leases regulated leases relating to buildings and land that are excluded from the measurement of lease receivable for the Airport. The broad range includes agreements related to passenger airlines, hangers, cargo facilities, air taxi, charters, flight training and other agreements related to the movement of passengers, baggage, mail and cargo. The Department of Transportation and the Federal Aviation Administration (FAA), through Federal statutes, require the Airport to be available for public use on reasonable conditions and without unjust discrimination. This Federal regulation and other provisions ultimately provide the FAA final authority and oversight for many of the regulated agreements the Airport executes. For the year ending June 30, 2023, revenue totaling \$2,434,257 was recognized for such regulated leases. The schedule of projected revenue for regulated agreements reflects projected future revenue related to these regulated agreements.

Year End June 30,	Total		
2024	\$	2,611,051	
2025		2,557,341	
2026		2,557,341	
2027		2,301,033	
2028		2,218,115	
2029-2033		5,785,277	
2034-2038		254,190	
2034-2041		165,224	
	\$	18,449,572	

Note 16: Other Post Employment Benefits (OPEB)

Plan Description and Funding Policy

The City sponsors a single-employer health care plan that provides medical benefits to employees and retirees. The City issues a stand-alone unaudited report which is available upon request by contacting the Finance Department at 101 First Street SE, Cedar Rapids, Iowa, 52401. Full-time fire fighters and police officers participate in MFPRSI and may retire after age 55 with 22 years of service or if disabled. All other full-time employees participate in the IPERS and may retire with health coverage after age 55 with 33 years of service, under the Rule of 88, at age 62 with 20 years of service or if disabled.

Employees pay a small (10% or less) share of the health insurance premium. The City pays the remainder of the health insurance premium for employees. Retirees may elect to stay on the City's group health plan until they reach age 65. Retirees pay 102% of the group rates calculated on the expected costs based on the entire group of actives, COBRA participants, and retirees. COBRA participants may elect to stay on the City's group health plan and dental plan by paying 102% of the group rates.

The current funding policy of the City is to pay health and dental claims as they occur through internal allocated funds. This arrangement does not qualify as a trust with OPEB plan assets under GASB for current GASB reporting. The City establishes and amends contribution requirements.

For fiscal year 2023, the City made \$861,470 in benefit payments.

Employees covered benefit terms: At June 30, 2023, the following employees were covered by the benefit terms:

Inactive employees currently receiving benefits	99
Inactive employees entitled to but not yet receiving benefits	0
Active employees	1,243
	1,342

<u>Total OPEB Liability</u> – The City's total OPEB liability of was measured as of June 30, 2022 and then rolled forward for June 30, 2023 to determine the actuarial valuation as of that date of \$15,165,452.

<u>Actuarial Assumptions</u> – The total OPEB liability in the June 30, 2023 actuarial valuation was determined using the following actuarial assumptions and the entry age normal actuarial cost method, applied to all periods included in the measurement.

Rate of inflation	
(effective June 30, 2022)	3.00 percent per annum
Rates of salary increase	
(effective June 30, 2022)	3.25 percent per annum, including inflation
Discount rate	
(effective June 30, 2023)	3.86 percent, compounded annually, including inflation
Healthcare cost trend rate	7.0 percent initial rate, decreasing to 0.5 percent in the first two
(effective June 30, 2023)	years to 6.0 percent in year three, and then decreasing by 0.25 percent annually to an ultimate rate of 5.00 percent

The discount rate was based on the June 30, 2023 Fidelity General Obligation AA 20-Year Yield.

Mortality rates for general employees, retirees and disabled retirees were based on the PubG.H-2010 Employee, Healthy Annuitant, and Disabled Retirees, Generational with Projection Scale MP-2021 for males or females, as appropriate.

Mortality rates for public safety employees, retires and disable retires were based on PubS.H-2010 Employee, Healthy Annuitant, and Disabled Retirees, Generational with Projection Scale MP-2021 for males or females, as appropriate.

Changes in the Total OPEB Liability

	Total OPEB			
	Liability			
Total OPEB liability beginning of year	\$	16,679,434		
Changes for the year:				
Service cost		800,137		
Interest	628,727			
Differences between expected				
and actual experience		(85,577)		
Changes in assumptions		(1,149,835)		
Benefit payments	(861,470)			
Net changes		(668,018)		
Total OPEB liability end of year	\$	16,011,416		

Changes in assumptions

Discount rate	The discount rate was increased from 3.69	percent to 3.86 percent.

Mortality Rates The mortality improvement was updated from Scale MP-2020 to Scale MP-2021.

Health Plan Claim Costs Change first two projection years from 6.5 percent in year 1 to 7.0 percent and from

2.60

11 200

6.25 percent in year 2 to 6.5 percent.

Sensitivity of the City's total OPEB liability to the changes in the discount rate – The following presents the total OPEB liability of the City, as well as what the City's total OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1.0% lower (2.86%) or 1% higher (4.86%) than the current discount rate.

	1%			Discount	1%			
		Decrease		Rate	Increase			
		(2.86%)		(3.86%)		(4.86%)		
Total OPEB Liability	\$	17,392,184	\$	16,011,416	\$	14,740,601		

Sensitivity of the City's total OPEB liability to changes in the healthcare cost trend rates – The following presents the total OPEB liability of the City, as well as what the City's total liability would be if it were calculated using healthcare cost trend rates that are 1.0% lower (6.0% decreasing to 4.0%) or 1.0% higher (8.0% decreasing to 6.0%) than the current healthcare cost trend rates.

	1% Health Care			1%			
	Decrease Cost Trend		Cost Trend	Increase			
		% Decreasing	R	ates (7.0%	(8.0% Decreasing		
		to 4.0%)	decreasing to 5.0%		to 6.0%)		
Total OPEB Liability	\$ 14,168,426		\$	16,011,416	\$	18,209,303	

<u>OPEB expense and deferred outflows of resources related to OPEB</u> – For the year ended June 30, 2023, the City recognized OPEB expense of \$1,684,231. At June 30, 2023, the City reported deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB from the following resources:

	Deferred Outflows		Defe	erred Inflows	
	of	Resources	of Resources		
Differences between expected and					
actual experience	\$	1,358,859	\$	725,399	
Changes in assumptions					
or other inputs		2,202,512		3,083,272	
Total	\$	3,561,371	\$	3,808,671	

Amounts reported as deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB will be recognized in OPEB expense over the average future service to retirement of plan participants as follows:

Year End	
June 30,	
2024	\$ 255,367
2025	255,367
2026	21,121
2027	(169,187)
2028	(389,017)
Thereafter	(220,951)
	\$ (247,300)

Note 17: Governmental Fund Balance Classification

GASB Statement No. 54, "Fund Balance Reporting and Governmental Fund Type Definitions" establishes criteria for classifying fund balances specifically defined classifications and clarifies definitions for governmental fund types. The following represents these classifications and the purposes for which the amounts can be spent.

		Infrastructure	Flood	2020	Special Revenue	Other	T 1
and Balances:	General	Construction	Mitigation	Derecho	Other	Governmental	Total
Nonspendable:							
Corpus of principal	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 112,990	\$ -	\$ 112,990
Inventories	866,609	φ -	ъ -	φ -	\$ 112,990	.	866,609
Prepaid items	1,074,359	13,822	32,635,959	-	364,741	611,175	34,700,050
Total Nonspendable	1,940,968	13,822	32,635,959		477,731	611,175	35,679,655
Restricted:		12.056.454	10.400.206			62 104 074	05.620.01
Capital projects	-	13,956,454	18,480,386	-	-	63,194,074	95,630,91
Community and economic							
development	-	-	-	-	239,786	4,644,511	4,884,29
Culture and recreation							
Library	-	-	-	-	1,204,277	-	1,204,27
Band	185,284	-	-	-	-	-	185,28
Parks	-	-	-	-	1,170,771	-	1,170,77
Debt service	-	-	-	-	-	-	6,618,68
Employee benefits	-	-	-	-	-	-	4,660,67
General government							
Vets memorial	2,097,228	-	-	-	-	-	2,097,22
Animal control	-	-	-	-	239,477	-	239,47
Public safety							
Fire	-	-	-	-	2,667	106,888	109,55
Police	-	-	-	-	762,853	624,872	1,387,72
Public works	147,605	-	-	-	-	-	147,60
SSMID		-	-	-	=	160,024	160,02
Total Restricted	2,430,117	13,956,454	18,480,386	-	3,619,831	80,009,725	118,496,51
Committed:							
Culture and recreation							
Parks	-	-	-	-	755,019	_	755,01
Economic development	-	-	_	-	-	2,920,852	
General government							
Training and development	_	_	_	_	60,544	_	60,54
Vets memorial	_	_	_	_	4,042	_	4,04
Real estate disposal	_	_	_	_	1,072,117	_	1,072,11
Public safety services					1,072,117		1,0,2,11
Fire	_	_	_	_	126,837	_	126,83
Police	_	_	_		9,658,146	_	9,658,14
Total Committed					14,597,557		
		- _	- _	<u>-</u>	14,377,337		14,597,55
Assigned:							
Capital improvements		15.052.15					15.050
and equipment		17,873,178	-		-	-	17,873,17
Total Assigned		17,873,178	-		-	-	17,873,17
Unassigned:	49,980,677	-	-	(15,893,760)	(600,895)	(6,264,255)	27,221,76
Total fund balances	\$ 54,351,762	\$ 31,843,454	\$ 51,116,345	\$(15,893,760)	\$ 18,094,224	\$ 74,356,645	\$ 213,868,67

Note 18: Tax Abatements

Governmental Accounting Standards Board Statement No. 77 defines tax abatements as a reduction in tax revenues that results from an agreement between one or more governments and an individual or entity in which (a) one or more governments promise to forgo tax revenues to which they are otherwise entitled and (b) the individual or entity promises to take a specific action after the agreement has been entered into that contributes to economic development or otherwise benefits the governments or the citizens of those governments.

The City provides tax abatements for urban renewal and economic development projects with tax increment financing as provided for in Chapters 15A and 403 of the Code of Iowa. For these types of projects, the City enters into agreements with developers which require the City, after developers meet the terms of the agreements, to rebate a portion of the property tax paid by the developers, to pay the developers an economic development grant or to pay the developers a predetermined dollar amount. No other commitments were made by the City as part of these agreements.

For the year ended June 30, 2023, the City abated \$7,504,563 of property tax under the urban renewal and economic development projects.

Note 19: Accounting Change

The following pronouncement was implemented effective July 1, 2022:

GASB Statement No. 96, Subscription-Based Information Technology Arrangements (SBITAs). The new requirements require the reporting of certain right-to-use subscription based IT arrangements and liabilities which were previously not reported. The result of these changes had no effect on the beginning net position.

	Governmental Activities - Capital Assets	Governmental Activities - Other Long- Term Liabilities	Business-Type Activities - Capital Assets	Governmental Activities - Other Long- Term Liabilities	
Balances June 30, 2022, as previously reported	1,064,472,624	20,238,012	615,303,707	3,133,291	
Change to implement GASB No. 96	903,820	903,820	68,336	68,336	
Balances July 1, 2022,					
as restated	1,065,376,444	21,141,832	615,372,043	3,201,627	

Note 20: Adopted and Pending Pronouncements

As of June 30, 2023, the City adopted the following Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) Statement:

• GASB 91, Conduit Debt Obligations, was effective for the City beginning with its fiscal year ending June 30, 2023. The primary objectives of this Statement are to provide a single method of reporting conduit debt obligations by issuers and eliminate diversity in practice associated with (1) commitments extended by issuers, (2) arrangements associated with conduit debt obligations, and (3) related note disclosures. This Statement achieves those objectives by clarifying the existing definition of a conduit debt obligation; establishing that a conduit debt obligation is not a liability of the issuer; establishing standards for accounting and financial reporting of additional commitments and voluntary commitments extended by issuers and arrangements associated with conduit debt obligations; and improving required note disclosures.

- GASB 94, *Public-Private and Public-Public Partnerships and Availability Payment Arrangements*, was effective for the City beginning with its fiscal year ending June 30, 2023. This statement will improve financial reporting by addressing issues related to public-private and public-public partnership and provides guidance for accounting and reporting for availability payment arrangements.
- GASB Statement No. 96, Subscription-Based Information Technology Arrangements, was effective for the City beginning with its fiscal year ending June 30, 2023. This statement provides guidance on the accounting and financial reporting for subscription-based information technology arrangements (SBITAs) for government end users. This statement (1) defines an SBITA; (2) establishes that an SBITA results in a right-to-use subscription asset --an intangible asset --and a corresponding subscription liability; (3) provides the capitalization criteria for outlays other than subscription payments, including implementation costs of an SBITA; and (4) requires note disclosure regarding an SBITA.
- GASB Statement No. 99, *Omnibus 2022*, was effective for the City beginning with its fiscal year ending June 30, 2023. The objectives of this Statement are to enhance comparability in accounting and financial reporting and to improve the consistency of authoritative literature by addressing (1) practice issues that have been identified during implementation and application of certain GASB Statements and (2) accounting and financial reporting for financial guarantees.

The GASB has issued several statements not yet implemented by the City. The statements which might impact the City are as follows:

- GASB Statement No. 100, Accounting Changes and Error Corrections An Amendment of GASB Statement No. 62, will be effective for the City June 30, 2024. The primary objective of this Statement is to enhance accounting and financial reporting requirements for accounting changes and error corrections to provide more understandable, reliable, relevant, consistent, and comparable information for making decisions or assessing accountability.
- GASB Statement No. 101, Compensated Absences, will be effective for the City June 30, 2025. The objective of this Statement is to better meet the information needs of financial statement users by updating the recognition and measurement guidance for compensated absences. That objective is achieved by aligning the recognition and measurement guidance under a unified model and by amending certain previously required disclosures. This Statement requires that liabilities for compensated absences be recognized for (1) leave that has not been used and (2) leave that has been used but not yet paid in cash or settled through noncash means. A liability should be recognized for leave that has not been used if (a) the leave is attributable to services already rendered, (b) the leave accumulates, and (c) the leave is more likely than not to be used for time off or otherwise paid in cash or settled through noncash means. With respect to financial statements prepared using the current financial resources measurement focus, this Statement requires that expenditures be recognized for the amount that normally would be liquidated with expendable available financial resources.

The City's management has not yet determined the effect these statements will have on the City's financial statements.



City of Five Seasons®

City of Cedar Rapids, Iowa Required Supplementary Information Budgetary Comparison Schedule of Receipts, Disbursements, and Changes in Balances Budget and Actual - All Governmental Funds and Proprietary Funds, and Discretely Presented Component Units (Unaudited) Year ended June 30, 2023

	_	Governmental Fund Types Actual Budgetary Basis	Proprietary Fund Types Actual Budgetary Basis		Discretely Presented Component Units Actual Budgetary Basis	
Revenues:	_		_		_	
Property taxes	\$	112,272,309	\$	5,746,412	\$	-
TIF revenues		19,723,453		-		-
Other taxes		41,981,814		-		-
Licenses and permits		3,513,549		-		45,168
Use of money and property		6,335,084		4,848,621		18,786,387
Intergovernmental		81,677,507		7,495,566		35,666,364
Charges for services		32,063,953		211,605,852		13,741,052
Special assessments		521,409		327,211		-
Miscellaneous		22,512,971		8,743,123		2,072,762
Total revenues		320,602,049		238,766,785		70,311,733
Expenditures: Current:						
Public safety		87,194,085		-		-
Public works		27,807,898		-		-
Culture and recreation		23,711,954		-		-
Community and economic development		30,031,576		-		-
General government		23,236,141		-		-
Debt service		28,588,034		-		-
Capital projects		138,710,308		-		-
Business-type				274,156,668		28,898,196
Total expenditures		359,279,996		274,156,668		28,898,196
Excess (deficiency) of revenues						
over (under) expenditures		(38,677,947)		(35,389,883)		41,413,537
Other financing sources, net		61,206,754		14,757,733		-
Net change in fund balances, net position		22,528,807		(20,632,150)		41,413,537
Fund balances, budgetary basis net position - July 1, 2022		191,339,863		346,397,343		279,034,399
Fund balances, budgetary basis net position - June 30, 2023	\$	213,868,670	\$	325,765,193	\$	320,447,936
Adjustments not budgeted:				(0.004.444)		(4.540.774)
Other accrued liabilities		-		(9,634,414)		(1,542,771)
Bond proceeds		-		(266,743,334)		-
Accrued bond interest		-		(641,888)		-
Capital outlay variance from depreciation	_	- 040 000 070	_	620,772,505		25,416,336
Fund balances, net position - June 30, 2023 GAAP basis	\$	213,868,670	\$	669,518,062	\$	344,321,501

The note to the required supplementary information are an integral part of this statement.

		Budgeted Amounts				Final to Actual		
Net		Original			Final		Variance	
\$	118,018,721	\$	113,538,197	\$	113,538,197	\$	4,480,524	
	19,723,453		20,282,011		20,282,011		(558,558)	
	41,981,814		37,807,645		39,836,589		2,145,225	
	3,558,717		3,491,700		3,491,700		67,017	
	29,970,092		23,476,180		28,148,219		1,821,873	
	124,839,437		103,114,352		127,060,172		(2,220,735)	
	257,410,857		205,843,774		225,970,202		31,440,655	
	848,620		309,500		521,357		327,263	
	33,328,856		42,562,331		68,330,251		(35,001,395)	
	629,680,567		550,425,690		627,178,698		2,501,869	
	87,194,085		69,993,424		91,647,756		4,453,671	
	27,807,898		26,667,904		28,076,990		269,092	
	23,711,954		22,396,534		23,916,615		204,661	
	30,031,576		26,643,432		42,485,282		12,453,706	
	23,236,141		23,802,927		27,674,220		4,438,079	
	28,588,034		38,651,391		40,164,063		11,576,029	
	138,710,308		142,935,296		174,602,526		35,892,218	
	303,054,864		341,704,643		344,856,907		41,802,043	
	662,334,860		692,795,551		773,424,359		111,089,499	
	(32,654,293)		(142,369,861)		(146,245,661)		113,591,368	
	75,964,487		119,411,932		94,865,793		(18,901,306)	
	43,310,194		(22,957,929)		(51,379,868)		94,690,062	
	816,771,605		54,300,598		(355,874,480)		1,172,646,085	
\$	860,081,799	\$	31,342,669	\$	(407,254,348)	\$	1,267,336,147	
_								

CITY OF CEDAR RAPIDS, IOWA REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

Note to Required Supplementary Information – Budgetary Reporting June 30, 2023

Formal and legal budgetary control is based upon ten major classes of disbursements known as functions, not by fund or fund type. These ten functions are: public safety, public works, health and social services, culture and recreation, community and economic development, general government, debt service, capital projects, business-type and non-program. Function disbursements required to be budgeted include disbursements for the general fund, special revenue funds, debt service fund, capital projects funds, and permanent funds. The legal level of control is at the aggregated function level, not at the fund or fund type level. During the year, one budget amendment increased budget disbursements by \$80,628,808. This budget amendment is reflected in the final budgeted amounts.

The operations of the Cedar Rapids Public Library Foundation discretely presented component unit are not included in the City's budget.

Schedule of the City's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability Iowa Public Employees' Retirement System (Unaudited) Year ended June 30, 2023

Iowa Public Employees' Retirement System Last 9 Fiscal Years

		20	23		2022		2021	20	20	_
Measurement date		June 30), 2022	June	30, 2021	Jun	e 30, 2020	June 3	0, 2019	
City's proportion of the net liability (asset)	pension	0.802	891%	0.7	66589%	0.8	807712%	0.810	353%	
City's proportionate share of pension liability	f the net	\$ 30	,337,277	7 \$	264,64	17 \$	56,739,654	\$ 47	,162,754	
City's covered payroll		\$ 66	,545,711	\$ 6	65,068,79	99 \$	65,220,829	\$ 63	,230,664	
City's proportionate share or pension liability as a perc of it's covered payroll		45.5	59%	C).41%	8	87.00%	74.5	59%	
Plan fiduciary net pension a percentage of the net pen-		91.4	1%	10	0.81%	8	82.90%	85.4	15%	
		019		2018		2017		016		015
Measurement date	June :	30, 2018	June	30, 2017	June	e 30, 2016	June 3	0, 2015	June	30, 2014
City's proportion of the net pension liability (asset)	0.79	3297%	0.80	05481%	0.7	782384%	0.793	3024%	0.81	2356%
City's proportionate share of the net pension liability	\$ 5	0,201,776	\$ 5	53,655,255	5 \$	49,294,55	58 \$ 39	0,179,223	\$ 3	2,217,265
City's covered payroll	\$ 6	0,638,797	\$ 6	61,113,638	8 \$	57,121,17	76 \$ 55	5,400,903	\$ 5	4,399,409
City's proportionate share of the net pension liability as a percentage of it's covered payroll	82	.79%	87	7.80%	8	86.30%	70.	72%	59	.22%
Plan fiduciary net pension as a percentage of the net pension liability	83	.62%	82	2.21%	8	81.82%	85.	19%	87	.61%

See note to required supplementary information.

Note: GASB Statement No. 68 requires ten years of information to be presented in this table. However, until a full 10-year trend is compiled, the City will present information for those years for which information is available.

Schedule of the City's Contributions Iowa Public Employees' Retirement System (Unaudited) Year ended June 30, 2023

Iowa Public Employees' Retirement System Last 10 Fiscal Years

	2023	2022	2021	2020	2019
Statutorily required contribution	\$ 6,494,569	\$ 6,280,574	\$ 6,122,974	\$ 6,137,280	\$ 5,951,586
Contributions in relation to the statutorily required contribution	\$ (6,494,569)	\$ (6,280,574)	\$ (6,122,974)	\$ (6,137,280)	\$ (5,951,586)
Contribution deficiency (excess)					
City's covered payroll	\$ 68,812,213	\$ 66,545,711	\$ 65,068,799	\$ 65,220,829	\$ 63,230,664
Contribution as percentage of covered payroll	9.44%	9.44%	9.41%	9.41%	9.41%
	2018	2017	2016	2015	2014
Statutorily required contribution	\$ 5,410,885	\$ 5,458,894	\$ 5,103,564	\$ 4,958,360	\$ 4,868,583
Contributions in relation to the statutorily required contribution	\$ (5,410,885)	\$ (5,458,894)	\$ (5,103,564)	\$ (4,958,360)	\$ (4,868,583)
Contribution deficiency (excess)					
City's covered payroll	\$ 60,638,797	\$ 61,113,638	\$ 57,121,176	\$ 55,400,903	\$ 54,399,409
Contribution as percentage of covered payroll	8.92%	8.93%	8.95%	8.95%	8.95%

See note to required supplementary information.

Schedule of the CRLCSW's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability Iowa Public Employees' Retirement System (Unaudited) Year ended June 30, 2023

Iowa Public Employees' Retirement System Last 9 Fiscal Years

		20	23		2022		2	021		202	20	
Measurement date		June 30), 202	22 June	30, 2	021	June ?	30, 2020	Jui	ne 30	, 201	9
Agency's proportion of the net												
pension liability (asset)		0.0289	0509	6 0.02	29781	0%	0.027	73205%	0.	0276	891%	ó
Agency's proportionate share of												
the net pension liability		\$ 1,	147,2	275 \$	41	,750	\$	1,905,810	\$	1,6	503,3	81
Agency's covered payroll		\$ 2,	444,3	864 \$	2,417	,087	\$ 2	2,153,093	\$	2,1	07,2	46
Agency's proportionate share of												
the net pension liability as a												
percentage of it's covered pay	roll	46.9	4%		1.73%		88	.51%		76.0	9%	
Plan fiduciary net pension as a percentage of the net pension												
liability		91.4	1%	10	00.81%	6	82	.90%		85.4	5%	
		2019		2018		20	17	2	2016			2015
Measurement date	Ju	ne 30, 2018	Ju	ne 30, 2017	Ì	June 30	0, 2016	June	30, 201	.5	Jur	ne 30, 2014
Agency's proportion of the net												
pension liability (asset)	0.	.0259650%	0.	0259156%		0.0253	3421%	0.02	47752%	6	0.0	0283861%
Agency's proportionate share of												
the net pension liability	\$	1,642,614	\$	1,726,30	5 \$	1,	594,856	\$	1,224,0	16	\$	1,125,768
Agency's covered payroll	\$	1,950,896	\$	1,934,47	1 \$	1,	830,026	\$	1,697,3	24	\$	1,857,469
Agency's proportionate share of												
the net pension liability as a												
percentage of it's covered payroll		84.20%		89.24%		87.1	15%	72	2.11%			60.61%
Plan fiduciary net pension as a												
percentage of the net pension												
liability		83.62%		82.21%		81.8	32%	83	5.19%			87.61%

See note to required supplementary information.

Note: GASB Statement No. 68 requires ten years of information to be presented in this table. However, until a full 10-year trend is compiled, the City will present information for those years for which information is available.

Schedule of the CRLCSW's Contributions Iowa Public Employees' Retirement System (Unaudited) Year ended June 30, 2023

Iowa Public Employees' Retirement System Last 10 Fiscal Years

	2023	2022	2021	2020	2019
Statutorily required contribution	\$ 242,867	\$ 230,748	\$ 228,173	\$ 203,252	\$ 198,924
Contributions in relation to the statutorily required contribution	(242,867)	(230,748)	(228,173)	(203,252)	(198,924)
Contribution deficiency (excess)					
Agency's covered payroll	\$ 2,572,744	\$ 2,444,364	\$ 2,417,087	\$ 2,153,093	\$ 2,107,246
Contribution as percentage of covered payroll	9.44%	9.44%	9.44%	9.44%	9.44%
	2018	2017	2016	2015	2014
Statutorily required contribution	\$ 174,215	\$ 172,748	\$ 163,421	\$ 151,571	\$ 165,872
Contributions in relation to the statutorily required contribution	(174,215)	(172,748)	(163,421)	(151,571)	(165,872)
Contribution deficiency (excess)	-				
Agency's covered payroll	\$ 1,950,896	1,934,471	1,830,026	\$ 1,697,324	\$ 1,857,469
Contribution as percentage of covered payroll	8.93%	8.93%	8.93%	8.93%	8.93%

See note to required supplementary information.

Notes to Other Information – Pension Liability Iowa Public Employees' Retirement System (Unaudited) Year ended June 30, 2023

Changes of benefit terms:

There are no significant changes in benefit terms.

Changes of assumptions:

The 2022 valuation incorporated the following refinements after a quadrennial experience study:

- Changed mortality assumptions to the PubG-2010 mortality tables with mortality improvements modeled using Scale MP-2021.
- Adjusted retirement rates for Regular members.
- Lowered disability rates for Regular members.
- Adjusted termination rates for all membership groups.

The 2018 valuation implemented the following refinements as a result of an experience study dated June 28, 2018:

- Changed mortality assumptions to the RP-2014 mortality tables with mortality improvements modeled using Scale MP-2017.
- Adjusted retirement rates.
- Lowered disability rates.
- Adjusted the probability of a vested Regular member electing to receive a deferred benefit.
- Adjusted the merit component of the salary increase assumption.

The 2017 valuation implemented the following refinements as a result of an experience study dated March 24, 2017:

- Decreased the inflation assumption from 3.00 percent to 2.60 percent.
- Decreased the assumed rate of interest on member accounts from 3.75 percent to 3.50 percent per year.
- Decreased the discount rate from 7.50 percent to 7.00 percent.
- Decreased the wage growth assumption from 4.00 percent to 3.25 percent.
- Decreased the payroll growth assumption from 4.00 percent to 3.25 percent.

The 2014 valuation implemented the following refinements as a result of a quadrennial experience study:

- Decreased the inflation assumption from 3.25 percent to 3.00 percent.
- Decreased the assumed rate of interest on member accounts from 4.00 percent to 3.75 percent per year.
- Adjusted male mortality rates for retirees in the Regular membership group.
- Reduced retirement rates for sheriffs and deputies between the ages of 55 and 64.
- Moved from an open 30-year amortization period to a closed 30-year amortization period for the UAL (unfunded actuarial liability) beginning June 30, 2014. Each year thereafter, changes in the UAL from plan experience will be amortized on a separate closed 20-year period.

Schedule of the City's Proportionate Share of the Total Pension Liability Municipal Fire and Police Retirement System of Iowa (Unaudited) Year ended June 30, 2023

Municipal Fire and Police Retirement System of Iowa Last 9 Fiscal Years

		20	23	20)22	20	21	20	20
Measurement date		June 30	0, 2022	June 3	0, 2021	June 3	0, 2020	June 30	0, 2019
City's proportion of the total	pension								
liability (asset)		9.245	100%	9.121	061%	9.152	008%	9.065	805%
City's proportionate share of	the total								
pension liability		\$ 51	,917,752	\$ 20),483,544	\$ 72	2,996,443	\$ 59	,465,024
City's covered payroll		\$ 31	,224,920	\$ 29	,639,245	\$ 29	,076,264	\$ 27	,443,406
City's proportionate share of	the total								
pension liability as a perce	entage								
of it's covered payroll		166.	27%	69.	11%	251.	.05%	216.	68%
Plan fiduciary total pension percentage of the total per									
liability		84.6	62%	93.	62%	76.4	47%	79.9	94%
	2	019	20	18	20)17	20	016	2015
Measurement date		30, 2018		0, 2017		0, 2016		0, 2015	June 30, 2014
City's proportion of the total pension									
liability (asset)	9.18	7972%	9.657	767%	9.313	3457%	9.357	442%	9.301296%
City's proportionate share of the total									
pension liability	\$ 5	4,705,506	\$ 56	,640,395	\$ 58	3,233,408	\$ 59	,514,641	\$ 48,448,867
City's covered payroll	\$ 2	6,705,818	\$ 27	,263,904	\$ 25	5,188,187	\$ 24	,539,494	\$ 23,752,726
City's proportionate share of the total									
pension liability as a percentage of it's covered payroll	20/	1.84%	207	75%	221	.19%	242	.53%	203.97%
or it's covered payron	202	T.O-7 / U	207.	13/0	231	.1//0	242.	/0	203.9170
Plan fiduciary total pension as a									
percentage of the total pension liability	81	.07%	80.0	50%	78.	20%	83.0	04%	86.27%

See note to required supplementary information.

Note: GASB Statement No. 68 requires ten years of information to be presented in this table. However, until a full 10-year trend is compiled, the City will present information for those years for which information is available.

Schedule of the City's Contributions Municipal Fire and Police Retirement System of Iowa (Unaudited) Year ended June 30, 2023

Municipal Fire and Police Retirement System of Iowa Last 10 Fiscal Years

Statutorily required contribution	2023 \$ 7,847,590	\$ 8,174,684	2021 \$ 7,501,693	2020 \$ 7,097,516	2019 \$ 7,140,774
Contributions in relation to the statutorily required contribution	(7,847,590)	(8,174,684)	(7,501,693)	(7,097,516)	(7,140,774)
Contribution deficiency (excess)					
City's covered payroll	\$ 32,835,105	\$ 31,224,920	\$ 29,639,245	\$ 29,076,264	\$ 27,443,406
Contribution as percentage of covered payroll	23.90%	26.18%	25.31%	24.41%	26.02%
Statutorily required contribution	2018 \$ 6,858,052	2017 \$ 7,089,930	2016 \$ 7,008,819	2015 \$ 7,462,460	2014 \$ 7,154,321
Contributions in relation to the statutorily required contribution	(6,858,052)	(7,089,930)	(7,008,819)	(7,462,460)	(7,154,321)
Contribution deficiency (excess)					
City's covered payroll	\$ 26,705,818	\$ 27,263,904	\$ 25,188,187	\$ 24,539,494	\$ 23,752,726
Contribution as percentage of covered payroll	25.68%	25.92%	27.77%	30.41%	30.12%

See note to required supplementary information.

Note to Other Information – Pension Liability Municipal Fire and Police Retirement System of Iowa (Unaudited) Year ended June 30, 2023

Changes of benefit terms:

There were no significant changes of benefit terms.

Changes of assumptions:

The 2018 valuation changed postretirement mortality rates were based on the RP-2014 Blue Collar Healthy Annuitant Table with males set forward zero years, females set forward two years and disabled individuals set forward three years (male only rates), with generational projection of future mortality improvement with 50% of Scale BB beginning in 2017.

The 2017 valuation added five years projection of future mortality improvement with Scale BB.

The 2016 valuation changed postretirement mortality rates to the RP-2000 Blue Collar Combined Healthy Mortality Table with males set-back two years, females set-forward one year and disabled individuals set-forward one year (male only rates), with no projection of future mortality improvement.

The 2015 valuation phased in the 1994 Group Annuity Mortality Table for postretirement mortality. This resulted in a weighting of 1/12 of the 1971 Group Annuity Mortality Table and 11/12 of the 1994 Group Annuity Mortality Table.

The 2014 valuation phased in the 1994 Group Annuity Mortality Table for postretirement mortality. This resulted in a weighting of 2/12 of the 1971 Group Annuity Mortality Table and 10/12 of the 1994 Group Annuity Mortality Table.

Schedule of Changes in the City's Total OPEB Liability and Related Ratios Year ended June 30, 2023

		2023		2022		2021
T (LODED L' L'IL						
Total OPEB Liability Service cost	\$	000 127	¢.	1 005 040	¢.	(10.405
	2	800,137	\$	1,005,048	\$	618,405
Interest		628,727		346,250		386,804
Differences between expected		(05.577)		1.572.711		((2.220)
and actual experience		(85,577)		1,562,611		(62,338)
Changes in assumptions		(1,149,835)		(2,894,692)		1,601,147
Benefit payments		(861,470)		(737,189)		(632,269)
Net changes		(668,018)		(717,972)		1,911,749
Total OPEB liability beginning of year		16,679,434		17,397,406		15,485,657
Total OPEB liability end of year	\$	16,011,416	\$	16,679,434	\$	17,397,406
Covered Employee Payroll	\$	95,912,718	\$	92,893,674	\$	91,833,772
Total OPEB Liability as a percentage						
of covered employee payroll		16.69%		17.96%		18.94%
		2020		2019		2018
		2020		2019		2018
Total OPEB Liability		2020		2019		2018
Total OPEB Liability Service cost	\$	2020 635,834	\$	2019 659,234	\$	2018 642,376
•	\$		\$		\$	
Service cost	\$	635,834	\$	659,234	\$	642,376
Service cost Interest	\$	635,834	\$	659,234	\$	642,376
Service cost Interest Differences between expected	\$	635,834 435,294	\$	659,234 365,638	\$	642,376 394,384
Service cost Interest Differences between expected and actual experience	\$	635,834 435,294 (1,145,347)	\$	659,234 365,638 849,479	\$	642,376 394,384 (233,188)
Service cost Interest Differences between expected and actual experience Changes in assumptions	\$	635,834 435,294 (1,145,347) 2,477,503	\$	659,234 365,638 849,479 790,243	\$	642,376 394,384 (233,188) (55,829)
Service cost Interest Differences between expected and actual experience Changes in assumptions Benefit payments	\$	635,834 435,294 (1,145,347) 2,477,503 (355,688)	\$	659,234 365,638 849,479 790,243 (479,376)	\$	642,376 394,384 (233,188) (55,829) (137,465)
Service cost Interest Differences between expected and actual experience Changes in assumptions Benefit payments Net changes	\$	635,834 435,294 (1,145,347) 2,477,503 (355,688) 2,047,596	\$	659,234 365,638 849,479 790,243 (479,376) 2,185,218	\$	642,376 394,384 (233,188) (55,829) (137,465) 610,278
Service cost Interest Differences between expected and actual experience Changes in assumptions Benefit payments Net changes Total OPEB liability beginning of year		635,834 435,294 (1,145,347) 2,477,503 (355,688) 2,047,596 13,438,061		659,234 365,638 849,479 790,243 (479,376) 2,185,218 11,252,843		642,376 394,384 (233,188) (55,829) (137,465) 610,278 10,642,565
Service cost Interest Differences between expected and actual experience Changes in assumptions Benefit payments Net changes Total OPEB liability beginning of year Total OPEB liability end of year	\$	635,834 435,294 (1,145,347) 2,477,503 (355,688) 2,047,596 13,438,061 15,485,657	\$	659,234 365,638 849,479 790,243 (479,376) 2,185,218 11,252,843 13,438,061	\$	642,376 394,384 (233,188) (55,829) (137,465) 610,278 10,642,565 11,252,843

See note to required supplementary information.

Note: GASB Statement No. 75 requires ten years of information to be presented in this table. However, until a full 10-year trend is compiled, the City will present information for those years for which information is available.

There are no assets accumulated in a trust that meets the criteria of GASB codification P22.101 or P52.101 to pay related benefits for the OPEB plan.

Notes to Schedule of Changes in the City's Total OPEB Liability and Related Ratios Year ended June 30, 2023

Changes of benefit terms	x:
None	
Changes of assumptions	:
	s and other inputs reflect the effects of changes in the discount rate each e the discount rates used in each period:
2017	3.56%
2018	3.62%
2019	3.13%
2020	2.45%
2021	1.92%
2022	3.69%
2023	3.86%
Mortality tables	
2017 - 2018	RPH-2014 Employee, Healthy Annuity and Disabled Retiree Generational with MP-2017
2019	PubG.H-2010 for general employees and PubS.H-2010 for Public Safety employees. Generational with Scale MP-2018.
2020	PubG.H-2010 for general employees and PubS.H-2010 for Public Safety

employees. Generational with Scale MP-2019.

employees. Generational with Scale MP-2020.

2021

2022 - 2023

PubG.H-2010 for general employees and PubS.H-2010 for Public Safety



City of Five Seasons®

City of Cedar Rapids, Iowa Combining Balance Sheet Nonmajor Governmental Funds June 30, 2023

				Sp	oecial Revenue Fun	ds	
	Community Development Block Grants	H.O.M.E.	Hotel-Motel Tax	Local Option Sales Tax	Tax Incremental Financing	Road Use Tax	Growth Reinvestment
ASSETS							
Cash and investments	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 3,864,076	\$ 11,709,710	\$ -	\$ 14,507,154	\$ -
Receivables:							
Taxes	-	-	1,202,370	2,039,920	20,812,300	-	-
Accounts and unbilled usage, net							
\$639,362 of allowance for doubtful accounts	3,640	23,594	-	-	-	-	-
Special assessments	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Interest	-	-	-	-	212,177	-	-
Due from other governments	264,538	150,662	-	-	-	3,078,931	-
Notes receivable, net \$72,099 of allowance	-	-	-	-	1,632,129	-	-
Prepaid items	6,700						
Total assets	274,878	174,256	5,066,446	13,749,630	22,656,606	17,586,085	
LIABILITIES							
Vouchers payable	161,379	-	126,133	-	601,865	-	-
Contracts payable	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Accrued expenditures	11,940	1,120	-	-	-	-	-
Revenues collected in advance	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Due to other funds	101,559	149,542	-	-	7,599,933	-	-
Due to general public	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Due to other governments							
Total liabilities	274,878	150,662	126,133		8,201,798		
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES							
Unavailable revenue - property taxes	-	-	.	-	20,712,363	-	-
Unavailable revenue - other taxes	-	.	1,202,370	-	-	-	-
Unavailable revenue - intergovernmental		23,594					
Total deferred inflows of resources		23,594	1,202,370		20,712,363		
FUND DALANGES (DEFICITS)							
FUND BALANCES (DEFICITS)	0.700						
Nonspendable	6,700	-		-	-	-	-
Restricted	(0.700)	-	3,737,943	13,749,630	(0.057.555)	17,586,085	-
Unassigned	(6,700)				(6,257,555)		
Total fund balances (deficits)			3,737,943	13,749,630	(6,257,555)	17,586,085	
Total liabilities, deferred inflows of resources							
and fund balances (deficits)	\$ 274,878	¢ 17/1 256	¢ 5.066.446	¢ 13 7/0 620	\$ 22,656,606	¢ 17 596 005	\$ -
and fund palatices (delicits)	\$ 274,878	\$ 174,256	\$ 5,066,446	\$ 13,749,630	φ 22,000,000	\$ 17,586,085	φ -

								Debt Service	Capit	Capital Projects	
Leased Housing	;	SSMID	Employee Benefits	Fire Retireme	nt	Police Retirement	Total	Debt Service	Other Construction	2008 Flood	Nonmajor Governmental Funds
\$ 1,313,682	\$	230,932	\$ 5,784,110	\$ 998,5	524 \$	606,372	\$ 39,014,560	\$ 6,415,099	\$ 34,229,730	\$ 1,280,422	\$ 80,939,811
-		504,218	18,325,081	2,459,3	804	4,218,605	49,561,798	29,157,560	-	-	78,719,358
-		-	76		-	-	27,310	-	366,354	-	393,664
-		-	-		-	-	-	-	31,694	-	31,694
-		-	-		5	123	212,305	217,896	-	-	430,201
26,208		-	-		-	-	3,520,339	-	1,485,756	-	5,006,095
-		-	-		-	-	1,632,129	-	-	15,547	1,647,676
570,186		-	-		-	-	576,886	-	34,289	-	611,175
1,910,076	_	735,150	24,109,267	3,457,8	333	4,825,100	94,545,327	35,790,555	36,147,823	1,295,969	167,779,674
29,064		72,807	149,272			2,226	1,142,746	148,275	4,000,271	_	5,291,292
23,004		12,001	143,272		-	2,220	1,142,740	140,273	377,864	=	377,864
24,684		-	-		-	-	37,744	-	8,730	-	46,474
71,582		-	-		-	-	71,582	-	18,333	-	89,915
7 1,302			_		-		7,851,034		10,333		7,851,034
307,992		_	_		-	_	307,992	-	=	=	307,992
307,332			1,063,623	903,7	1/2		1,967,365				1,967,365
433,322		72,807	1,212,895			2,226	11,378,463	148,275	4,405,198		15,931,936
-		502,319	18,235,699	2,447,2	203	4,198,002	46,095,586	29,023,597	-	-	75,119,183
-		-	-		-	-	1,202,370	-	-	-	1,202,370
							23,594		1,145,946		1,169,540
		502,319	18,235,699	2,447,2	203	4,198,002	47,321,550	29,023,597	1,145,946		77,491,093
570,186		_	_		_	_	576,886	_	34,289	_	611,175
906,568		160,024	4,660,673	106,8	88	624,872	41,532,683	6,618,683	30,562,390	1,295,969	80,009,725
-		.00,02-7	-,000,070	100,0	-	02-7,072	(6,264,255)	-	-	1,200,000	(6,264,255)
1,476,754	_	160,024	4,660,673	106,8	888	624,872	35,845,314	6,618,683	30,596,679	1,295,969	74,356,645
\$ 1,910,076	\$	735,150	\$ 24,109,267	\$ 3,457,8	33 \$	4,825,100	\$ 94,545,327	\$ 35,790,555	\$ 36,147,823	\$ 1,295,969	\$ 167,779,674

City of Cedar Rapids, Iowa Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances (Deficits) Nonmajor Governmental Funds For the Year Ended June 30, 2023

					Special Revenue Fu	nde	
	Community			`	Tax	ildo	
	Development		Hotel-Motel	Local Option	Incremental	Road	Growth
	Block Grants	H.O.M.E.	Tax	Sales Tax	Financing	Use Tax	Reinvestment
Revenues:							
Property taxes	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 19,723,453	\$ -	\$ -
Hotel-Motel taxes	-	-	4,620,039	-	-	-	-
Local option sales tax	-	-	-	26,151,254	-	-	-
Intergovernmental	805,400	290,063	-	-	5,658	19,167,188	14,997,105
Charges for services	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Use of money and property	-	1,208	-	243,403	16,321	197,790	-
Miscellaneous	26,128	14,126			7,493		
Total revenues	831,528	305,397	4,620,039	26,394,657	19,752,925	19,364,978	14,997,105
Expenditures:							
Current:							
Public safety	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Public works	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Culture and recreation	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Community and economic development	834,933	304,189	1,782,639	-	7,703,997	-	-
General government	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Debt service:							
Principal	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Interest	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Bond issuance costs	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Capital outlay	<u>-</u>						
Total expenditures	834,933	304,189	1,782,639		7,703,997		
Excess (deficiency) of revenues							
over expenditures	(3,405)	1,208	2,837,400	26,394,657	12,048,928	19,364,978	14,997,105
Other Financing Sources (Uses):							
Long-term debt issued	_	_	-	-	-	-	-
Premium on bonds issued	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Proceeds from sale of capital assets	40	-	-	-	-	-	-
Transfers in	36,036	-	-	20,200	-	-	-
Transfers (out)		(36,036)	(1,157,728)	(28,498,687)	(14,009,241)	(16,651,420)	(21,879,977)
Total other financing sources (uses)	36,076	(36,036)	(1,157,728)	(28,478,487)	(14,009,241)	(16,651,420)	(21,879,977)
Net change in fund balances	32,671	(34,828)	1,679,672	(2,083,830)	(1,960,313)	2,713,558	(6,882,872)
Fund balances (deficits) - July 1, 2022	(32,671)	34,828	2,058,271	15,833,460	(4,297,242)	14,872,527	6,882,872
Fund balances (deficits) - June 30, 2023	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 3,737,943	\$ 13,749,630	\$ (6,257,555)	\$ 17,586,085	\$ -

						Debt Service	Capita	al Projects	Total
Leased Housing	SSMID	Employee Benefits	Fire Retirement	Police Retirement	Total	Debt Service	Other Construction	2008 Flood	Nonmajor Governmental Funds
\$ -	\$ 503,698	\$ 17,715,734	\$ 2,398,329	\$ 4,083,642	\$ 44,424,856	\$ 26,533,703	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 70,958,559
-	-	-	-	-	4,620,039	-	-	-	4,620,039
	-	-	70.044	-	26,151,254	-		-	26,151,254
7,917,138	80,200	536,378	72,614	123,640	43,995,384	803,341	2,755,860	-	47,554,585
183,414 32,126	1,652	-	43	455	183,414 492,998	2,029,238	41,967 20,525	1,934	225,381 2,544,695
32,120	63,000	-	43	455	110,747	2,029,230	1,242,809	215	1,353,771
8,132,678	648,550	18,252,112	2,470,986	4,207,737	119,978,692	29,366,282	4,061,161	2,149	153,408,284
-	-	-	349,808	274,464	624,272	-	31,671	-	655,943
-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1,235,136	-	1,235,136
-	-	-	-	-	-	-	660,811	-	660,811
7,949,943	1,159,400	-	-	-	19,735,101	-	2,389,003	136	22,124,240
-	-	17,618	-	-	17,618	-	1,066,703	-	1,084,321
-	-	-	-	-	-	19,284,839	-	-	19,284,839
-	-	-	-	-	-	8,916,619	-	-	8,916,619
-	-	-	-	-	-	386,576	-	-	386,576
							15,590,354		15,590,354
7,949,943	1,159,400	17,618	349,808	274,464	20,376,991	28,588,034	20,973,678	136	69,938,839
182,735	(510,850)	18,234,494	2,121,178	3,933,273	99,601,701	778,248	(16,912,517)	2,013	83,469,445
							7,610,500		7,610,500
-	-	-	-	-	-	399,745	7,010,500	-	399,745
_	_	-	_		40	333,743	_	-	40
-	553,529	-	-	-	609.765	3,115,178	12,149,653	-	15,874,596
_	-	(18,291,690)	(2,125,103)	(3,966,947)	(106,616,829)	(2,268,657)	(1,601,093)	(114,698)	(110,601,277)
	553,529	(18,291,690)	(2,125,103)	(3,966,947)	(106,007,024)	1,246,266	18,159,060	(114,698)	(86,716,396)
182,735	42,679	(57,196)	(3,925)	(33,674)	(6,405,323)	2,024,514	1,246,543	(112,685)	(3,246,951)
1,294,019	117,345	4,717,869	110,813	658,546	42,250,637	4,594,169	29,350,136	1,408,654	77,603,596
\$ 1,476,754	\$ 160,024	\$ 4,660,673	\$ 106,888	\$ 624,872	\$ 35,845,314	\$ 6,618,683	\$ 30,596,679	\$ 1,295,969	\$ 74,356,645

City of Cedar Rapids, Iowa Combining Statement of Net Position Nonmajor Enterprise Funds June 30, 2023

	Business-type Activities - Other Enterprise Funds				
	Transit System		Parking System	Solid Waste Management	Golf
ASSETS			•		
Current assets:					
Cash and investments	\$ 16,088	623 \$	1,203,341	\$ 14,042,498	\$ 2,018,685
Receivables:	F 770	444			
Taxes Accounts and unbilled usage, net	5,772	,444	-	-	-
\$270,831 of allowance for doubtful accounts	0.8	.222	22,672	1,994,716	35,766
Leases		552	22,072	1,334,710	33,700
Due from other governments		,209	_	3	_
Inventories		-	-	-	105,712
Prepaid items		-	-	5,441	29,830
Other assets					
Total current assets	22,812	050	1,226,013	16,042,658	2,189,993
Noncurrent assets:	00	007	0.000.040		554.050
Restricted cash and investments Land	2,445	,037 367	6,929,612	- 27,229	554,956 602,704
Buildings and structures	8,824		5,910,325 40,173,018	214,837	4,207,903
Improvements other than buildings	3,179		4,479,910	214,007	6,551,595
Machinery and equipment	13,339		1,489,075	675,842	294,405
Right-to-use leased buildings and structures	-,	-	-	43,067	-
Right-to-use leased equipment		-	-	-	571,646
IT subscriptions		-	-	-	-
Accumulated depreciation and amortization	(17,039		(26,855,775)	(912,369)	(4,986,861)
Construction in progress	3,431		741,284		270,834
Total noncurrent assets	14,279		32,867,449	48,606	8,067,182
Total assets	37,091	287	34,093,462	16,091,264	10,257,175
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES					
Pension related deferred outflows	409	,059	11,677	336,405	106,210
Total deferred outflows of resources		,059	11,677	336,405	106,210
LIABILITIES Current liabilities: Vouchers payable Contracts payable	905 154	,801	78,179 2,778	1,222,396	180,467
Accrued expenses		,845	4,296	124,138	46,379
Compensated absences Revenues collected in advance	228	,375	5,562	205,092 2,250	78,793 3,356
Due to other governments		-	-	2,230	21,196
Security deposits	1	,000	_	-	1,375
General obligation bonds payable, net		,247	352,200	-	38,223
Lease agreements		-	-	14,929	100,311
IT subscriptions		-	-	-	-
Matured bonds interest payable	-	653	29,406		2,678
Total current liabilities	1,449	175	472,421	1,568,903	472,778
Noncurrent liabilities: Advance from other funds					272 111
General obligation bonds payable, net	182	748	7,806,510		272,111 871,955
Lease agreements	102	-		7,847	285,925
IT subscriptions		-	_	-	,
Net pension liability	1,548	497	44,203	1,273,462	402,059
Total noncurrent liabilities	1,731	,245	7,850,713	1,281,309	1,832,050
Total liabilities	3,180	,420	8,323,134	2,850,212	2,304,828
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES	700	000			
Lease related deferred inflows		,093	7 700	-	70.500
Pension related deferred inflows Deferred gain on refunding	2/1	,902	7,762	223,608	70,598
Unavailable revenue - property taxes	5,743	- 451	-	-	109
Total deferred inflows of resources	6,797		7,762	223,608	70,707
. 5.2 45.554646 61 100041000	0,101	<u> </u>	1,102		10,101
NET POSITION					
Net investment in capital assets	13,935		24,705,961	25,732	6,770,659
Unrestricted (deficit)	13,587		1,068,282	13,328,117	1,217,191
Total net position	\$ 27,522	480 \$	25,774,243	\$ 13,353,849	\$ 7,987,850

Storm Sewe	<u> </u>	Paramount Theatre		Ice Arena	 Total
\$ 8,258,2	10	5,226,967	\$	3,976,167	\$ 50,814,491
	-	-		-	5,772,444
992,5	54	75,852		27,799	3,247,581
002,0	-			-	804,552
	_	_		_	48,212
	-	_		_	105,712
7	65	-		1,200	37,236
	-	69,256		40,635	109,891
9,251,5	29	5,372,075		4,045,801	60,940,119
	-	177,388		-	7,760,993
	-	655,993		-	9,641,618
	-	42,489,032		18,306,915	114,216,698
	-	-		969,714	15,180,386
355,8	68	34,104		862,827	17,051,635
	-	-		-	43,067
	-	-		-	571,646
	-	-		68,336	68,336
(247,2	24)	(14,974,056)		(8,978,531)	(73,994,708)
	- -	322,766		32,367	 4,798,302
108,6		28,705,227		11,261,628	 95,337,973
9,360,1	<u>/3</u>	34,077,302	-	15,307,429	 156,278,092
50 1	10				021 461
<u>58,1</u> 58,1					 921,461 921,461
64,8	70	41,281		112,548	2,604,995
	-	475		-	158,152
26,7		62,966		373,234	790,640
27,9	65			<u>-</u>	545,787
	-	820,569		54,509	880,684
	-	-		-	21,196
	-	45 400		-	2,375
	-	15,439		-	412,109
	-	-		40.000	115,240
	-	1,239		16,688	16,688
119,6	-	941,969		556,979	 33,976 5,581,842
		941,909		550,919	 3,301,042
	-	-		2,473,859	2,745,970
	-	407,692		-	9,268,905
	-	-		-	293,772
		-		35,684	35,684
219,9					 3,488,198
219,9		407,692		2,509,543	 15,832,529
339,5	94	1,349,661		3,066,522	 21,414,371
	_				782,093
38,6	26	-		-	612,496
30,0	_	-		-	109
	-	-		-	5,743,451
38,6	26				 7,138,149
					 .,.50,0
108,6	44	28,281,621		11,209,256	85,037,314
8,931,4	19	4,446,020		1,031,651	 43,609,719
\$ 9,040,0	63 \$	32,727,641	\$	12,240,907	\$ 128,647,033

City of Cedar Rapids, Iowa Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenses, and Changes in Net Position Nonmajor Enterprise Funds For the Year Ended June 30, 2023

	Business-type Activities - Other Enterprise Funds						nds
		Transit System		king stem	Solid Wast Manageme	_	Golf
Operating revenues:							
Charges for services	\$	412,424	\$	-	\$ 12,164,32	25	\$ 2,504,367
Use of money and property		25,660		-	8,28	32	-
Rents and royalties		79,568		-		-	1,150,825
Miscellaneous		1,793	5	30,528	74,97	70	222,166
Total operating revenues		519,445	5	30,528	12,247,57	77	3,877,358
Operating expenses:							
Personal services		4,816,892	1	39,165	4,041,37	77	1,142,152
Purchased services		2,639,074		-	6,729,97	78	950,320
Supplies and materials		929,031		-	1,121,62	20	662,741
Other		1,384,627		-	77,17	77	68,391
Depreciation and amortization		792,046	1,0	42,986	14,35	56	335,585
Total operating expenses		10,561,670		82,151	11,984,50	08	3,159,189
Operating income (loss)		(10,042,225)	(6	651,623 <u>)</u>	263,06	69_	718,169
Nonoperating revenues (expenses):							
Intergovernmental		5,498,213		-		-	-
Investment earnings		259,086		20,078	234,65	59	31,462
Property tax revenue		5,746,412		-		-	-
Gain (loss) on sale of capital assets		(200,006)		-	21,46	88	7,736
Bond issuance costs		(937)	(1	07,255)		-	(1,840)
Interest and amortization expense		(2,324)	`((88,326)	(1,16	64)	(47,536)
Total nonoperating revenue (expenses)		11,300,444	(1	75,503)	254,96		(10,178)
Income (loss) before transfers							
and capital contributions		1,258,219	3)	327,126)	518,03	32	707,991
Capital contributions		1,326,751		_		_	278,517
Transfers in		3,957	2	236,223		_	124,094
Transfers out		, -		501,417)	(51,84	18)	-
Change in net position		2,588,927		92,320)	466,18		1,110,602
Total net position, beginning		24,933,553		866,563	12,887,66		6,877,248
Total net position, ending	\$	27,522,480		74,243	\$ 13,353,84		\$ 7,987,850

	Paramount		
Storm Sewer	Theatre	Ice Arena	Total
\$ 8,451,794	\$ 2,912,299	\$ 1,546,452	\$ 27,991,661
-	-	-	33,942
-	-	-	1,230,393
27,414		152,508	1,009,379
8,479,208	2,912,299	1,698,960	30,265,375
676,956	-	- 	10,816,542
523,604	1,884,721	1,698,886	14,426,583
156,474	1,605,924	209,240	4,685,030
16,956	-	-	1,547,151
34,817	853,720	850,958	3,924,468
1,408,807	4,344,365	2,759,084	35,399,774
7,070,401	(1,432,066)	(1,060,124)	(5,134,399)
-	829,157	-	6,327,370
134,158	40,487	52,543	772,473
-	-	-	5,746,412
-	-	-	(170,802)
-	-	-	(110,032)
	(14,650)	(82,511)	(236,511)
134,158	854,994	(29,968)	12,328,910
7,204,559	(577,072)	(1,090,092)	7,194,511
-	-	-	1,605,268
-	31,869	522,500	918,643
(6,701,728)	- (-1-0)	(82,790)	(7,337,783)
502,831	(545,203)	(650,382)	2,380,639
8,537,232	33,272,844	12,891,289	126,266,394
\$ 9,040,063	\$ 32,727,641	\$ 12,240,907	\$ 128,647,033

City of Cedar Rapids, Iowa Combining Statement of Cash Flows Nonmajor Enterprise Funds For the Year Ended June 30, 2023

	Business-type Activities -				
	Transit System	Parking System	Solid Waste Management	Golf	
Cash flows from operating activities: Cash received from users Cash paid to employees	\$ 420,576 (4,841,856)	\$ 529,070 (148,690)	\$ 12,321,584 (4,389,188)	\$ 3,887,920 (1,209,869)	
Cash paid to suppliers	(5,310,716)	67,055	(7,495,296)	(1,663,294)	
Net cash flows provided by (used in) operating activities	(9,731,996)	447,435	437,100	1,014,757	
Cash flows from non-capital financing activities:					
Loans to other funds	-	-	-	(267,606)	
Intergovernmental Transfers in	5,566,927 3,957	236,223	-	124,094	
Transfers out	3,957	(501,417)	(51,848)	124,094	
Property taxes	5,750,239	· -	· -	-	
Net cash flows provided by (used in) non-capital financing activities	11,321,123	(265,194)	(51,848)	(143,512)	
Cash flows from capital and related					
financing activities:				/== ===:	
Purchase of capital assets Proceeds from sale of capital assets	(3,519,755) 4,794	(119,453)	21,468	(56,398) 7,736	
Capital contributions	1,326,751	-	-	-	
Lease agreements	-	-	(13,759)	(96,901)	
IT subscriptions General obligation bonds issued	127,532	6,045,000	-	250.509	
Premium on bonds	13,405	70,438	-	26,330	
Principal paid	(1,968)	(157,200)	-	(68,476)	
Issuance costs paid Interest paid	(937) (1,990)	(107,255) (67,770)	(1,164)	(1,840) (52,513)	
Net cash flows provided by (used in) capital	(1,550)	(07,770)	(1,104)	(32,313)	
financing activities	(2,052,168)	5,663,760	6,545	8,447	
Cash flows from investing activities: Interest on investments	259,086	20.078	234,659	31.462	
Purchase of investments	(208,517)	(37,130)	(707,208)	(284,940)	
Sale of investments	461,589	34,455	393,980	47,977	
Net cash flows provided by (used in) investing activities	512,158	17,403	(78,569)	(205,501)	
Net increase (decrease) in cash and cash equivalents	49,117 53,249	5,863,404 1,068,884	313,228	674,191 330,539	
Cash and cash equivalents, July 1, 2022 Cash and cash equivalents, June 30, 2023	\$ 102,366	\$ 6,932,288	\$ 313,228	\$ 1,004,730	
Reconciliation of operating income (loss) to net cash					
flows provided by (used in) operating activities					
Operating income (loss) Adjustments to reconcile operating income (loss) to net cash	\$ (10,042,225)	\$ (651,623)	\$ 263,069	\$ 718,169	
flows provided by (used in) operating activities:					
Depreciation and amortization expense	792,046	1,042,986	14,356	335,585	
Change in assets and liabilities: (Increase) decrease in prepaid items			14,929	21,056	
Increase (decrease) in vouchers payable	(19,682)	67,055	418,550	8,705	
Increase (decrease) in accrued expenses	11,252	476	20,492	(21,427)	
Increase (decrease) in compensated absences (Increase) decrease in accounts receivable	12,557 (88,217)	1,553 (1,458)	3,747 71,760	(9,502)	
Decrease in lease receivable	37,724	(1,436)	71,700	(4,937)	
(Increase) decrease in other assets	-	-	-	-	
Decrease in inventories Increase (decrease) in due to other governments	-	-	(3)	(11,603) 11,768	
Increase (decrease) in revenues collected in advance	(5,282)	-	2,250	2,356	
Increase in security deposits	-	-	-	1,375	
(Increase) decrease in pension deferred outflows (Decrease) in lease deferred inflows	15,710	603	26,674	(10,689)	
(Decrease) in pension deferred inflows	(48,376) (1,889,661)	(54,731)	(1,624,029)	(415,489)	
Increase in net pension liability	1,492,158	42,574	1,225,305	389,390	
Net cash flows provided by (used in) operating activities	\$ (9,731,996)	\$ 447,435	\$ 437,100	\$ 1,014,757	
Reconciliation of cash and cash equivalents to specific assets on the combined statement of net position:					
Cash and investments	\$ 16,187,660	\$ 8,132,953	\$ 14,042,498	\$ 2,573,641	
Less items not meeting the definition of cash equivalents Cash and cash equivalents at end of the year	(16,085,294) \$ 102,366	(1,200,665) \$ 6,932,288	(13,729,270) \$ 313,228	(1,568,911) \$ 1,004,730	
Schedule of noncash investing and capital and related financing activities:					
Acquisition of capital assets through contracts payable	\$ 136,030	\$ (26,074)	\$ -	\$ -	
Acquisition of capital assets through private contributions	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 278,517	
Acquisition of capital assets through leases	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 6,711	
Change in fair market value on investments	\$ 90,300	\$ 6,740	\$ 77,074	\$ 9,386	

Storm Sewer	Paramount Theatre	Ice Arena	Total
\$ 8,427,822	\$ 2,127,553	\$ 1,690,074	\$ 29,404,599
(747,479)	-	-	(11,337,082)
(662,052)	(3,517,867)	(1,680,219)	(20,262,389)
7,018,291	(1,390,314)	9,855	(2,194,872)
		(470,000)	(440.000)
-	829,157	(173,092)	(440,698) 6,396,084
-	31,869	522,500	918,643
(6,701,728)	-	(82,790)	(7,337,783) 5,750,239
(6,701,728)	861,026	266,618	5,286,485
-	(66,008)	(36,941)	(3,798,555) 33,998
-	-	-	1,326,751
-	-	-	(110,660)
-	-	(15,964)	(15,964) 6,423,041
-	-	-	110,173
-	(16,517)	-	(244,161)
-	(45.050)	(00.544)	(110,032)
	(15,352)	(82,511)	(221,300)
	(97,877)	(135,416)	3,393,291
134,158	40,487	52,543	772,473
(455,914)	(10,286)	(238,894)	(1,942,889)
230,503	79,819	108,098	1,356,421
(91,253)	110,020	(78,253)	186,005
225,310 400	(517,145)	62,804	6,670,909
\$ 225,710	3,139,994 \$ 2,622,849	\$ 209,213	\$ 11,410,384
	, ,, ,, ,,		, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,
\$ 7,070,401	\$ (1,432,066)	\$ (1,060,124)	\$ (5,134,399)
34,817	853,720	850,958	3,924,468
(765)	_	(1,200)	34,020
35,747	7,289	44,340	562,004
4,511	(34,511)	184,767	165,560
2,275 (51,386)	(25,435)	(11,685)	10,630 (111,358)
(51,500)	(23,433)	(11,003)	37,724
-	(11,009)	7,515	(3,494)
-	-	-	(11,603)
-	(748,302)	(4,716)	11,765 (753,694)
-	-	-	1,375
7,697	-	-	39,995
(296,255)	-	-	(48,376) (4,280,165)
211,249	-	_	3,360,676
\$ 7,018,291	\$ (1,390,314)	\$ 9,855	\$ (2,194,872)
\$ 8,258,210	\$ 5,404,355	\$ 3,976,167	\$ 58,575,484
(8,032,500)	(2,781,506)	(3,766,954)	(47,165,100)
\$ 225,710	\$ 2,622,849	\$ 209,213	\$ 11,410,384
•			
<u>\$ -</u>	\$ 9,605	\$ (65,217)	\$ 54,344
\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 278,517
\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 6,711
\$ 45,093	\$ 15,615	\$ 21,147	\$ 265,355

City of Cedar Rapids, Iowa Combining Statement of Net Position Internal Service Funds June 30, 2023

	Facilities Maintenance	Fleet Services	Joint Communications	Risk Management	Total
ASSETS					
Current assets:					
Cash and investments	\$ 4,705,550	\$ 6,297,330	\$ 3,107,970	\$ 35,644,291	\$ 49,755,141
Receivables:					
Accounts and unbilled usage, net					
\$81,505 of allowance for doubtful accounts	644,944	3,052,321	361,832	655,070	4,714,167
Interest	-	-	-	119	119
Leases	125,135	-	-	-	125,135
Due from other funds	-	-	-	14,999,352	14,999,352
Due from other governments	-	114,248	6	-	114,254
Inventories	-	609,101	-	-	609,101
Prepaid items	8,000	15,508	39,082	2,273,992	2,336,582
Total current assets	5,483,629	10,088,508	3,508,890	53,572,824	72,653,851
Noncurrent assets:					
Advance to other funds	-	-	-	2,473,859	2,473,859
Land	1,016,663	-	-	-	1,016,663
Buildings and structures	6,250,109		20,706	-	6,270,815
Improvements other than buildings	2,084,996	33,575		-	2,118,571
Machinery and equipment	66,846	61,205,840	15,563,926	-	76,836,612
Right-to-use leased buildings and structures	83,055		71,583	-	154,638
Right-to-use leased equipment	-	53,219	-	-	53,219
Accumulated depreciation and amortization	(7,309,853)	(37,475,659)	(8,692,405)	-	(53,477,917)
Construction in progress		1,563,293			1,563,293
Total noncurrent assets	2,191,816	25,380,268	6,963,810	2,473,859	37,009,753
Total assets	7,675,445	35,468,776	10,472,700	56,046,683	109,663,604
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES					
Pension related deferred outflows	178,257	276,160	223,996		678,413
OPEB related deferred outflows	170,207	270,100	223,330	3,561,371	3,561,371
Total deferred outflows of resources	178.257	276,160	223.996	3,561,371	4,239,784
rotal dolonted dutlions of recourses	170,207	270,100	220,000	0,001,011	1,200,701
LIABILITIES					
Current liabilities:					
Vouchers payable	292,540	2,172,932	105,147	967,799	3,538,418
Contracts payable	-	-	-	-	-
Claims and judgments payable	-	-	-	2,011,043	2,011,043
Accrued expenses	69,170	97,792	88,127	4,368	259,457
Revenues collected in advance	-	-	-	24,373	24,373
Compensated absences	82,219	173,366	96,662	-	352,247
Lease agreements	7,037	8,679			15,716
Total current liabilities	450,966	2,452,769	289,936	3,007,583	6,201,254
Noncurrent liabilities:					
Claims and judgments payable	-	-	-	7,115,446	7,115,446
Lease agreements	70,931	28,169	-	-	99,100
Total OPEB liabilities	-	-	-	16,011,416	16,011,416
Net pension liability	674,795	1,045,404	847,939		2,568,138
Total noncurrent liabilities	745,726	1,073,573	847,939	23,126,862	25,794,100
Total liabilities	1,196,692	3,526,342	1,137,875	26,134,445	31,995,354
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES					
Lease related deferred inflows	123,092	_	_	_	123.092
Pension related deferred inflows	118,488	183,563	148,890	_	450.941
OPEB related deferred inflows	110,400	100,000	1-0,000	3,808,671	3,808,671
Total deferred inflows of resources	241,580	183,563	148,890	3,808,671	4,382,704
NET POSITION					
Investment in capital assets	2,113,848	25,343,420	6,963,810	-	34,421,078
Unrestricted	4,301,582	6,691,611	2,446,121	29,664,938	43,104,252
	\$ 6,415,430	\$ 32,035,031	\$ 9,409,931	\$ 29,664,938	\$ 77,525,330

City of Cedar Rapids, Iowa Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenses, and Changes in Net Position Internal Service Funds For the Year Ended June 30, 2023

	Facilities aintenance	Fleet Services	Co	Joint mmunications	N	Risk lanagement	Total
Operating revenues:	<u> </u>			<u> </u>			
Charges for services	\$ 1,354,768	\$ 17,927,130	\$	3,559,485	\$	32,658,910	\$ 55,500,293
Use of money and property	5,297	-		-		-	5,297
Rents and royalties	3,885,766	-		-		-	3,885,766
Miscellaneous	6,276	301,637		-		2,886,251	3,194,164
Total operating revenues	5,252,107	 18,228,767		3,559,485		35,545,161	 62,585,520
Operating expenses:							
Personal services	1,982,128	3,103,800		2,397,079		139,768	7,622,775
Purchased services	2,803,701	2,290,661		1,094,841		35,302,321	41,491,524
Supplies and materials	412,723	6,321,511		16,168		21,998	6,772,400
Other	9,996	33,050		19,189		268,612	330,847
Depreciation and amortization	115,425	5,226,024		1,037,590		-	6,379,039
Total operating expenses	 5,323,973	16,975,046		4,564,867		35,732,699	62,596,585
Operating income (loss)	(71,866)	 1,253,721		(1,005,382)		(187,538)	(11,065)
Nonoperating revenues (expenses):							
Investment earnings	77,202	109,668		60,856		80,068	327,794
Gain (Loss) on sale of capital assets	2,725	348,472		-		-	351,197
Interest and amortization expense	(2,564)	 (1,654)		(1,154)		<u> </u>	 (5,372)
Total nonoperating revenue (expenses)	77,363	 456,486		59,702		80,068	 673,619
Income (loss) before transfers							
and capital contributions	5,497	1,710,207		(945,680)		(107,470)	662,554
Transfers in	549,604	42,026		-		1,115,500	1,707,130
Transfers out	(42,026)	, <u>-</u>		(1,000,000)		(1,145,754)	(2,187,780)
Change in net position	 513,075	 1,752,233		(1,945,680)		(137,724)	181,904
Total net position, beginning	5,902,355	30,282,798		11,355,611		29,802,662	77,343,426
Total net position, ending	\$ 6,415,430	\$ 32,035,031	\$	9,409,931	\$	29,664,938	\$ 77,525,330

City of Cedar Rapids, Iowa Combining Statement of Cash Flows Internal Service Funds For the Year Ended June 30, 2023

	Facilities Maintenance	Fleet Services	Joint Communications	Risk Management	Total
Cash flows from operating activities:					
Cash received from users	\$ 5,013,128	\$ 18,117,943	\$ 3,240,862	\$ 34,894,352	\$ 61,266,285
Cash paid to employees	(2,095,585)	(3,372,142)	(2,585,815)	678,925	(7,374,617)
Cash paid to suppliers	(3,205,025)	(8,061,968)	(1,102,902)	(37,537,806)	(49,907,701)
Net cash flows provided by (used in) operating activities	(287,482)	6,683,833	(447,855)	(1,964,529)	3,983,967
()	(===, ===)		(***,****)	(1,000,000)	
Cash flows from non-capital financing activities:				17.500.051	17 500 051
Borrowing from other funds Transfers in	549.604	42,026	-	17,520,351 1,115,500	17,520,351 1,707,130
Transfers out	(42,026)	-	(1,000,000)	(1,145,754)	(2,187,780)
Net cash flows provided by (used in)					
non-capital financing activities	507,578	42,026	(1,000,000)	17,490,097	17,039,701
Cash flows from capital and related					
financing activities:					
Purchase of capital assets	(13,130)	(7,781,000)	(602,119)	-	(8,396,249)
Proceeds from sale of capital assets Lease agreements	2,725 (5,087)	612,000 (8,346)	(28,846)	-	614,725 (42,279)
Interest paid	(2,564)	(1,654)	(1,154)	-	(5,372)
Net cash flows (used in) capital					
financing activities	(18,056)	(7,179,000)	(632,119)		(7,829,175)
Cash flows from investing activities:					
Interest on investments	77,202	109,668	60,856	80,088	327,814
Purchase of investments	(270,646)	-	-	(8,603,427)	(8,874,073)
Sale of investments Net cash flows provided by (used in) investing activities	131,025 (62,419)	342,973 452,641	2,019,118 2,079,974	798,239 (7,725,100)	3,291,355 (5,254,904)
Net cash nows provided by (asea in) investing activities	(02,413)	432,041	2,019,314	(1,123,100)	(0,204,304)
Net increase (decrease) in cash and cash equivalents	139,621	(500) 510	-	7,800,468 27.064	7,939,589
Cash and cash equivalents, July 1, 2022 Cash and cash equivalents, June 30, 2023	\$ 139,621	\$ 10	\$ -	\$ 7,827,532	27,574 \$ 7,967,163
• • • •					
Reconciliation of operating income (loss) to net cash					
flows provided by (used in) operating activities Operating income (loss)	\$ (71,866)	\$ 1,253,721	\$ (1,005,382)	\$ (187,538)	\$ (11,065)
Operating income (ioss)	φ (71,000)	φ 1,233,721	φ (1,003,302)	φ (107,330)	φ (11,003)
Adjustments to reconcile operating income (loss) to net cash					
flows provided by (used in) operating activities	445.405	5 000 004	4 007 500		0.070.000
Depreciation and amortization expense Change in assets and liabilities:	115,425	5,226,024	1,037,590	-	6,379,039
(Increase) in prepaid items	-	(157)	(27,933)	(470,200)	(498,290)
Increase in vouchers payable	21,395	568,186	55,229	559,852	1,204,662
Increase (decrease) in accrued expenses	17,676	6,970	8,063	(4,067)	28,642
Increase (decrease) in compensated absences (Increase) in accounts receivable	11,864 (236,936)	20,083 (63,238)	(1,066) (318,617)	(636,437)	30,881 (1,255,228)
(Increase) in lease receivable	(125,135)	-	-	-	(125,135)
Decrease in inventories	-	15,225	-	-	15,225
(Increase) in due from other governments	-	(47,586)	(6)	(14.272)	(47,592)
(Decrease) in revenues collected in advance Decrease in pension deferred outflows	1,308	19,522	5,444	(14,372)	(14,372) 26,274
(Decrease) in pension deferred inflows	(795,284)	(1,321,104)	(1,018,685)	-	(3,135,073)
Increase in net pension liability	650,979	1,006,187	817,508	.	2,474,674
Decrease in OPEB deferred outflows Increase in lease deferred inflows	- 123,092	-	-	1,040,140	1,040,140 123,092
Increase in lease deferred inflows	123,092	-	-	450,638	450,638
(Decrease) in post-employment liability	-	-	-	(668,018)	(668,018)
(Decrease) in open claims payable	-	-	-	(2,034,527)	(2,034,527)
Net cash flows provided by (used in) operating activities	\$ (287,482)	\$ 6,683,833	\$ (447,855)	\$ (1,964,529)	\$ 3,983,967
Reconciliation of cash and cash equivalents to specific assets					
on the combined statement of net position:					
Cash and investments	\$ 4,705,550	\$ 6,297,330	\$ 3,107,970	\$ 35,644,291	\$ 49,755,141
Less items not meeting the definition of cash equivalents Cash and cash equivalents at end of the year	(4,565,929) \$ 139,621	(6,297,320) \$ 10	(3,107,970)	(27,816,759) \$ 7,827,532	(41,787,978) \$ 7,967,163
Substitution Square and all of the your	Ψ .00,021	- 10	<u>*</u>	Ţ .,JZ1,JUZ	+ 1,501,100
Schedule of noncash investing and capital and related financing activities:			•	•	
Acquisition of capital assets through contracts payable	\$ (2,931)	<u>\$</u> -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ (2,931)
Acquisition of capital assets through leases	\$ 83,055	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 83,055
Change in fair market value on investments	\$ 25.622	¢ 25.252	¢ 17.440		¢ 224 E04
Change in fair market value on investments	\$ 25,632	\$ 35,352	\$ 17,448	\$ 156,159	\$ 234,591

City of Cedar Rapids, Iowa Statements of Revenues, Expenses, and Changes in Fund Net Position Discretely Presented Component Units For the Year Ended June 30, 2023

	Airport	Cedar Rapids/ Linn County Solid Waste Agency
Operating revenues:		
Charges for services	\$ 5,191,661	\$ 8,549,391
Licenses and permits	45,168	-
Use of money and property	257,696	119,903
Rents and royalties	16,581,684	-
Miscellaneous	84,360	1,961,713
Total operating revenues	22,160,569	10,631,007
Operating expenses:		
Personal services	4,929,559	3,630,094
Purchased services	6,715,677	2,447,673
Supplies and materials	2,115,472	1,530,775
Closure and post closure care	-	3,865,347
Other	124,614	197,715
Depreciation and amortization	13,332,740	3,341,270
Total operating expenses	27,218,062	15,012,874
Operating (loss)	(5,057,493)	(4,381,867)
Nonoperating revenues:		
Intergovernmental	12,248,546	132,906
Investment earnings	825,453	1,001,651
Gain on sale of assets	22,035	4,654
Interest	-	(13)
Total nonoperating revenue	13,096,034	1,139,198
Capital contributions	23,242,198	
Change in net position	31,280,739	(3,242,669)
Total net position, beginning	256,604,595	59,678,836
Total net position, ending	\$ 287,885,334	\$ 56,436,167

City of Cedar Rapids, Iowa Statements of Cash Flows Discretely Presented Component Units For the Year Ended June 30, 2023

		Airport	C	ar Rapids/ Linn county Solid aste Agency
Cash flows from operating activities: Cash received from users Cash paid to employees	\$	22,969,435 (5,227,951)	\$	11,120,700 (3,937,208)
Cash paid to suppliers		(7,509,664)		(4,798,683)
Net cash flows provided by	<u> </u>			
operating activities		10,231,820		2,384,809
Cash flows from non-capital financing activities:				
Borrowing from other funds		15,411,784		-
Loans to other funds		(5,935,184)		-
Intergovernmental Net cash flows provided by non-capital		279,976		132,906
financing activities		9,756,576		132,906
•				
Cash flows from capital and related				
financing activities: Purchase of capital assets		(32,035,587)		(2,912,537)
Capital contributions		11,192,588		(2,912,337)
Proceeds from sale of capital assets		22,035		17,123
Lease agreements		-		(524)
Interest paid		- (22, 222, 224)		(13)
Net cash flows (used in) financing activities		(20,820,964)		(2,895,951)
Cash flows from investing activities:				
Interest on investments		825,453		651,364
Net increase (decrease) in cash and cash equivalents		(7,115)		273,128
Cash and cash equivalents, July 1, 2022		39,067		36,899,340
Cash and cash equivalents, June 30, 2023	\$	31,952	\$	37,172,468
	-			
Reconciliation of operating income to net cash				
flows from operating activities Operating (loss)	\$	(5,057,493)	\$	(4,381,867)
Operating (1035)	Ψ	(5,057,495)	Ψ	(4,501,007)
Adjustments to reconcile operating income (loss) to net cash				
flows provided by (used in) operating activities:		10 000 710		0.044.070
Depreciation and amortization expense Change in assets and liabilities:		13,332,740		3,341,270
(Increase) decrease in prepaid items		47,999		(94,676)
Increase (decrease) in vouchers payable		1,398,100		(123,063)
Increase (decrease) in compensated absences		32,707		(116)
Increase (decrease) in accrued expenses		10,220		(85,871)
Decrease in accounts receivable Decrease in lease receivable		689,728		308,192
Increase in revenues collected in advance		1,935,505 43,831		229
Decrease in due from other governments				243,773
(Decrease) in due to other governments		-		(60,106)
Increase (decrease) in security deposits		600		(2,395)
(Increase) in leases deferred inflows		(1,860,798)		-
(Increase) decrease in pension deferred outflows (Decrease) in pension deferred inflows		(28,690) (4,908,556)		41,963
Increase in net pension asset/liability		(1,908,556) 1,595,927		(1,368,615) 1,105,525
Increase in closure/postclosure payable		-,000,027		3,460,566
Net cash flows provided by operating activities	\$	10,231,820	\$	2,384,809
Cabadula of manage assistal and valated for a single assistance		_		_
Schedule of noncash capital and related financing activities: Acquisition of capital assets through accounts and contracts payable	\$	326,035	\$	_
,		==3,000	<u> </u>	

STATISTICAL SECTION

The statistical section of the City of Cedar Rapids' comprehensive annual financial report presents detailed information as a context for understanding what the information presented in the financial statements, note disclosures and required supplementary information say about the City's overall financial health.

Contents	Page
Financial Trends These schedules contain trend information to help the reader understand how the City's financial performance and well being have changed over time.	121
Revenue Capacity These schedules contain information to help the reader assess the City's most significant local revenue sources, the property tax (or sales tax).	134
Debt Capacity These schedules present information to help the reader assess the affordability of the City's current level of outstanding debt and the City's ability to issue additional debt in the future.	143
Demographic and Economic Information These schedules offer demographic and economic indicators to help the reader understand the environment within which the City's financial activities take place.	150
Operating Information These schedules contain service and infrastructure data to help the reader understand how the information in the City's financial report relates to the services the City provides and the activities it performs.	153

Sources: Unless otherwise noted, the information in these schedules is derived from the comprehensive annual report for the relevant year.

City of Cedar Rapids, Iowa

Net Position by Component Last Ten Fiscal Years (accrual basis of accounting) (Unaudited)

	Fiscal Year					
	2014	2015	2016	2017		
Governmental activities:						
Net investment in capital assets	\$ 523,398,811	\$ 552,231,885	\$ 608,754,210	\$ 666,218,852		
Restricted	46,380,534	43,941,079	48,146,702	42,822,074		
Unrestricted	63,259,061	17,257,321	15,783,922	21,578,264		
Total governmental activities						
net position	633,038,406	613,430,285	672,684,834	730,619,190		
	-					
Business-type activities:						
Net investment in capital assets	280,051,202	285,181,418	295,415,030	301,785,747		
Unrestricted	88,891,350	77,307,607	97,194,053	116,800,797		
Total business-type activites						
net position	368,942,552	362,489,025	392,609,083	418,586,544		
Primary government:						
Net investment in capital assets	803,450,013	837,413,303	904,169,240	968,004,599		
Restricted	46,380,534	43,941,079	48,146,702	42,822,074		
Unrestricted	152,150,411	94,564,928	112,977,975	138,379,061		
Total primary government assets	-					
net position	\$1,001,980,958	\$ 975,919,310	\$1,065,293,917	\$1,149,205,734		

			Fisca	l Year		
	2018	2019	2020	2021	2022	2023
\$	705,854,715 36,692,228 40,549,134	\$ 739,830,020 30,106,850 54,387,299	\$ 777,398,258 20,444,502 67,799,959	\$ 807,925,886 51,090,933 8,972,796	\$ 835,408,567 38,432,485 82,292,339	\$ 898,274,916 58,413,375 109,876,710
_	783,096,077	824,324,169	865,642,719	867,989,615	956,133,391	1,066,565,001
	312,102,892 134,186,281	331,742,565 139,153,740	346,579,468 153,583,105	362,699,192 163,257,018	378,467,647 181,060,607	394,894,482 202,295,034
	446,289,173	470,896,305	500,162,573	525,956,210	559,528,254	597,189,516
	1,017,957,607 36,692,228 174,735,415	1,071,572,585 30,106,850 193,541,039	1,123,977,726 20,444,502 221,383,064	1,170,625,078 51,090,933 172,229,814	1,213,876,214 38,432,485 263,352,946	1,293,169,398 58,413,375 312,171,744
\$	1,229,385,250	\$ 1,295,220,474	\$ 1,365,805,292	\$ 1,393,945,825	\$ 1,515,661,645	\$ 1,663,754,517

City of Cedar Rapids, Iowa

Changes in Net Position Last Ten Fiscal Years (accrual basis of accounting) (Unaudited)

			Fiscal Year		
	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018
Expenses:					
Governmental activites:					
Public safety	\$ 62,794,319	\$ 75,484,947	\$ 67,541,559	\$ 61,315,283	\$ 69,268,590
Public Works Culture and recreation	42,027,298 19,276,563	41,712,704 19,338,905	45,455,870 18,429,078	54,425,055 18,258,499	48,231,884 19,989,572
Community and economic development	44,000,867	36,510,740	41,198,885	32,469,132	22,416,840
General government	22,137,547	33,755,032	22,757,214	24,764,086	21,995,008
Interest on long-term debt	6,128,343	6,166,942	5,116,100	5,313,432	4,767,498
Total governmental activities expenses	196,364,937	212,969,270	200,498,706	196,545,487	186,669,392
Business -type activites:					
Water	27,838,023	29,890,562	28,964,693	29,923,562	31,268,765
Water pollution control	28,637,227	27,085,717	27,751,662	28,912,424	28,799,989
Sanitary sewer	7,059,463	7,311,198	7,320,419	6,897,841	8,312,443
Alliant Energy PowerHouse	12,730,138	13,798,661	14,700,635	13,420,516	15,179,302
DoubleTree by Hilton Ground transportation system	10,331,261 9,019,980	11,079,544 8,696,186	11,223,372 8,669,107	11,327,033 8,769,347	11,785,183
Parking system	2,711,534	1,136,893	1,133,383	1,268,260	9,075,466 1,143,581
Solid waste management	9,615,960	11,865,450	9,502,847	10,177,455	10,491,326
Golf	3,378,600	3,275,241	3,236,113	3,120,561	2,869,565
Storm Sewer	1,519,395	1,615,746	1,572,560	1,765,858	620,732
Paramount theatre	3,970,607	3,715,189	3,571,654	3,594,664	3,301,434
Ice arena	1,583,447	1,896,615	2,123,769	2,174,697	2,102,876
Total business-type activities expenses	118,395,635	121,367,002	119,770,214	121,352,218	124,950,662
Total primary government expenses	314,760,572	334,336,272	320,268,920	317,897,705	311,620,054
Program revenue:					
Governmental activities:					
Charges for services:					
Public safety	12,516,149	13,880,729	16,575,470	16,748,345	11,053,530
Public works	5,044,318	4,768,013	4,287,181	5,308,235	7,192,799
Culture and recreation Community and economic development	3,101,233 2,602,583	3,398,843 2,664,507	3,565,712 3,738,736	3,866,624 4,046,111	3,907,761 4,183,157
General government	16,904,005	20,785,657	16,236,390	20,183,052	20,733,384
Operating grants and contributions:	10,701,003	20,703,037	10,230,370	20,103,032	20,755,501
Public safety	2,688,446	2,677,702	336,345	922,724	726,942
Public works	9,501,460	5,541,686	16,990,400	8,701,978	18,429,975
Culture and recreation	4,118,634	4,363,868	2,384,253	1,441,171	225,150
Community development	23,321,516	27,140,389	23,837,952	20,761,322	10,604,132
General government	15,711,105	5,811,897	17,900,767	8,165,693	5,007,922
Capital grants and contributions					
Public safety	4,140,177	209,858	804,654	203,588	107,051
Public works	32,112,469	27,534,947	32,885,758	38,541,944	37,316,176
Culture and recreation Community and economic development	2,677,520	408,724 6,638,645	1,075,140	614,267	374,857 51,809
General government	6,764,020 15,901,863	5,287,528	102,253 384,200	20,550 7,935	175,125
Total governmental activities program revenue	157,105,498	131,112,993	141,105,211	129,533,539	120,089,770
Business-type activities:					
Charges for services:					
Water	34,196,231	33,679,744	35,054,702	36,150,252	37,802,899
Water pollution control	32,476,106	32,976,588	34,995,170	36,428,015	34,781,800
Sanitary sewer	7,810,972	7,716,165	8,483,668	9,771,722	10,589,920
Alliant Energy PowerHouse	8,416,739	10,075,277	10,731,875	9,028,344	10,725,868
Doubletree by Hilton	8,285,200	9,918,527	10,999,619	10,724,374	11,221,033
Ground transportation system	1,000,877	1,133,690	1,031,421	1,001,443	1,029,726
Parking system	299,505	1,177,383	1,128,914	1,237,195	1,298,600
Solid waste management	9,365,339	9,980,061	10,550,288	11,199,603	11,602,493
Golf	2,735,489	2,601,524	3,002,633	2,690,216	2,676,829
Storm Sewer	3,680,772	4,181,679	4,137,845	4,690,635	5,356,864
Paramount theatre Ice arena	1,812,750 1,018,369	1,853,066 1,355,487	1,990,410 1,596,594	2,184,415 1,518,638	2,099,608 1,588,078
ice archa	1,010,309	1,333,40/	1,370,374	1,510,056	1,200,070

		Figeal V		
2019	2020	Fiscal Year 2021	2022	2023
2017	2020	2021	2022	2025
\$ 67,065,304	\$ 79,631,237	\$ 82,717,369	\$ 71,846,667	\$ 80,901,885
54,242,149	55,076,574	110,536,607	61,223,411	62,319,734
20,413,202	20,410,407	24,898,586	23,281,402	25,893,170
30,576,794	23,501,726	23,363,638	25,414,643	32,035,184
27,838,109	27,562,294	46,848,030	45,802,948	35,863,517
4,725,708	4,669,311	5,386,966	6,194,534	7,963,176
204,861,266	210,851,549	293,751,196	233,763,605	244,976,666
32,038,158	32,781,365	31,883,177	35,202,245	36,788,056
29,476,584	31,080,625	32,568,823	33,700,261	32,871,842
8,928,690	8,188,527	8,631,367	8,958,899	8,075,808
15,136,639	10,404,231	6,003,583	12,220,083	12,231,585
12,124,618	10,296,646	7,280,235	9,873,013	12,305,090
9,897,698	9,821,578	10,457,678	10,509,710	10,844,592
1,156,293	1,219,229	1,261,505	1,241,209	1,379,822
11,141,747	10,756,804	11,509,731	10,995,212	12,054,446
2,798,656	2,746,135	2,743,259	2,733,873	3,217,065
1,276,257	1,711,206	1,720,645	1,508,186	1,415,739
3,647,023 2,074,619	3,548,281 2,175,622	3,002,387 1,139,209	5,595,093 2,414,104	4,368,084 2,847,378
129,696,982	124,730,249	118,201,599	134,951,888	138,399,507
334,558,248	335,581,798	411,952,795	368,715,493	383,376,173
551,550,210	330,001,730	111,502,750	200,712,132	202,270,172
5,812,268	19,515,633	19,663,285	22,403,841	18,643,290
6,935,684	6,791,420	9,004,096	5,758,553	5,689,586
4,451,495	4,011,051	4,428,063	6,768,314	7,972,484
3,940,024	3,924,049	2,018,782	1,853,371	1,060,519
19,045,109	13,488,033	35,968,829	26,124,546	29,852,370
768,985	594,871	3,904,311	797,333	1,534,699
3,247,405	81,669	105,476	24,964,783	32,428,438
209,482	212,672	249,454	2,135,123	2,379,689
7,460,631	7,146,717	9,137,244	10,118,857	13,872,348
4,167,848	3,815,671	3,804,707	4,224,934	5,701,275
83,864	3,644,886	369,126	263,392	2,485,130
38,316,081	36,443,070	43,310,595	47,044,713	52,727,102
296,324	314,340	182,935	239,821	1,201,582
9,387	11,833	46,012	36,253	155,581
5,283,977	6,673,112	570,819	221,330	75,000
100,028,564	106,669,027	132,763,734	152,955,164	175,779,093
37,693,951	39,707,721	41,839,229	45,354,662	48,173,919
33,366,345	35,686,558	37,777,832	38,258,717	43,160,071
12,473,150	12,510,347	13,156,970	13,397,509	13,506,032
10,563,206	7,284,431	3,029,999	7,509,128	7,493,238
11,483,467	8,508,119	5,674,041	9,159,951	12,169,983
1,064,698	786,116	232,316	302,975	519,445
1,372,535	1,245,845	436,345	590,125	530,528
12,017,982	12,073,303	12,350,963	12,325,321	12,247,577
2,432,327	2,167,688	2,461,560	3,149,063	3,877,358
6,138,658 2,377,418	6,738,898 3,857,667	7,183,674 2,085,923	7,848,747 4,618,308	8,479,208 2,912,299
1,549,200	1,502,104	480,165	2,494,251	1,698,960
1,577,200	1,302,104	700,103	2,777,231	1,070,700

City of Cedar Rapids, Iowa

Changes in Net Position
Last Ten Fiscal Years
(accrual basis of accounting)
(Unaudited)

	2014		2015	20	16	2	017		2018
Operating grants and contributions:	¢	e	(92(¢ 1	54.204	e		¢.	
Water	\$ -	\$	6,826	\$ 1	54,394	\$	-	\$	-
Water pollution control	-		18,622		-		-		-
Sanitary sewer	-		-		-		-		-
Alliant Energy PowerHouse			-	2.0	-		-		-
Ground transportation system	3,852,969		3,764,791	3,8	394,646	4,	048,447		4,162,961
Solid waste management	-		60,101		-		85,872		-
Golf	-		41,732		9,452		20,697		4,641
Parking system	-		4,584		-		-		-
Storm Sewer	-		-		-		-		-
Paramount theatre	-		-		-		-		-
Capital grants and contributions									
Water	875,824		674,516	1,4	125,281		516,795		676,016
Water pollution control	(76,375)		-		-		17,911		-
Sanitary sewer	5,521,562		1,955,407	2,6	598,900		729,104		433,917
Alliant Energy PowerHouse	16,953		497,960	5	69,591	1,	023,735		1,041,064
Ground transportation system	-		1,342,334		-		102,000		-
Parking system	-		-		-		-		9,735
Solid waste management	59,755		-		-		-		-
Golf	23,592		-		_		_		-
Storm Sewer	36		_		_		_		_
Paramount theatre	2,951,247		_		_		_		_
Ice arena	_,,,,,,,,,		_		_		_		_
Total business-type activities program revenues	124,323,912	13	25,016,064	132.4	55,403	133.	169,413	13	7,102,052
Total primary government program revenues	281,429,410		56,129,057		60,614		702,952		7,191,822
Business-type activities Total primary government net expense	5,928,277 (33,331,162)	(3,649,062 78,207,215)		(085,189 (08,306)		817,195 194,753)		2,151,390 54,428,232)
General revenues and other changes in net position:									
Governmental activities:									
Taxes:									
Property taxes	95,741,367		99,019,891	07.9	378,079	07	896,100	C	9,105,742
Hotel-Motel taxes	3,103,713		3,512,298	,	578,079 542,693		712,345		3,751,902
Local option sales taxes	18,457,259		19,331,507		590,043		490,648		9,522,078
Franchise taxes	6,962,603		6,666,465		78,250		651,657		0,184,385
Gain on sale of assets	0,902,003		0,000,403	0,5	770,230	,	031,037	1	0,104,303
Investment Earnings	99,203		1,589,169	2.2	364,873	2	537,177		1,193,059
Transfers	(6,508,979)		726,063		705,894)		341,623)		(8,632,112)
Total governmental activities	117,855,166	1	30,845,393		48,044		946,304		25,125,054
Total governmental activities	117,033,100	1.	50,045,575	110,0	740,044	127,	740,504	12	23,123,034
Business-type activities Taxes:									
Property taxes	4,666,154		4,704,287	15	32,272	1	873,236		5,161,057
Gain on sale of capital assets	7,000,134		88,700		294,987		152,994		180,678
Investment earnings	336,493		426,959		594,987 501,716		792,413		1,577,392
Transfers									
•	6,508,979 29,427,330		(726,063) 11,511,626		705,894 193,883		341,623 434,869		8,632,112 4,160,266
Total business-type activities Total primary government	121,830,708		29,366,792		39,276		082,913		9,106,570
Changes in net position:									
Governmental activities	78,595,727		48,989,116	50.2	254,549	57	934,356	-	58,545,432
Business-type activities	35,355,607		15,160,688		79,072		252,064		26,311,656
Total primary government	\$ 113,951,334		54,149,804		133,621		186,420		34,857,088
Total primary government	Ψ 113,731,334	φ	JT,1TJ,0U T	φ /0,4	120,041	φ 0/,	100,720	фС	7,007,000

2019	2020	2021	2022	2022
\$ -	\$ 108,379	\$ 4,767	\$ -	\$ -
-	-	14,420	-	138,515
-	-	1,104	<u>-</u>	
- 5 245 264	4 250 267	- 6 540 140	2,617,125	1,029,681
5,245,264	4,359,267	6,548,148 1,224	5,064,383	5,498,213
-	-	1,224	-	-
_	_	_	_	_
9,686	-	166	-	-
-	-	-	1,272,176	829,157
400 405	962 425	900 140	1 122 104	702.002
498,485	863,435	890,140 14,959	1,123,194 167,905	793,902 1,009,836
515,048	544,163	635,743	543,679	914,583
1,211,503	-	-	-	-
-	-	126,000	712,000	1,326,751
1,419,543	10,722	-	816,912	-
-	-	-	-	-
-	-	132,008	3,027,319	278,517
1,682,540	1,462,825	-	-	-
1,062,340	1,402,623	3,744,885	680,234	-
143,115,006	139,417,588	138,822,581	161,033,684	166,587,773
243,143,570	246,086,615	271,586,315	313,988,848	342,366,866
(104,832,702) 13,418,024 (91,414,678)	(104,182,522) 14,687,339 (89,495,183)	(160,987,462) 20,620,982 (140,366,480)	(80,808,441) 26,081,796 (54,726,645)	(69,197,573) 28,188,266 (41,009,307)
107,250,681	111,441,548	120,578,922	127,505,606	131,995,762
3,936,530	3,227,258	3,333,559	4,047,405	4,590,549
20,810,367	22,605,986	26,914,025	26,050,888	25,325,095
10,318,852	10,229,670	9,704,612	11,360,888	11,210,521
- 012.770	57,974	1 206 104	1 160 725	- ((51 470
6,813,759	4,802,295	1,396,194	1,160,735	6,651,472
(3,069,395)	(6,863,659) 145,501,072	1,407,492 163,334,804	(1,173,305) 168,952,217	(144,216) 179,629,183
-33	- 7 7			,
5,398,717	5,478,950	5,665,901	5,719,059	5,746,412
90,707	27,720	103,489	97,258	63,082
2,630,289	2,208,600	810,757	500,626	3,519,286
3,069,395	6,863,659	(1,407,492)	1,173,305	144,216
15,551,239	11,189,108	5,172,655	7,490,248	9,472,996
140,676,293	157,249,902	168,507,459	176,442,465	189,102,179
41,228,092	41,318,550	2,347,342	88,143,776	110,431,610
28,969,263	25,876,447 \$ 67,194,997	\$ 28,140,070	\$121,715,820	\$148,002,872
\$ 70,197,355	\$ 67,194,997	\$ 28,140,979	\$121,715,820	\$148,092,872

City of Cedar Rapids, Iowa

Program Revenues by Function/Program Last Ten Fiscal Years (accrual basis of accounting) (Unaudited)

	Fiscal Year						
Function/Program	2014	2015	2016	2017			
Governmental activities:	Ф. 10.244.772	Ф. 16 7 60 2 00	n 17.716.460	Ф 17.074.657			
Public safety	\$ 19,344,772	\$ 16,768,289	\$ 17,716,469	\$ 17,874,657			
Public works	46,658,247	37,844,646	54,163,339	52,552,157			
Culture and recreation	9,897,387	8,171,435	7,025,105	5,922,062			
Community and economic development	32,688,119	36,443,541	27,678,941	24,827,983			
General government	48,516,973	31,885,082	34,521,357	28,356,680			
Total governmental activities	157,105,498	131,112,993	141,105,211	129,533,539			
Business-type activities: Water	35,072,055	34,361,086	36,634,377	36,667,047			
Water pollution control	32,399,731	32,995,210	34,995,170	36,445,926			
Sanitary sewer	13,332,534	9,671,572	11,182,568	10,500,826			
Alliant Energy PowerHouse	8,433,692	10,573,237	11,301,466	10,052,079			
Doubltree by Hilton	8,285,200	9,918,527	10,999,619	10,724,374			
Ground transportation system	4,853,846	6,240,815	4,926,067	5,151,890			
Parking system	299,505	1,181,967	1,128,914	1,237,195			
Solid waste management	9,425,094	10,040,162	10,550,288	11,285,475			
Golf	2,759,081	2,643,256	3,012,085	2,710,913			
Storm Sewer	3,680,808	4,181,679	4,137,845	4,690,635			
Paramount theatre	4,763,997	1,853,066	1,990,410	2,184,415			
Ice arena	1,018,369	1,355,487	1,596,594	1,518,638			
Total business-type activities	124,323,912	125,016,064	132,455,403	133,169,413			
Total primary government	\$ 281,429,410	\$ 256,129,057	\$ 273,560,614	\$ 262,702,952			

 			l Year		
 2018	2019	2020	2021	2022	2023
\$ 11,887,523	\$ 6,665,117	\$ 23,755,390	\$ 23,936,722	\$ 23,464,566	\$ 22,663,119
62,938,950	48,499,170	43,316,159	52,420,167	77,768,049	90,845,126
4,507,768	4,957,301	4,538,063	4,860,452	9,143,258	11,553,755
14,839,098	11,410,042	11,082,599	11,202,038	12,008,481	15,088,448
25,916,431	28,496,934	23,976,816	40,344,355	30,570,810	35,628,645
120,089,770	100,028,564	106,669,027	132,763,734	152,955,164	175,779,093
38,478,915	38,192,436	40,679,535	42,734,136	46,477,856	48,967,821
34,781,800	33,366,345	35,686,558	37,807,211	38,426,622	44,308,422
11,023,837	12,988,198	13,054,510	13,793,817	13,941,188	14,420,615
11,766,932	11,774,709	7,284,431	3,029,999	10,126,253	8,522,919
11,221,033	11,483,467	8,508,119	5,674,041	9,159,951	12,169,983
5,192,687	6,309,962	5,145,383	6,906,464	6,079,358	7,344,409
1,308,335	2,792,078	1,256,567	436,345	1,407,037	530,528
11,602,493	12,017,982	12,073,303	12,352,187	12,325,321	12,247,577
2,681,470	2,432,327	2,167,688	2,593,568	6,176,382	4,155,875
5,356,864	6,148,344	6,738,898	7,183,840	7,848,747	8,479,208
2,099,608	4,059,958	5,320,492	2,085,923	5,890,484	3,741,456
1,588,078	1,549,200	1,502,104	4,225,050	3,174,485	1,698,960
137,102,052	143,115,006	139,417,588	138,822,581	161,033,684	166,587,773
\$ 257,191,822	\$ 243,143,570	\$ 246,086,615	\$ 271,586,315	\$ 313,988,848	\$ 342,366,866

City of Cedar Rapids, Iowa

Fund Balances, Governmental Funds Last Ten Fiscal Years (modified accrual basis of accounting) (Unaudited)

	Fiscal Year							
	2014	2015	2016	2017				
General Fund:								
Nonspendable	\$ 436,499	\$ 1,278,405	\$ 1,762,510	\$ 1,600,299				
Restricted	436,777	671,113	763,833	722,923				
Assigned	200,000	200,000	-	· -				
Unassigned	38,474,257	39,048,484	39,823,729	41,061,841				
Total General Fund	39,547,533	41,198,002	42,350,072	43,385,063				
All Other Government Funds:								
Nonspendable	2,048,224	5,751,181	679,110	1,179,715				
Restricted	58,545,863	63,086,804	63,588,342	62,783,212				
Committed	5,244,838	4,598,289	4,873,685	5,091,605				
Assigned	20,775,941	14,914,248	16,904,839	6,211,757				
Unassigned	(24,865,918)	(1,770,352)	(1,360,575)	(14,448,955)				
Total all other government fur	nds \$ 61,748,948	\$ 86,580,170	\$ 84,685,401	\$ 60,817,334				

			Fisca	l Year					
2018	2019		2020		2021		2022		2023
\$ 1,827,737	\$	1,641,259	\$ 2,220,581	\$	1,859,932	\$	1,803,657	\$	1,940,968
998,885		1,345,317	1,724,775		2,027,040		2,119,482		2,430,117
42,619,378		46,277,196	46,760,185		48,479,816		50,352,565		49,980,677
45,446,000		49,263,772	50,705,541		52,366,788		54,275,704		54,351,762
1,102,149		2,015,935	2,801,226		5,541,522		29,085,936		33,738,687
65,363,941		61,067,745	75,672,131		116,566,452		109,600,834		116,066,396
7,565,529		7,877,578	15,361,076		15,933,528		18,072,940		14,597,557
8,051,555		8,706,728	20,300,413		13,393,347		17,140,738		17,873,178
(8,728,464)		(690,880)	(636,644)		(54,191,414)		(36,836,289)		(22,758,910)
\$ 73,354,710	\$	78,977,106	\$ 113,498,202	\$	97,243,435	\$	137,064,159	\$	159,516,908

Changes in Fund Balances, Governmental Funds Last Ten Fiscal Years (modified accrual basis of accounting) (Unaudited)

		Fiscal	Year	
	2014	2015	2016	2017
Revenues:	e 124 107 400	e 120 450 200	£ 126 501 600	¢ 121 410 044
Taxes	\$ 124,196,490	\$ 128,459,398	\$ 126,591,680	\$ 131,419,844
License and permits	2,518,806	2,526,590	2,607,889	2,629,720
Intergovernmental	123,152,460	80,797,235	98,342,019	78,104,584
Charges for services	20,758,374	22,494,418	23,900,184	26,504,810
Fines and forfeitures	8,121,511	9,756,389	12,032,744	12,348,441
Use of money and property	515,480	1,480,990	2,184,183	2,270,103
Rents and royalties	949,373	1,016,785	1,128,265	1,307,238
Miscellaneous	4,926,051	3,342,150	2,779,492	3,028,453
Total revenues	285,138,545	249,873,955	269,566,456	257,613,193
Expenditures:				
Public safety	61,893,789	64,410,514	68,135,610	71,171,439
Public works	28,036,639	25,768,617	26,573,164	35,131,241
Culture and recreation	17,767,022	17,787,295	16,831,286	17,512,040
Community and economic development	36,417,848	37,075,646	41,316,883	32,783,682
General government	18,277,191	17,674,279	18,858,095	22,628,141
Capital outlay	87,200,235	55,267,754	77,168,187	86,652,509
Debt service:	67,200,233	33,207,734	77,100,107	80,032,309
Principal	14,653,110	25,711,403	26,034,621	32,145,580
Bond issuance costs	156,992	343,725	95,559	194,184
	6,237,128	6,067,307	6,005,472	5,849,001
Interest Total expenditures	270,639,954	250,106,540	281,018,877	304,067,817
i otai expenditui es	270,039,934	230,100,340	281,018,877	304,007,617
Excess of revenues (under)	14,498,591	(232,585)	(11,452,421)	(46,454,624)
expenditures				
Other financing sources (uses):				
Transfers in	57,751,579	79,990,780	80,697,067	86,927,528
Transfers out	(65,535,949)	(78,743,629)	(93,188,042)	(94,944,440)
Payment to refunded bond escrow agent	(03,333,949)	(70,743,029)	(93,100,042)	(34,344,440)
Issuance of long-term debt	9,660,000	23,705,000	20,360,000	29 645 000
				28,645,000
Premium (discount) on long-term debt	32,354	1,250,940	2,019,538	2,294,465
Insurance recoveries	1 520 000	511 105	- 021 150	-
Proceeds from sale of capital assets	1,529,989	511,185	821,159	698,995
Lease agreements	=	-	-	-
IT subscriptions	-	-	-	-
Total other financing sources				
(uses)	3,437,973	26,714,276	10,709,722	23,621,548
Net changes in fund balance	\$ 17,936,564	\$ 26,481,691	\$ (742,699)	\$ (22,833,076)
Debt service as a percentage of noncapital expenditures	11.39%	16.31%	15.72%	17.48%

2018	2019	2020	2021	2022	2023
\$ 132,098,948	\$ 140,622,933	\$147,478,721	\$157,335,459	\$173,926,687	\$173,977,57
3,223,350	3,204,177	3,286,534	4,121,163	4,749,408	3,513,54
68,683,806	52,413,345	49,307,897	57,018,079	87,033,468	81,677,50
26,526,333	27,198,568	27,574,766	31,271,677	30,919,075	31,234,80
1,768,307	568,878	13,963,460	13,310,680	15,432,043	13,368,32
5,392,583	6,630,182	4,645,733	1,284,986	1,052,213	6,335,08
1,166,143	1,168,141	956,432	609,616	793,380	829,14
4,112,175	8,683,036	3,337,478	8,937,113	3,563,194	5,127,34
242,971,645	240,489,260	250,551,021	273,888,773	317,469,468	316,063,33
65,594,035	64,809,411	73,442,331	75,783,022	80,313,836	84,511,0
27,241,737	30,417,838	29,068,605	82,550,730	33,667,520	30,935,6
18,079,179	18,536,622	18,130,278	22,627,393	22,216,560	24,496,8
22,320,593	30,438,779	23,147,111	23,023,598	25,260,970	32,111,0
20,179,573	19,518,251	20,634,118	26,036,122	30,016,918	25,173,4
67,845,018	62,386,370	78,073,852	92,936,424	115,403,819	129,532,1
30,018,464	13,925,388	50,210,318	23,044,526	18,718,552	20,582,2
273,425	108,909	713,906	251,504	246,918	386,5
5,548,827	5,706,245	6,042,922	6,548,560	7,527,553	9,023,6
257,100,851	245,847,813	299,463,441	352,801,879	333,372,646	356,752,6
(14,129,206)	(5,358,553)	(48,912,420)	(78,913,106)	(15,903,178)	(40,689,2
89,674,300	92,390,414	100,888,118	104,419,952	115,346,201	126,128,8
(100,635,101)	(95,148,843)	(105,708,726)	(100,731,024)	(116,087,838)	(125,792,4
-	(4,688,423)	-	-	-	
36,771,267	20,439,000	83,052,000	55,415,000	53,006,165	53,291,9
1,443,176	1,227,324	6,273,975	4,510,169	1,257,645	3,543,2
-	-	-	-	2,500,875	4,538,7
1,473,877	579,249	369,918	705,935	1,411,622	280,1
-	-	-	-	198,148	208,6
-	-				1,018,8
28,727,519	14,798,721	84,875,285	64,320,032	57,632,818	63,218,0
\$ 14,598,313	\$ 9,440,168	\$ 35,962,865	\$ (14,593,074)	\$ 41,729,640	\$ 22,528,8



City of Five Seasons®

City of Cedar Rapids, Iowa

Tax Revenues by Source, Governmental Funds Last Ten Fiscal Years (modified accrual basis of accounting) (Unaudited)

Fiscal Year	Local Option Property Sales Tax		Utility Replacement Excise Tax	Other Tax	Total	
2014	\$ 91,276,333	\$ 18,457,259	\$ 4,465,034	\$ 3,035,261	\$ 117,233,887	
2015	94,356,828	19,331,507	4,663,063	3,441,535	121,792,933	
2016	93,158,003	18,255,938	4,720,076	3,479,413	119,613,430	
2017	93,304,637	20,166,423	4,675,721	3,705,664	121,852,445	
2018	94,514,279	19,150,019	4,591,463	3,658,802	121,914,563	
2019	102,670,825	19,150,019	4,579,856	3,822,238	130,222,938	
2020	107,002,596	21,978,180	4,438,952	3,829,323	137,249,051	
2021	115,929,730	24,196,412	4,649,192	2,855,513	147,630,847	
2022	127,505,606	31,179,741	4,469,400	3,880,452	167,035,199	
2023	107,698,934	26,151,254	4,758,201	4,620,039	143,228,429	
Change						
2014-2023	\$ 16,422,601	\$ 7,693,995	\$ 293,167	\$ 1,584,779	\$ 25,994,542	

City of Cedar Rapids, Iowa

Assessed Value and Estimated Actual Value of Taxable Property Last Ten Fiscal Years (Unaudited)

Fiscal Year	Residential Property	Commercial Property	Multi- Residential Property	Industrial Property	Utilities
2014	\$ 3,161,515,932	\$ 1,901,539,361	\$ -	\$ 338,746,938	\$ 363,469,257
2015	3,257,825,201	1,911,645,041	-	335,787,697	374,326,371
2016	3,389,017,764	1,879,822,511	-	343,628,214	377,407,461
2017	3,422,048,656	1,682,626,246	190,841,651	355,914,079	371,694,032
2018	3,688,198,304	1,764,798,961	195,009,215	373,276,165	368,559,075
2019	3,708,576,989	2,021,463,306	201,378,575	388,670,325	364,055,409
2020	3,856,095,299	2,040,356,883	201,093,279	403,114,566	351,829,095
2021	3,882,634,338	2,055,386,140	228,864,369	429,616,148	361,881,936
2022	4,036,276,214	2,039,455,144	229,818,117	418,322,363	338,956,983
2023	4,043,970,093	2,091,707,137	311,602,594	428,918,624	353,844,996

Source: Linn County Auditor's Office

Note: There is no personal property tax (on cars or jewelry). The above information presents the information for each period for which it is levied. A tax levy provides taxes remitted in the following year.

Military Exemptions	Total Taxable Assessed Value	Percent Growth	Total Direct Tax Rate	Estimated Actual Taxable Value	Value as a Percentage of Actual Value
\$ (12,080,596)	\$ 5,753,190,892	1.16%	15.22	\$ 9,347,805,591	61.55%
(11,726,864)	5,867,857,446	1.99%	15.22	9,635,493,397	60.90%
(11,022,548)	5,978,853,402	1.89%	15.22	9,803,513,649	60.99%
(10,611,682)	6,012,512,982	0.56%	15.22	9,959,752,143	60.37%
(10,419,074)	6,379,422,646	6.10%	15.22	10,346,394,789	61.66%
(9,932,276)	6,674,212,328	4.62%	15.22	11,140,204,267	59.91%
(9,619,796)	6,842,869,326	2.53%	15.44	11,658,165,264	58.70%
(9,417,791)	6,948,965,140	1.55%	15.88	12,176,100,143	57.07%
(9,072,948)	7,053,755,873	1.51%	15.87	12,371,836,114	57.01%
(8,772,924)	7,221,270,520	2.37%	16.03	13,035,493,913	55.40%

Direct and Overlapping Property Tax Rates Last Ten Fiscal Years

	City Direct Rates										
Tax Year Levied	General Levy	Tort	Band	Library Book Levy	Memorial Fund	I FICA/ IPERS	Fire & Police Pension Fund	Other Benefits			
2014	8.10000	0.14882	0.01667	0.04000	0.20082	0.75997	0.76000	1.74601			
2015	8.10000	0.14882	0.01667	-	0.20082	0.75997	0.80000	1.74601			
2016	8.10000	0.14882	0.01667	-	0.20082	0.75997	0.80000	1.69601			
2017	8.10000	0.14882	0.01667	-	0.20082	0.75997	0.80000	1.69601			
2018	8.10000	0.14882	0.01667	-	0.20082	0.75997	0.80000	1.64601			
2019	8.10000	0.14882	0.01667	-	0.20082	0.75997	0.80000	1.64601			
2020	8.10000	0.14882	0.01667	-	0.20082	0.75997	0.80000	1.64601			
2021	8.10000	0.14882	0.01667	-	0.20082	0.75997	0.80000	1.78980			
2022	8.10000	0.14882	0.01667	-	0.20082	0.75997	0.90000	1.68980			
2023	8.10000	0.14882	0.01667	-	0.20082	0.75997	0.90000	1.69980			

Source: Linn County Auditor's Office

Note: Overlapping rates are those of local and county governments that apply to property owners within the City. Not all overlapping rates apply to all City property owners, although the County property tax rates apply to all City property owners.

City Direct	Rates		Overlapping rates							
Debt Levy	Bus	Total Direct	C.R. Community School	College Community Schools	Linn Mar Community Schools	Marion Independent Schools				
2.63605	0.80787	15.21621	15.47881	15.08387	17.26780	17.45846				
2.63605	0.80787	15.21621	15.48446	14.80342	17.00411	18.41490				
2.68605	0.80787	15.21621	15.38030	15.81016	17.37861	18.55533				
2.68605	0.80787	15.21621	15.37507	16.06203	17.37723	18.57839				
2.73605	0.80787	15.21621	15.37529	16.64476	17.37544	18.01606				
2.73605	0.80787	15.21621	15.07020	16.60836	17.37262	17.99203				
2.95605	0.80787	15.43621	15.07063	16.60706	18.01522	17.97287				
3.03225	0.80787	15.65620	15.36229	16.60721	18.01155	17.99451				
3.25225	0.80787	15.87620	15.36072	16.60869	17.86914	18.00000				
3.40225	0.79787	16.02620	14.72971	16.60981	17.35888	18.00049				



City of Five Seasons®

City of Cedar Rapids, Iowa

Principal Property Taxpayers Current Year and Nine Years Ago (Unaudited)

		2023			2014	
Taxpayer	Taxable Assessed Value	Rank	Percentage of Total Estimated Actual Valuation	Taxable Assessed Value	Rank	Percentage of Total Estimated Actual Valuation
Interstate Power & Light Co	\$ 1,103,969,534	1	66.43%			
ADM Corn Processing	192,497,354	2	11.58%	\$ 107,179,683	2	15.69%
St. Lukes Methodist Hospital	78,805,700	3	4.74%			0.00%
Transamerica Life Insurance Co	53,631,500	4	3.23%			
Rockwell Collins	45,161,800	5	2.72%	37,487,530	6	5.49%
International Paper Company	44,019,700	6	2.65%	50,752,891	4	7.43%
QUAPAW Investments	40,536,700	7	2.44%			
SDG Macerich Properties (Lindale Mall)	36,249,400	8	2.18%	35,412,858	7	5.18%
RCS-Cedar Rapids Facility LLC	33,472,800	9	2.01%			
Casey's Marketing Co	33,395,000	10	2.01%			0.00%
Alliant Industries				242,114,955	1	35.43%
Aegon USA				71,325,930	3	10.44%
Qwest				43,391,233	5	6.35%
Mid-American Energy				32,651,829	8	4.78%
Wal-Mart Stores/Sam's Club				31,808,199	9	4.66%
Nextera Energy				31,140,090	10	4.56%
Total	\$ 1,661,739,488		100.00%	\$ 683,265,198		100.00%

Source: Linn County Auditor's Office

City of Cedar Rapids, Iowa

Property Tax Levies and Collections Last Ten Fiscal Years (Unaudited)

			Collected Within the Fiscal Year of the Levy					
Fiscal Year Ended June 30	Tax Year	Taxes Levied for the Tax Year		Amount	Percentage of Levy			
2014	2012	¢ 100 105 050	¢	100 270 054	100.000/			
2014	2013	\$ 100,195,059	\$	100,270,954	100.08%			
2015	2014	104,819,808		103,594,916	98.83%			
2016	2015	102,585,246		102,606,085	100.02%			
2017	2016	102,867,500		102,722,739	99.86%			
2018	2017	104,165,127		104,204,560	100.04%			
2019	2018	113,019,297		112,258,450	99.33%			
2020	2019	118,219,310		116,891,029	98.88%			
2021	2020	124,356,219		124,664,100	100.25%			
2022	2021	132,314,833		133,221,591	100.69%			
2023	2022	138,578,409		137,835,785	99.46%			

Source: Linn County Auditor's Office

Note: There is no personal property tax (on cars or jewelry). The above information presents the information for each period for which it is levied. A tax levy provides taxes remitted in the following year. Beginning in 2013 collections in subsequent years are reported in the year levied and not in the year collected.

	Total Collec	tions to Date
 ollections in Subsequent		Percentage
 Years	Amount	of Levy
\$ 1,903 24,622 54,903 36,966 392,984 29,352 1,561,117 (10,180) (101,996)	\$ 100,272,857 103,619,538 102,660,988 102,820,719 104,536,530 112,287,802 118,452,145 124,653,920 133,119,595 137,835,785	100.08% 98.85% 100.07% 99.95% 100.36% 99.35% 100.20% 100.24% 100.61% 99.46%
_	157,055,705	JJ. TU/U

Ratios of Net General Bonded Debt Outstanding by Type Last Ten Fiscal Years (Unaudited)

	Governmental Activities		Business-type Activites							
Fiscal Year	General Obligation Bonds (A)	General Obligation Bonds (B)		Revenue Bonds		Notes Payable		Less Amount Available in Debt Service		Total Primary Government
2014	\$ 165,795,484	\$ 171,701,928	\$	71,651,422	\$	45,271,592	\$	2,742,398	\$	451,678,028
2015	164,811,743	157,680,246		87,571,696		42,759,920		900,543		451,923,062
2016	159,989,758	139,915,374		103,387,426		42,662,000		2,181,647		443,772,911
2017	158,068,571	128,582,704		112,073,811		40,066,000		1,297,332		437,493,754
2018	165,032,942	116,269,277		125,949,502		36,686,000		1,079,453		442,858,268
2019	167,185,014	106,352,668		137,534,535		34,627,000		1,350,022		444,349,195
2020	203,634,971	95,076,957		140,411,170		31,786,000		1,388,933		469,520,165
2021	239,051,822	85,013,111		146,149,964		30,463,546		1,629,822		499,048,621
2022	273,375,790	75,476,381		150,393,129		35,151,676		3,608,003		530,788,973
2023	309,452,256	73,004,101		151,565,687		42,173,546		5,219,169		570,976,421

Note: Details regarding the City's outstanding debt can be found in the notes to the financial statements.

¹ See the Schedule of Assessed Value and Estimated Actual Value of Taxable Property for property value data.

² Population data can be found in the Schedule of Demographic and Economic Statistics

Debt Per Capita		Percentage of Per Capita ²	Percentage of Personal Income ²	Total General Bonded Debt (A+B)	Percentage of Actual Property Value ¹	Percentage of Per Capita ²	Percentage of Personal Income ²
							_
	3,597	12.62%	6.22%	\$ 337,497,412	3.61%	9.37%	4.64%
	3,585	12.64%	6.20%	322,491,989	3.35%	9.00%	4.42%
:	3,530	11.96%	6.22%	299,905,132	3.06%	8.05%	4.20%
:	3,473	11.72%	6.00%	286,651,275	2.88%	7.65%	3.93%
	3,514	11.49%	5.87%	281,302,219	2.72%	7.28%	3.73%
	3,371	10.67%	5.10%	273,537,682	2.46%	6.55%	3.14%
:	3,432	10.22%	4.95%	298,711,928	2.56%	6.48%	3.15%
:	3,624	10.82%	5.52%	324,064,933	2.66%	7.02%	3.58%
	3,792	11.15%	6.24%	348,852,171	2.82%	7.33%	4.10%
•	4,253	12.21%	6.73%	382,456,357	2.93%	8.18%	4.51%



City of Five Seasons®

Direct and Overlapping Governmental Activities Debt For the Year Ended June 30, 2023 (Unaudited)

Governmental Unit	Debt Outstanding	Estimated Percentage Applicable	(Estimated Share of Overlapping Debt
College Community School District	\$ 119,995,506	65.50%	\$	78,597,056
Kirkwood Community College	152,446,341	25.97%		39,590,315
Linn Mar Community School District	64,188,870	34.62%		22,222,187
Marion Independent School District	33,106,000	5.41%		1,791,035
Cedar Rapids Community School District	1,347,880	80.25%		1,081,674
Linn County	52,735,232	58.55%		30,876,478
Subtotal, overlapping debt	 423,819,829			174,158,745
City Direct Debt	309,452,256	100.00%		309,452,256
Total direct and overlapping debt	\$ 733,272,085		\$	483,611,001

Source: Linn County Auditor's Office

Note: Overlapping governments are those that coincide, at least in part, with the geographic boundaries of the City. This schedule estimates the portion of the outstanding debt of those overlapping governments that is borne by the residents and businesses of the City of Cedar Rapids. This process recognized that, when considering the government's ability to issue and repay long-term debt, the entire debt burden borne by the residents and businesses should be taken into account. However, this does not imply that every taxpayer is a resident, and therefore responsible for repaying the debt of each overlapping government.

Legal Debt Margin Information (in millions)
Last Ten Fiscal Years
(dollars in thousands)
(Unaudited)

_	2014	2015	2016	2017
Debt limit	\$ 467,842,577	\$ 482,427,468	\$ 490,817,852	\$ 498,689,692
Total net debt applicable to limit	330,870,000	315,200,000	291,045,000	276,385,000
Legal debt margin	\$ 136,972,577	\$ 167,227,468	\$ 199,772,852	\$ 222,304,692
Total net debt applicable to the limit as a percentage of debt limit	70.72%	65.34%	59.30%	55.42%

			Local Dobt Mousin	Coloulation f	on Eigaal Vaan	2022		
			Legal Debt Margin Assessed value	Calculation 1	or Fiscal Year	2022	\$	13,045,820,684
			Debt limit (5% of a Debt applicable to l)		_	652,291,034
				iiiii: General oblig	ation bonds			366,140,000
			Legal debt margin				\$	286,151,034
	2018	2019	2020	20	21	2022		2023
\$	518,037,804	\$ 557,695,11	\$ 583,571,497	\$ 609,2	293,755	619,105,885	\$	652,291,034
_	271,585,000	264,200,00	286,435,000	308,9	940,000	334,460,000		366,140,000
\$	246,452,804	\$ 293,495,11	\$ 297,136,497	\$ 300,3	353,755	\$ 284,645,885	\$	286,151,034
	52.43%	47.37	7% 49.08%	, 0	50.70%	54.02%		56.13%

Pledged-Revenue Coverage Last Ten Fiscal Years

(Unaudited)

Revenue Bonds

Fiscal	Utility	Le	ess Operating	N	et Available	 Debt S	Service		
Year	Charges		Expense		Revenue	Principal		Interest	Coverage
2014	\$ 74,483,309	\$	56,634,049	\$	17,849,260	\$ 71,605,000	\$	27,927,012	\$ (81,682,752)
2015	74,372,497		56,954,119		17,418,378	85,540,000		31,908,489	(100,030,111)
2016	78,533,540		58,501,593		20,031,947	100,610,000		35,360,413	(115,938,466)
2017	82,349,989		62,631,564		19,718,425	107,705,000		35,341,233	(123,327,808)
2018	83,174,619		64,323,102		18,851,517	120,150,000		39,154,792	(140,453,275)
2019	83,533,446		65,016,638		18,516,808	130,635,000		41,329,599	(153,447,791)
2020	87,904,626		67,119,356		20,785,270	133,375,000		39,413,029	(152,002,759)
2021	92,774,031		66,151,083		26,622,948	137,495,000		38,586,542	(149,458,594)
2022	97,010,888		72,290,879		24,720,009	142,350,000		39,851,614	(157,481,605)
2023	104,840,022		72,368,281		32,471,741	144,030,000		39,607,489	(151,165,748)

Demographic and Economic Statistics Last Ten Fiscal Years (Unaudited)

Fiscal							School Enro	ollment (3)		
Year			Per							
Ended		Н	ousehold	Pe	r Capita	Median			Unemployment	
June 30	Population (1)	Inc	come (2)	Inc	come (2)	Age (2)	Public	Private	Rate (4)	
2014	126,326	\$	57,520	\$	28,503	38	16,201	2,724	4.5	
2015	126,326		57,746		28,361	36.4	15,618	2,158	4.2	
2016	126,326		56,510		29,506	35.6	15,664	2,125	4.1	
2017	126,326		57,685		29,643	35.6	17,091	2,759	3.4	
2018	126,326		59,724		30,580	35.6	17,129	2,047	2.7	
2019	132,228		65,841		31,585	36	16,717	3,034	2.4	
2020	137,211		69,071		33,572	35.8	16,294	2,948	9.7	
2021	137,710		65,657		33,499	36.3	16,236	2,458	5.7	
2022	139,986		60,787		34,019	36.5	16,086	2,520	3.0	
2023	134,266		63,170		34,817	36.4	15,959	1,842	3.5	

Note: The deompgraphic statistic is being added to the report

 World Population Review
 Data USA Sources:

3. Iowa Department of Education4. U.S. Bureau of Labor Statistics



City of Five Seasons®

Principal Employers Current Year and Nine Years Ago (Unaudited)

		2023			2014		
			Percentage of Total County			Percentage of Total County	
Employer	Employees	Rank	Employment	Employees	Rank	Employment	
Collins Aerospace	9,000	1	32.73%				
Unity Point Health-St. Lukes Hospital	2,979	2	10.83%	3,184	3	11.63%	
Cedar Rapids Community School District	2,879	3	10.47%	2,936	4	10.72%	
Transamerica/TATA	2,600	4	9.45%	3,872	2	14.14%	
Hy-Vee Food Stores	2,356	5	8.57%				
Nordstrom Direct	2,150	6	7.82%	1,200	8	4.38%	
Mercy Medical Center	2,140	7	7.78%	2,312	5	8.44%	
City of Cedar Rapids	1,309	8	4.76%	1,311	7	4.79%	
Four Oaks	1,100	9	4.00%				
Linn-Mar Community School District	987	10	3.59%	954	10	3.48%	
Kirkwood Community College				1,895	6	6.92%	
Quaker Foods and Snacks				1,018	9	3.72%	
Rockwell				8,700	1	31.77%	

Source: Cedar Rapids Area Chamber of Commerce and Woods and Poole Economics

Note: Total employment encompasses the Cedar Rapids Metropolitan Statistical Area

City of Cedar Rapids, Iowa

Full-Time Equivalent City Government Employees by Functions/Programs Last Ten Fiscal Years (Unaudited)

		Full-Time Equi	valent Employees as	s of June 30
_	2023	2022	2021	2020
Functions/Program				
General Government:				
Animal Control	-	-	-	-
Attorney	8.00	6.00	6.00	6.00
Building Services	33.00	32.00	32.00	30.00
City Manager	21.00	19.00	19.00	15.00
Civil Rights	5.00	5.00	5.00	5.00
Clerk	5.50	5.50	5.50	5.50
Community Development	13.10	13.10	13.10	14.80
Council and Mayor	3.33	3.33	3.33	3.33
Development Services	16.00	13.00	13.00	13.00
Public Works	166.45	167.45	165.06	161.81
Finance	44.00	45.25	45.25	45.25
Fire Department	148.48	148.48	148.48	148.48
Human Resource	11.00	9.00	9.00	9.00
Information Technology	38.00	35.00	35.00	34.00
Library	69.97	68.93	67.93	67.59
Memorial	9.28	8.84	8.56	8.56
Parks & Recreation Department	126.55	125.50	124.60	125.48
Police Department	270.00	270.00	268.00	266.00
Purchasing Services	-	-	-	-
Total General Fund	988.66	975.38	968.81	958.80
Enterprise Funds				
Eastern Iowa Airport	57.90	57.40	57.40	54.40
Golf	21.10	21.10	27.22	26.10
Five Seasons Parking	2.00	2.00	3.00	3.00
Sewer Maintenance	31.35	31.35	31.35	31.35
Solid Waste & Recycling	49.30	49.00	49.00	49.00
Storm Water	9.00	9.00	9.00	9.00
Transit	65.00	65.00	65.00	57.00
Water Department	114.09	112.49	112.49	112.49
Water Pollution Control	86.74	86.74	86.74	86.74
Total Enterprise Funds	436.48	434.08	441.20	429.08
Special Revenue Fund				
H.O.M.E./CD	5.00	5.00	5.00	5.00
Leased Housing	11.00	8.00	8.00	8.00
Library	2.00	2.00	2.00	2.00
Real Estate Disposal	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00
Total Special Revenue Funds	19.00	16.00	16.00	16.00
Internal Service Funds				
Joint Communications	27.00	27.00	27.00	27.00
Facilities Maintenance	26.00	26.00	26.00	26.00
Fleet Maintenance	36.00	36.00	36.00	36.00
Total Internal Service Funds	89.00	89.00	89.00	89.00
T. () P.	1 #22 11	1 #4 4 4 4	1 #4# 04	1 403 00
Total FTE's	1,533.14	1,514.46	1,515.01	1,492.88

Source: City's Finance Department Budget

2019	2018	2017	2016	2015	2014
-	-	11.00	11.00	9.00	9.0
6.00	6.00	6.00	6.00	6.00	6.0
30.00	30.00	30.00	30.00	32.00	32.0
14.00	14.00	14.00	14.00	15.00	14.0
5.00	5.00	5.00	5.00	5.00	5.0
5.50	5.50	5.50	5.50	5.50	5.5
14.58	14.10	14.10	14.60	11.00	10.0
3.33	3.33	3.33	3.33	3.33	4.3
13.00	13.00	13.00	14.00	9.00	9.0
157.81	153.81	136.09	136.09	160.89	161.8
46.75	42.75	39.00	39.00	40.00	41.0
148.54	148.54	148.54	148.54	148.54	149.5
9.00	12.00	15.00	15.00	15.00	15.6
34.00	34.00	34.00	34.00	32.00	32.0
63.61	62.65	62.21	63.41	61.06	48.6
9.41	9.41	9.41	9.41	9.41	9.4
127.18	127.67	138.73	138.27	113.01	114.5
254.00	254.00	243.00	243.00	234.00	234.0
-	-	4.75	4.75	4.75	4.7
941.71	935.76	932.66	934.90	914.49	906.2
53.40	53.40	44.00	44.00	42.00	42.0
26.42	26.88	28.88	29.88	30.68	30.8
3.00	4.00	4.00	4.00	5.00	5.0
35.35	33.35	33.35	32.35	31.35	29.3
49.00	48.00	47.08	46.08	51.54	54.5
-	-	-	-	-	-
57.00	56.00	55.00	55.00	55.00	55.0
112.49	112.66	109.66	107.76	106.10	105.5
84.74	85.74	86.74	87.74	87.40	88.0
421.40	420.03	408.71	406.81	409.07	410.2
5.00	8 00	8.00	6.00	6.00	6.0
5.00 9.00	8.00 9.00	8.00 12.00	6.00 13.75	6.00 13.75	6.0 15.7
			4.00		4.7
2.00 1.00	2.00 1.00	2.00 1.00	1.00	3.75 1.00	1.0
17.00	20.00	23.00	24.75	24.50	27.4
17.00	20.00	23.00	24.73	24.30	27.4
27.00	27.00	27.00	27.00	27.00	27.0
26.00	26.00	25.00	25.00	25.00	25.0
36.00	36.00	37.00	38.00	38.00	38.0
89.00	89.00	89.00	90.00	90.00	90.0
		1,453.37	1,456.46	1,438.06	

City of Cedar Rapids, Iowa

Operating Indicators by Function/Program
Last Ten Fiscal Years

(Unaudited)

	Function/Program	2014	2015	2016	2017	
Police:						
i onec.	Calls for service	137,356	141,566	141,678	145,089	
	Adult arrest	7,794	6,669	6,618	6,658	
	Juvenile arrest	1,085	1,121	996	889	
	Speeding citations	1,584	1,446	1,457	1,816	
	Traffic citations	8,638	5,646	6,885	9,345	
Fire:						
	Total fire runs	5,001	5,054	5,115	5,669	
	Total rescue runs	5,345	5,635	6,008	6,236	
	Property loss	6,684,768	26,146,008	5,321,115	2,540,342	
Building S	Safety:					
	Total building permits	5,062	6,485	5,334	5,060	
	Total value all permits	213,405,547	237,413,927	245,985,451	243,367,263	
Library, v	volumes in collection	133,715	144,441	216,794	219,970	
Public Ser	rvice:					
	Garbage collected (ton)	18,831	19,234	20,313	20,457	
	Bulky Items collected (ton)	665	442	498	487	
	Recycling collected (ton)	7,953	7,803	7,873	8,163	
	Yard Waste collected (ton)	12,259	13,164	13,169	13,918	
Parks and	Recreation:					
	Recreation program attendance	110,241	139,243	182,740	228,474	
	Aquatics program attendance	203,838	191,781	234,816	211,977	
	Golf rounds played	101,952	96,684	107,145	96,684	
	Bever Park Zoo attendance	35,697	35,955	115,000	120,000	
	Street trees maintained	5,390	5,472	928	2,083	

Source: Various City departments

2018	2019	2020	2021	2022	2023
146,480	145,366	153,312	145,293	140,577	140,229
6,226	6,137	5,463	4,937	5,262	6,114
963	1,153	980	588	578	568
1,777	1,631	7,690	870	809	747
7,163	8,647	5,578	4,922	5,946	7,396
5,995	6,476	6,531	8,076	7,021	7,073
6,669	6,345	6,772	7,205	7,668	7,688
1,334,389	5,239,357	3,478,375	11,919,278	6,935,825	5,100,968
4,544	4,657	5,393	15,391	13,761	9,773
341,774,994	330,764,940	348,211,952	411,121,820	733,049,878	525,367,131
201,062	192,075	188,810	202,881	207,346	212,899
20,960	21,874	23,308	26,424	24,592	23,039
597	704	660	528	545	595
8,061	8,170	8,346	8,919	8,513	7,586
12,031	13,562	14,332	14,669	11,059	9,921
***			00.500	100 = 6	446 ==0
237,260	233,483	143,144	99,589	109,726	146,758
204,764	183,534	109,012	38,836	139,114	141,750
94,361	81,365	77,188	90,213	102,178	124,386
81,000 1,581	87,693 3,865	38,599 4,448	15,400 2,079	21,014 3,907	37,439 2,774

City of Cedar Rapids, Iowa

Capital Asset Statistics by Function/Program
Last Ten Fiscal Years
(Unaudited)

Function/Program	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018
Police:					
Stations	1	1	1	1	1
Fire, Fire Stations	9	9	9	9	9
Refuse Collections:					
Collection Trucks	37	37	37	37	38
Street (Miles)	627	628	628	628	640
Parks and Recreation:					
Acreage	4,171	4,171	4,171	4,171	4,171
Parks	96	96	96	96	96
Golf Courses	4	4	4	4	4
Golf Mini-Golf	-	_	-	-	-
Swimming Pools	6	6	6	6	6
Baseball/Softball Diamonds	37	37	37	37	37
Soccer/Football Fields	34	34	34	34	34
Tennis Courts	23	23	23	23	23
Recreation Centers	1	1	1	1	1
Library:					
Facilities	2	2	2	2	2
Volumes	133,715	144,441	216,794	219,970	201,062
Water:					
Storage Capacity (MGPD)	25	25	25	25	25
Average Daily Consumption (MGPD)	38	36	37	37	39
Peak Consumption (MGPD)	50	46	49	48	48
Wastewater:					
Sanitary Sewers (miles)	666	667	668	670	670
Storm Sewers (miles)	511	521	513	550	556

Source: Various City departments

2019	2020	2021	2022	2023
1	1	1	1	1
9	9	9	9	9
38	38	38	38	39
640	660	668	678	682
4,171	4,171	4,281	4,281	4,281
95	95	96	96	106
4	4	3	3	3
-	-	1	1	1
6	6	6	6	6
34	34	34	35	36
34	34	34	34	40
23	23	23	23	31
1	1	1	1	1
2	2	2	2	2
192,075	188,810	202,881	207,346	212,899
25	26	26	26	26
39	37	38	38	37
48	48	54	54	54
671	672	698	743	680
561	575	587	628	623



City of Five Seasons®

CITY OF CEDAR RAPIDS, IOWA SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE, 30, 2023

Present Brough Lines Openhamer of Abhand Resources 19,884	Federal Grantor / Pass Through Grantor and Program or Cluster Title			Provided to Subrecipients	Total Federal Expenditures	
Description Process Program Process Program 10075	U.S. Department of Agriculture:					
State Community From Program 18.07		10.664	None	•	¢ 7335	
Listan and Community Foreign Programs 10.072 1.00		10.004	None	Ψ -	ψ 7,555	
Emergency Waterstein Program 18.02		10.675		-	121,250	
Total U.S. Department of Agriculture Company Company (Company)				-	821,592	
1.5. Deportment of Nousing and Unbarn Development Block Consists Protection 1.4.218		10.932			131,515	
Direct Continue Community Development Blook Grant Editionary Continue Continue 1,218 1	Total U.S. Department of Agriculture				1,081,692	
CBBS - Centification (Cluster COVID-19 Community (Development Block Control Entification Cluster) 14.218						
CDBG: Entitlement Cluster: CROVID-19 Community Development Block Grants-Entitlement Grants	CDBG - Entitlement Cluster: COVID-19 Community Development Block Grants/Entitlement Grants			348,422	789,497 15,903	
Total CDBG. Entitlement Cluster CDBG. Community Development Block Grante/State's Program and Non-entitlement Grants 1 4298		14.218	COVID-19 - CDBG	-	601.939	
1428 20.08H-002 54 54 54 54 54 54 54 5				348,422	1,407,339	
1	CDBG: Community Development Block Grants/State's Program and Non-entitlement Grants	14.228	20-DRH-001	_	345	
14,228	, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,		20-DRH-002	-	345	
14.228		14.228	20-DRH-003	-	345	
14.228		14.228	20-DRH-004	-	345	
14 228 20-0RH-007 34 14 228 20-0RH-008 34 32 20-0RH-008 34 32 32 32 32 32 32 32				-	345	
14 228 20-ORH-1-008 34 14 228 20-ORH-1-008 37 20-ORH-1-008				-	345	
14 228 20-ORH-100 34 14 228 20-ORH-100 34 14 228 20-ORH-101 34 34 20-ORH-101 34 34 20-ORH-101 34 34 34 34 34 34 34 3				-	345	
14 228 20-0RH-010 3.44 14 228 20-0RH-010 3.45 14 228 20-0RH-010 3.45 24 20-0RH-010 3.45 25 20-0RH-010 3.45 2				-	345	
Passed through lows Finance Authority: 3.44 3.54 3				-	345	
Passed through lova Finance Authornly: Emergency Subtinors Grant Program				-		
Passed through lows Finance Authonity: Emergency Subtines Grant Program 14,231 COVID-19 - E-20-DW-19-0001 120-ST		14.228	20-DRH-011		345 3.795	
Direct					0,700	
Hone Investment Partnerships Program 14.239		14.231	COVID-19 - E-20-DW-19-0001	-	120,373	
Fair Housing Assistance Program State and Local		14 239		140 343	290 063	
Housing Youcher Cluster: Section 8 Housing Choice Vouchers	· ·			-	13,000	
Housing Voucher Cluster COVID-19 Section 8 Housing Choice Vouchers 14.871						
Total Housing Vocther Cluster				-		
14.896		14.871			7,747,414	
14.896	Family Calif Cufficiency Drawners	14.006			100.044	
Total U.S. Department of Housing and Urban Development	Family Sell-Sulficiency Program			-	102,487	
U.S. Department of Justices: Direct:					202,528	
Direct: COVID-19 Coronavirus Emergency Supplemental Funding Program	Total U.S. Department of Housing and Urban Development			488,765	9,784,512	
Passed through Linn County, lowa: Edward Byrne Memorial Justice Assistance Grant Program 16.738 13388489 - 24.60						
Edward Byrne Memorial Justice Assistance Grant Program 16.738 13388489 - 24.60		16.034		-	43,566	
Direct: Criminal and Juvenile Justice and Mental Health Collaboration Program 16.745 65.353 65.355 101.05		16.738	13388489	_	24,601	
Criminal and Juvenile Justice and Mental Health Collaboration Program					***	
Total U.S. Department of Justice 65,353 133,522		16.745		65,353	65,353	
Direct					133,520	
Airport Improvement Program 20.106 20.106 - 1.718.28 - 32.670.54 - 32.670.						
COVID-19 Airport Improvement Program 20.106 - 32,670,54 - 34,388,821		20.106			1 718 284	
Federal Transit Cluster: Federal Transit Formula Grants Federal Transit Cluster: COVID-19 Federal Transit Formula Grants Total Federal Transit Cluster Passed through lowa Department of Transportation: Highway Planning and Construction 20.205 TAP-U-1187(799)-8I-57 TAP-U-1187(799)-8I-57 TAP-U-1187(799)-8I-57 TAP-U-1187(799)-8I-57 TAP-U-1187(799)-8I-57 TAP-U-1187(791)-8I-57 TAP-U-1187(791)-8I-57 TAP-U-1187(813)-8I-57 TAP-U-1187(813)-8I-5				_		
Pederal Transit Cluster: COVID-19 Federal Transit Formula Grants 20.507 3.932,900	30 VID-10 VIII pot Improvement i regium	20.100			34,388,825	
Pederal Transit Cluster: COVID-19 Federal Transit Formula Grants 20.507 3.932,900	Follow I Trans & Oboton Follow I Trans & Formula Orante	00.507			700.000	
Total Federal Transit Cluster				-		
Passed through lowa Department of Transportation: Highway Planning and Construction 20.205		20.507				
Highway Planning and Construction 20.205 HDP-100-1(73)-71-57 - 17.88 20.205 TAP-U-1187(799)-8I-57 - 1,157,52 20.205 TAP-U-1187(799)-8I-57 - 1,677,451 - 20.205 TAP-U-1187(797)-8I-57 - 6,544 20.205 TAP-U-1187(813)-8I-57 - 60,624 20.205 TAP-U-1187(813)-8I-57 - 20.53,441 - 3,173,471 -	Total i edelal Hallatt Gluster				4,032,300	
20,205 TAP-U-1187(799)-8I-57 1,157,52 20,205 TAP-U-1187(792)-8I-57 1,677,451 20,205 TAP-U-1187(797)-8I-57 6,544 20,205 TAP-U-1187(813)-8I-57 6,654 20,205 TAP-U-1187(813)-8I-57 6,654 20,205 TAP-U-1187(813)-8I-57 6,654 20,205 TAP-U-1187(813)-8I-57 6,544 20,205 TAP-U-1187(813)-8I-57 6,544 20,205 TAP-U-1187(815)-8R-57 6,544 20,205 TAP-U-1187(815)-8R-57 6,544 20,205 TAP-U-1187(813)-8I-57 7,205 4,544 20,205 4,244 20,205 4,244 20,205 4,244 20,205 4,244 20,205 4,244 20,205 4,244 20,205 4,244 20,205	Passed through Iowa Department of Transportation:					
20.205 TAP-U-1187(792)-8I-57 1,677,45t 20.205 TAP-U-1187(797)-8I-57 - 6,54t 20.205 TAP-U-1187(819)-8I-57 - 6,54t - 6,64t 20.205 TAP-U-1187(819)-8I-57 - 6,54t - 6,64t 20.205 ER-1187(815)-8R-57 - 253,44t - 253,44t - 3,173,47t - 3,173,47t - 3,173,47t - 4,50t 20.600 22-402-M0PT, Task 11 - 4,50t - 6,89t 20.600 23-402-M0PT, Task 12 - 8,97t - 13,48t	Highway Planning and Construction	20.205	HDP-100-1(73)71-57	-	17,886	
20.205 TAP-U-1187(797)-8I-57 - 6,54 20.205 TAP-U-1187(813)-8I-57 - 6,54 20.205 TAP-U-1187(813)-8I-57 - 253,44 20.205 ER-1187(815)-8R-57 - 253,44 20.205 ER-1187(815)-8R-57 - 3,173,47 20.205 ER-1187(815)-8R-57 - 3,173,47 20.205 ER-1187(815)-8R-57 - 3,173,47 20.206 22-402-M0PT, Task 11 - 4,50 20.206 23-402-M0PT, Task 12 - 8,97 20.207 20.208 - 2,97 20.208 20.208 - 2,97 20.				-	1,157,521	
20.205 TAP-U-1187(813)-8I-57 - 60,620				-		
Passed through Iowa Department of Public Safety: Highway Safety Cluster: State and Community Highway Safety 20.600 22-402-M0PT, Task 11 - 4,500 - 13,481 - 8,971 - 13,481				-	6,549	
Passed through lowa Department of Public Safety: Highway Safety Cluster: State and Community Highway Safety 20.600 22-402-M0PT, Task 11 - 4.500 23-402-M0PT, Task 12 - 8.970 - 13.481 Highway Safety Cluster: National Priority Safety Program 20.616 23-405d-M6OT, Task 12 - 8.081 Total Highway Safety Cluster: National Priority Safety Program 20.616 23-405d-M6OT, Task 12 - 21.573				-		
Passed through lowa Department of Public Safety: Highway Safety Cluster: State and Community Highway Safety 20.600 23-402-M0PT, Task 11 - 4,500 20.600 23-402-M0PT, Task 12 - 8,970 - 13,480 Highway Safety Cluster: National Priority Safety Program 20.616 23-405d-M6OT, Task 12 - 8,080 Total Highway Safety Cluster - 21,570		20.205	ER-1187(815)8R-57		3,173,479	
Highway Safety Cluster: State and Community Highway Safety					3,,	
20.600 23-402-M0PT, Task 12 - 8,976 - 13,482		20 600	22 402 MODT. Took 11		4.500	
- 13,48 Highway Safety Cluster: National Priority Safety Program 20.616 23-405d-M6OT, Task 12 - 8,08 Total Highway Safety Cluster - 21,57	riighway Galety Gluster. State and Gommunity Highway Salety			-		
Highway Safety Cluster: National Priority Safety Program 20.616 23-405d-M6OT, Task 12 - 8,086 Total Highway Safety Cluster - 21,576		20.600	23-402-MOP1, Task 12		13,487	
Total Highway Safety Cluster - 21,574			00.405.146.55			
		20.616	23-405d-M6OT, Task 12		8,088 21 575	
(Continued)					21,5/5	

CITY OF CEDAR RAPIDS, IOWA SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS (Continued) FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2023

Federal Grantor / Pass Through Grantor and Program or Cluster Title	Federal Assistance Listing Number	Pass-through Entity Identifying Number	Provided to Subrecipients	Program Expenditures
Passed through lowa Homeland Security & Emergency Management: Interagency Hazardous Materials Public Sector Training and Planning Grants	20.703 20.703	HMEP-21-02-05 HMEP-22-02-06	-	5,950 19,105
Total U.S. Department of Transportation			-	25,055 42,301,834
U.S. Department of Treasury Direct:				
Equitable Sharing	21.016		-	172,696
COVID-19 Coronavirus State and Local Fiscal Recovery Funds	21.027		2,578,217	4,743,889
Passed through lowa Department of Agriculture and Land Stewardship: COVID-19 Coronavirus State and Local Fiscal Recovery Funds	21.027	N/A	-	7,000
Passed through lowa Department of Economic Development: COVID-19 Coronavirus State and Local Fiscal Recovery Funds	21.027	23-DES-004	-	3,661
Passed through Linn County, lowa: COVID-19 Coronavirus State and Local Fiscal Recovery Funds	21.027	ARPA2022-202	-	450,596
Passed through lowa Department of Transportation: COVID-19 Coronavirus State and Local Fiscal Recovery Funds	21.027	SLFRP4374	2,578,217	601,477 5,806,623
Total U.S. Department of Treasury			2,578,217	5,979,319
The Institute of Museum and Library Services COVID-19 National Leadership Grants Total The Institute of Museum and Library Services	45.312	COVID-19 - ARPML-250500-OMLS-22	-	16,771 16,771
Environmental Protection Agency				
Passed through lowa Finance Authority: Drinking Water State Revolving Fund Cluster: Capitalization Grants for Drinking Water State Revolving Fun	66.468	D0600R	-	9,971,087
Executive Office of the President Passed through lowa Department of Public Safety: High Intensity Drug Trafficking Areas Program Total Executive Office of the President	95.001	G21MW0002A	<u>-</u>	43,637 43,637
U.S. Department of Homeland Security:				
Passed through lowa Homeland Security & Emergency Management: Homeland Security Grant Program	97.067 97.067 97.067 97.067 97.067	HSGP-20-20-04 HSGP-21-20-02 HSGP-22-20-04 HSGP-22-20-09 F201301-S50	- - - - -	13,077 162,483 12,634 104,800 179 293,173
Passed through lowa Homeland Security & Emergency Management: Disaster Grants - Public Assistance (Presidentially Declared Disasters)	97.036 97.036	FEMA-IA-DR4483 FEMA-IA-DR4557	<u>-</u>	472,308 27,686,246 28,158,554
Total U.S. Department of Homeland Security			-	28,451,727
Total Expenditures of Federal Awards			\$ 3,132,335	\$ 97,764,099

See Notes to Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards

Notes to Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards Year Ended June 30, 2023

Note 1. Basis of Presentation

The accompanying schedule of expenditures of federal awards (the Schedule) includes the federal grant activity of the City of Cedar Rapids, lowa and the Eastern Iowa Airport, a discretely presented component unit for the year ended June 30, 2023. The accompanying schedule of expenditures of federal awards does not include federal grant activity of the Cedar Rapids/Linn County Solid Waste Agency, a discretely presented component unit, because they did not have federal expenditures for the year ended June 30, 2023. The information in this Schedule is presented in accordance with the requirements of Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations Part 200, *Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards* (Uniform Guidance). Because the Schedule presents only a selected portion of the operations of the City of Cedar Rapids, Iowa, it is not intended to and does not present the financial position, changes in net position, or cash flows of the City of Cedar Rapids, Iowa.

Note 2. Significant Accounting Policies

Expenditures reported on the Schedule are reported on the modified accrual basis of accounting for governmental funds and the accrual basis for proprietary funds. Such expenditures are recognized following the cost principles contained in the Uniform Guidance, wherein certain types of expenditures are not allowable or are limited as to reimbursement.

Note 3. Indirect Cost Rate

The City has elected not to use the 10% de minimis indirect cost rate allowed under the Uniform Guidance.

Note 4. Disaster Grants – Public Assistance (Presidentially Declared Disasters)

After a presidentially declared disaster, FEMA reimburses eligible costs. The federal government makes reimbursements in the form of cost-shared grants that require state matching funds. Expenditures are recognized on the Schedule when both the expenditure has been incurred and FEMA has approved the project worksheet. The City recorded \$28,130,770 of expenditures on the current year Schedule that were incurred in prior fiscal years.

Note 5. Revolving Loan Program

The City is indebted to the Iowa Finance Authority as the result of issuance of bonds listed below. The bonds were sold under the Capitalization Grants for Drinking Water State Revolving Funds for financing qualified improvements. The amounts reflected in the Schedule represents expenditures incurred during the year ended June 30, 2023. The following table contains information about these bonds.

	Federal Assistance		Term Maturities	Outs	tanding Balance
Bond	Bond Listing Number Interest		Through	as of June 30, 2023	
					_
Series 2008 Water Bonds	66.468	1.75%	June 1, 2029	\$	14,343,000
Series 2022 Water Bonds	66.468	1.75%	June 1, 2042	\$	13,446,826
Series 2008 Water Pollution Control Bonds	66.468	1.75%	June 1, 2029	\$	3,853,000



RSM US LLP

Report on Internal Control Over Financial Reporting and on Compliance and Other Matters Based on an Audit of Financial Statements Performed in Accordance With Government Auditing Standards

Independent Auditor's Report

Honorable Mayor and Members of City Council City of Cedar Rapids, Iowa

We have audited, in accordance with the auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States (*Government Auditing Standards*), the financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, the aggregate discretely presented component units, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the City of Cedar Rapids, Iowa (City), as of and for the year ended June 30, 2023, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the City's basic financial statements, and have issued our report thereon dated April 15, 2024. Our report contained an emphasis of matter for the adoption of Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) Statement No. 96, *Subscription-Based Information Technology Arrangements*, which resulted in the restatement of certain beginning capital assets and liabilities balances. Our opinions are not modified with respect to this matter.

Our report includes a reference to other auditors who audited the financial statements of Cedar Rapids Public Library Foundation, a discretely presented component unit of the City, as described in our report on the City's financial statements. The financial statements of Cedar Rapids Public Library Foundation were not audited in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, and accordingly, this report does not include reporting on internal control over financial reporting or compliance and other matters associated with Cedar Rapids Public Library Foundation or that are reported on separately by those auditors who audited the financial statements of Cedar Rapids Public Library Foundation.

The City of Cedar Rapids, Iowa's basic financial statements include the Cedar Rapids/Linn County Solid Waste Agency, a discretely presented component unit of the City. This report does not include the results of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and on compliance and other matters for the Cedar Rapids/Linn County Solid Waste Agency, a discretely presented component unit of the City, as these results are reported on separately by us.

Report on Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered the City's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) as a basis for designing audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the City's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the City's internal control.

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A *deficiency in internal control* exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, misstatements on a timely basis. A *material weakness* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control, such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected, on a timely basis. A *significant deficiency* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies and therefore, material weaknesses or significant deficiencies may exist that were not identified. We identified certain deficiencies in internal control, described in the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs as items 2023-001 and 2023-002 and that we consider to be material weaknesses.

Report on Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the City's financial statements are free from material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the financial statements. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit, and accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

Comments involving statutory and other legal matters about the City's operations for the year ended June 30, 2023 are based exclusively on knowledge obtained from procedures performed during our audit of the basic financial statements of the City. Since our audit was based on tests and samples, not all transactions that might have had an impact on the comments were necessarily audited. The comments involving statutory and other legal matters are not intended to constitute legal interpretations of those statutes.

The City's Responses to Findings

Government Auditing Standards requires the auditor to perform limited procedures on the City's responses to the findings identified in our audit and described in the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs. The City's responses were not subjected to the other auditing procedures applied in the audit of the financial statements and, accordingly, we express no opinion on the responses.

Purpose of This Report

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the entity's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

RSM US LLP

Cedar Rapids, Iowa April 15, 2024



RSM US LLP

Report on Compliance for Each Major Federal Program and Report on Internal Control Over Compliance Required by the Uniform Guidance

Independent Auditor's Report

Honorable Mayor and Members of City Council City of Cedar Rapids, Iowa

Report on Compliance for Each Major Federal Program

Opinion on Each Major Federal Program

We have audited the City of Cedar Rapids, Iowa's (City)'s compliance with the types of compliance requirements identified as subject to audit in the OMB *Compliance Supplement* that could have a direct and material effect on each of the City's major federal programs for the year ended June 30, 2023. The City's major federal programs are identified in the summary of auditor's results section of the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs.

In our opinion, the City complied, in all material respects, with the compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on each of its major federal programs for the year ended June 30, 2023.

Basis for Opinion on Each Major Federal Program

We conducted our audit of compliance in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAS); the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States (*Government Auditing Standards*); and the audit requirements of Title 2 U.S. *Code of Federal Regulations* Part 200, *Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards* (Uniform Guidance). Our responsibilities under those standards and the Uniform Guidance are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of Compliance section of our report.

We are required to be independent of the City and to meet our other ethical responsibilities, in accordance with relevant ethical requirements relating to our audit. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion on compliance for each major federal program. Our audit does not provide a legal determination of the City's compliance with the compliance requirements referred to above.

Responsibilities of Management for Compliance

Management is responsible for compliance with the requirements referred to above and for the design, implementation, and maintenance of effective internal control over compliance with the requirements of laws, statutes, regulations, rules and provisions of contracts or grant agreements applicable to the City's federal programs.

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Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of Compliance

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether material noncompliance with the compliance requirements referred to above occurred, whether due to fraud or error, and express an opinion on the City's compliance based on our audit. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not absolute assurance and therefore is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with GAAS, *Government Auditing Standards*, and the Uniform Guidance will always detect material noncompliance when it exists. The risk of not detecting material noncompliance resulting from fraud is higher than for that resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control. Noncompliance with the compliance requirements referred to above is considered material, if there is a substantial likelihood that, individually or in the aggregate, it would influence the judgment made by a reasonable user of the report on compliance about the City's compliance with the requirements of each major federal program as a whole.

In performing an audit in accordance with GAAS, *Government Auditing Standards*, and the Uniform Guidance, we

- Exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit.
- Identify and assess the risks of material noncompliance, whether due to fraud or error, and design
 and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks. Such procedures include examining, on a
 test basis, evidence regarding the City's compliance with the compliance requirements referred to
 above and performing such other procedures as we considered necessary in the circumstances.
- Obtain an understanding of the City's internal control over compliance relevant to the audit in order to
 design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances and to test and report on internal
 control over compliance in accordance with the Uniform Guidance, but not for the purpose of
 expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the City's internal control over compliance. Accordingly,
 no such opinion is expressed.

We are required to communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and any significant deficiencies and material weaknesses in internal control over compliance that we identified during the audit.

Report on Internal Control Over Compliance

Our consideration of internal control over compliance was for the limited purpose described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of Compliance section above and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control over compliance that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies in internal control over compliance and therefore, material weaknesses or significant deficiencies may exist that were not identified. However, as discussed below, we did identify a certain deficiency in internal control over compliance that we consider to be a material weakness.

A deficiency in internal control over compliance exists when the design or operation of a control over compliance does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program on a timely basis. A material weakness in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance, such that there is a reasonable possibility that material noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program will not be prevented, or detected and corrected, on a timely basis. A significant deficiency in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program that is less severe than a material weakness in internal control over compliance, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance. We consider the deficiency in internal control over compliance described in the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs as item 2023-003 to be a material weakness.

Our audit was not designed for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of internal control over compliance. Accordingly, no such opinion is expressed.

Government Auditing Standards requires the auditor to perform limited procedures on the City's response to the internal control over compliance findings identified in our compliance audit described in the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs. The City's response was not subjected to the other auditing procedures applied in the audit of compliance and, accordingly, we express no opinion on the response.

The purpose of this report on internal control over compliance is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over compliance and the results of that testing based on the requirements of the Uniform Guidance. Accordingly, this report is not suitable for any other purpose.

RSM US LLP

Cedar Rapids, Iowa April 15, 2024

Schedule of Findings and Questioned Costs Year Ended June 30, 2023

I. Summary of Auditor's Results **Financial Statements** Type of auditor's report issued on whether the financial statements audited were prepared in accordance with GAAP: Unmodified Internal control over financial reporting: ✓ Yes □ No Material weakness(es) identified? Yes None Reported Significant deficiencies identified? ☐ Yes ☑ No Noncompliance material to financial statements noted? **Federal Awards** Internal control over major programs: ✓ Yes □ No Material weakness(es) identified? Yes None Reported Significant deficiencies identified? Type of auditor's report issued on compliance for major programs: Unmodified Any audit findings disclosed that are required to be reported in accordance with ✓ Yes □ No section 2 CFR 200.516(a)? Identification of major programs: Assistance Listing Number Name of Federal Program or Cluster 20.106 Airport Improvement Program and COVID-19 Airport Improvement Program 21.027 COVID-19 Coronavirus Relief Fund Dollar threshold used to distinguish between type A and type B programs: \$2,932,922 ✓ Yes ☐ No Auditee qualified as low-risk auditee?

(Continued)

Schedule of Findings and Questioned Costs (Continued) Year Ended June 30, 2023

II. Findings Related to the Financial Statement Audit as Required to be Reported in Accordance With Generally Accepted Government Auditing Standards

A. Internal Control

Finding 2023-001 – Recognition of certain grants Type of Finding: Material Weakness

Criteria: GASB 33 requires that revenues should be recognized for voluntary nonexchange revenue when all applicable eligibility requirements are met. On the modified accrual basis, revenues should be recognized when all applicable eligibility requirements are met, and the resources are available.

Condition: The City previously recorded FEMA Disaster Grants and certain State Grants related to construction on the cash basis instead of the instead of the requirements of GASB 33. In accordance with GASB 33, revenues should be recognized for voluntary nonexchange revenue when all applicable eligibility requirements are met. On the modified accrual basis, revenues should be recognized when all applicable eligibility requirements are met, and the resources are available.

Cause: The City adopted a process of reflecting this grant on the financial statements on the cash basis due to the uncertainty related to future de-obligations and that the impact on revenue on the fund level financial statement would be zero since these grants generally would not be considered available.

Effect: The City increased accounts receivable and deferred inflows on the governmental fund financial statement by \$23,334,146. This also increased federal revenue on the government-wide financial statements.

Prevalence: This issue is isolated to the FEMA Disaster Grants and certain State grants related to construction.

Repeat Finding: No.

Recommendation: We recommend management of the City continue to review all grants to ensure they are properly recognized on the financial statement in accordance with the requirement of GASB 33.

Views of Responsible Officials: Management agrees with the recommendation and made the adjustment once this issue was further discussed with management and the auditor.

Schedule of Findings and Questioned Costs (Continued) Year Ended June 30, 2023

Finding 2023-002 – Self-insurance liabilities Type of Finding: Material Weakness

Criteria: GASB Codification C50, *Claims and Judgements*, requires governments to report an estimated loss from a claim as an expense if the risk of loss has not been transferred to an unrelated third-party if certain criteria is met.

Condition: The City is self-insured for certain liabilities such as workers' compensation, general liability, and automobile liability. The City uses a third-party actuary report to estimate those claims. The actuary report includes ranges of estimated liabilities based on various confidence levels. During the current year the City recorded their liability for self-insurance based on a confidence level that was outside of the reasonable range.

Cause: The City used the largest liability figure included in the actuary report in an effort to record the most conservative liability to ensure the self-insurance fund was adequately funded. However, this amount exceeded the reasonable range for financial reporting purposes.

Effect: The City decreased their self-insurance liability and claims expense by approximately \$5,200,000. This adjustment was recorded to the June 30, 2023 financial statements.

Prevalence: This issue is isolated to the self-insurance liability.

Repeat Finding: No.

Recommendation: We recommend management of the City record their self-insurance liabilities using assumptions within the reasonable range of estimates.

Views of Responsible Officials: Management agrees with the recommendation and made the adjustment once this issue was further discussed with management and the auditor.

B. Instances of Noncompliance

None reported

Schedule of Findings and Questioned Costs (Continued) Year Ended June 30, 2023

III. Findings and Questioned Costs for Federal Awards

A. Internal Control

Finding 2023-003 - Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards

U.S. Department of Homeland Security

Pass Through Entity: Iowa Homeland Security & Emergency Management

Federal Program: Disaster Grants - Public Assistance (Presidentially Declared Disasters)

Assistance Listing Number: 97.036

Federal Award Number: FEMA-IA-DR4483 / FEMA-IA-DR4557

Federal Award Year 2023 Repeat Comment: No

Type of Finding: Material Weakness

Criteria: The Federal Emergency Management Agency (FEMA) requires that Nonfederal entities must record expenditures on the schedule of expenditures of federal awards (SEFA) when (1) FEMA has approved the nonfederal entity's Project, and (2) the nonfederal entity has incurred the eligible expenditures. Federal awards expended in years subsequent to the fiscal year in which the Project is approved are to be recorded on the nonfederal entity's SEFA in those subsequent years.

Condition: The City previously recorded FEMA expenditures from Disaster Grants on their SEFA on the cash basis instead of the FEMA requirement of reporting the expenditures when the City has incurred an eligible expenditure and the project had been approved by FEMA.

Cause: During a previous disaster the City experienced significant de-obligations from FEMA subsequent to project approval by FEMA. The City adopted a process of reflecting this grant on the financial statements and on the SEFA on the cash basis due to the uncertainty related to future de-obligations.

Effect: The City increased the amount federal expenditures for this program on the SEFA by \$12,515,044. This error could have also potentially impacted the City's major federal program determination, however this change did not change any of the City's major programs in fiscal year 2023.

Questioned Costs: None.

Prevalence: This issue is isolated to this FEMA program.

Repeat Finding: No.

Recommendation: We recommend management of the City continue to review all grants to ensure they are properly reflected on the SEFA.

Views of Responsible Officials: Management agrees with the recommendation and made the adjustment once this issue was further discussed with management and the auditor.

B. Instances of Noncompliance

None reported

Schedule of Findings and Questioned Costs (Continued) Year Ended June 30, 2023

IV. Other Matters Related to Required Statutory Reporting

IV-A-22 Certified Budget

The City's certified budget was not in excess of spending authority. City expenditures did not exceed the certified budget.

IV-B-22 Questionable Expenditures

We noted no expenditures for parties, banquets or other entertainment for employees that we believe may constitute an unlawful expenditure from public funds as this is defined in the Attorney General's opinion dated April 25, 1979.

IV-C-22 Travel Expense

No expenditures of City money for travel expenses of spouses of City officials or employees were noted.

IV-D-22 Business Transactions

Business transactions between the City and City officials or employees are detailed as follows:

	Transaction		
Name, Title and Business Connection	Description Amour		mount
Tyler Olson, City Council Member,			
President, QFB Energy	Consulting	\$	32,000

These transactions do not appear to represent conflict of interests since they were in accordance with Chapter 362.5 of the Code of Iowa.

IV-E-22 Restricted Donor Activity

No transactions were noted between the City, City officials, City employees and restricted donors in compliance with Chapter 68B of the Code of Iowa.

IV-F-22 Bond Coverage

Surety bond coverage of City officials and employees is in accordance with statutory provisions. The amount of coverage should be reviewed annually to ensure the coverage is adequate for current operations.

IV-G-22 Council Minutes

No transactions were found that we believe should have been approved in the Council minutes but were not.

IV-H-22 Deposits and Investments

We noted no instances of noncompliance with the deposit and investment provisions of Chapters 12B and 12C of the Code of Iowa and the City's investment policy.

IV-I-22 Revenue Notes

No instances of noncompliance with the outstanding revenue bonds provisions were noted.

IV-J-22 Annual Urban Renewal Report

The annual urban renewal report was properly approved and certified to the Iowa Department of Management on or before December 1.

Schedule of Findings and Questioned Costs (Continued) Year Ended June 30, 2023

IV-K-22 Separately Maintained Records

The City maintained separate accounts for all public funds collected, received, or expended.

IV-J-22 Financial Condition

No instances of noncompliance were noted.

Summary Schedule of Prior Audit Findings Year Ended June 30, 2023

The prior year single audit disclosed no findings in the *Schedule of Findings and Questioned Costs* and no uncorrected or unresolved findings exist from the prior audit's *Summary of Prior Audit Findings*.



Corrective Action Plan For the year ended June 30, 2023

Identifying Number: 2023-001

<u>Finding</u>: The City previously recorded FEMA Disaster Grants and certain State Grants related to construction on the cash basis instead of the instead of the requirements of GASB 33. In accordance with GASB 33, revenues should be recognized for voluntary nonexchange revenue when all applicable eligibility requirements are met. On the modified accrual basis, revenues should be recognized when all applicable eligibility requirements are met, and the resources are available.

<u>Corrective action taken:</u> Finance staff adjusted fiscal year 2023 accordingly and will continue to review all grants to ensure they are properly recognized on the financial statements in accordance with the requirement of GASB 33.

Anticipated completion date: June 30, 2024

Contact person: Andy Hoenig, General Accounting Manager

Identifying Number: 2023-002

<u>Finding</u>: The City previously recorded FEMA expenditures from Disaster Grants on their SEFA on the cash basis instead of the FEMA requirement of reporting the expenditures when the City has incurred an eligible expenditure and the project had been approved by FEMA.

<u>Corrective action taken:</u> Finance staff adjusted fiscal year 2023 accordingly and will review future Office of Management and Budget Compliance Supplements for the listing of changes each year.

Anticipated completion date: June 30, 2024

Contact person: Andy Hoenig, General Accounting Manager

Identifying Number: 2023-003

<u>Finding</u>: The City is self-insured for certain liabilities such as workers' compensation, general liability, and automobile liability. The City uses a third-party actuary report to estimate those claims. The actuary report includes ranges of estimated liabilities based on various confidence levels. During the current year the City recorded their liability for self-insurance based on a confidence level that was in outside of the reasonable range.

<u>Corrective action taken:</u> Finance staff adjusted fiscal year 2023 within a range that the auditor's actuary, City actuary and City management agreed was reasonable. Future discussion between will occur prior to audit fieldwork to ensure all parties are in agreeance with the estimate that is recorded within the City's financial statements.

Anticipated completion date: June 30, 2024

Contact person: Andy Hoenig, General Accounting Manager