



Accreditation# 98218

June 27, 2022

Eurofins Cedar Falls

MVL Project #: 15415
Eurofins Project #: 31001364
Report Analyst: A. Chaput

Scope of Work:

This report covers the methods and findings of the unknown material identification that MicroVision Laboratories, Inc. conducted on one bulk sample from the project number 31001364. The purpose of the analysis was to identify the composition of the material by light microscopy and SEM/EDS. The results presented in this report relate only to the samples examined and as received.

Equipment:

Stereomicroscopy
Polarized Light Microscopy (PLM)
Scanning Electron Microscopy (SEM)
Energy Dispersive X-Ray Spectroscopy (EDS)

Sample received 06/24/2022:

BFS-1 6' (310-234320-1) unknown dark colored bulk material

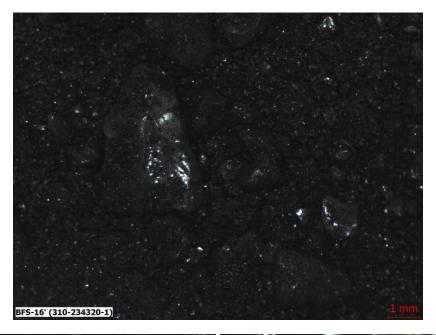
Methods:

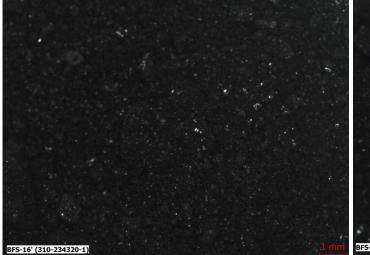
MicroVision Labs is accredited to the ISO/IEC 17025:2017 standard. This analysis follows our in house SOPs for PLM and SEM/EDS (#MVL02 and 01, respectively). These methods are listed on our certificate of accreditation and have been validated.

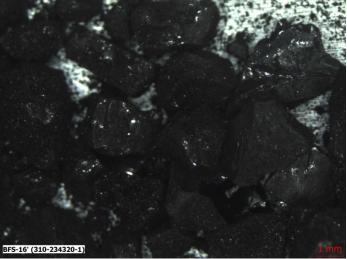
First, the sample was examined under the stereomicroscope document the general morphology and identify materials for further analysis. Next, representative portions of materials of interest were placed on glass slides with optical index oil (n=1.515), covered with glass coverslips, and examined with PLM. Then, representative portions of materials of interest were affixed to an analysis stub with carbon tape and coated with a thin layer (~15nm) of evaporated graphite to make the material conductive for SEM/EDS analysis. Finally, representative SEM images and EDS spectra showing the average elemental composition of materials of interest were obtained.

Findings:

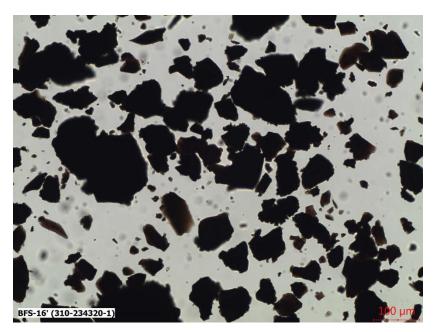
As shown in the stereomicroscope image below, the BFS-1 6' (310-234320-1) sample was comprised of dark grains with sharp angular edges, which ranged from approximately 10um to 5mm in width. The larger grains were typically very shiny, and had conchoidal fracture lines visible on their surface.

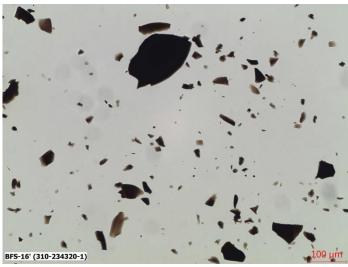






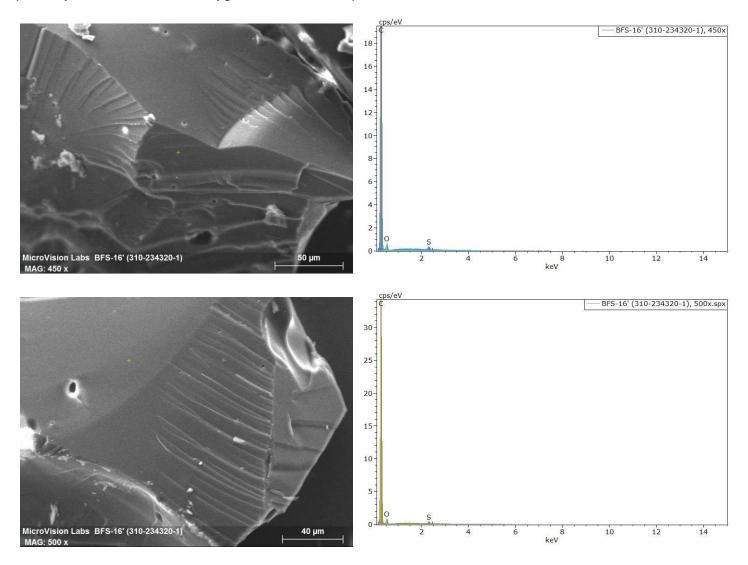
When examined in closer detail with PLM, these grains were isotropic, and generally a dark opaque color; sometimes the thinner pieces or thinner edges of the thicker particles were more translucent amber brown colored. From the optical inspection, these particles were morphologically consistent with coal.







The sample was also examined with SEM/EDS, as shown below. Again, the particles appeared to break in a brittle manner, with sharp angular edges and conchoidal fracture lines readily visible. They were comprised primarily of carbon, with low oxygen and sulfur also present. This is consistent with coal.



Summary:

The client had previously suspected the BFS-1 6' (310-234320-1) unknown bulk material may be 'Gilsulate', which, per the manufacturer's SDS information, is comprised of calcium carbonate and sodium potassium aluminum silicate. The submitted sample was not consistent with Gilsulate. Instead, examination by light microscopy and SEM/EDS indicated the bulk material was morphologically and elementally consistent with coal.

Please let us know if you have any questions or if there is anything else we can do for you.

Sincerely,

Audra Chaput

Analytical Microscopist

Reviewed by: DW

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